

# Discrete I/O modules

## Characteristics :

pages 42304/4 to 42304/9

## References :

pages 42304/10 and 42304/11

## Connections :

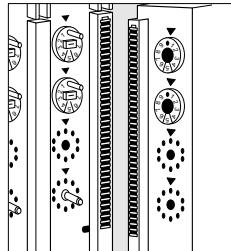
pages 42304/12 to 42304/15

## Functions

Discrete I/O modules provide the functions of matching, galvanic isolation, filtering and protection against induced interference, overloads and overvoltages.

Characteristics specific to this range of modules are :

### Module location



- **Hardware location device**

These devices are fitted to all the modules as well as to the backplane of the rack. By enabling the user to customize each slot of the rack to receive a particular type of module, this device eliminates all risks of errors when inserting or exchanging a module. A second location device allows the user to distinguish between modules of the same type but which may have different uses or are adjusted differently.

- **Software location device**

During the configuration procedure, the software code for each module is assigned to the specific slot it must occupy. If the actual configuration does not agree with that declared, the processor is informed.

### Exchange security

The exchange of data between the PLC processor and the I/O modules is systematically checked during each PLC scan.

- **Hardware security**

The design of the I/O bus, incorporating high level technology, complete screening and withstand to short circuits, ensures a high level of security for data exchanged over the I/O bus.

- **Software security**

During each data exchange, the processor checks (parity check) the validity of data carried on the bus. In case of error, the processor does not validate the exchange and a fault is declared. This procedure avoids disrupting the control system due to incorrect exchanges.

### Installation and removal of I/O under power

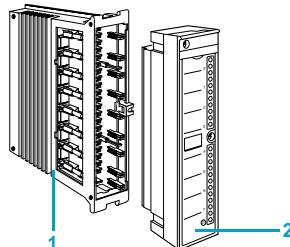
- **Hardware aspect**

Special measures have been incorporated to allow discrete I/O modules and their cable connectors to be connected and disconnected while energized and while the program is being scanned, without risk of damage.

- **Software security**

The processor is informed of these interventions. This information, which can be accessed by the program, allows the user to determine the action to be taken for the machine being controlled.

### Module protection



Electrical and mechanical protection : the design of the I/O modules ensures a high level of immunity to industrial interference and enables them to withstand overvoltages and polarity inversions. Most of the 4, 8, 16 or 24 channel output modules are protected by electronic overload protectors and peak limiters, or by fuses 1.

All faults detected by these devices are :

- displayed on the front panel of the module 2
- transmitted to the processor

### Processing of I/O "FAULT" information

- **Hardware**

The I/O lamp on the front panel of the processor indicates an I/O fault :

- configuration fault
- data exchange fault
- I/O module or cable connector disconnected
- overload on the outputs.

The fault can then be located and its cause determined by using SYSDIAG maintenance software.

- **Software**

Each I/O module has its own fault bit which can be accessed by the user. System bits specific to the I/O are also available.

Analysis and processing of all these bits by the user program eliminates any transient operation caused by the fault which may endanger the application, and can also be used to run the application in fallback mode.

# Discrete I/O modules

Characteristics :  
pages 42304/4 to 42304/9  
References :  
pages 42304/10 and 42304/11  
Connections :  
pages 42304/12 to 42304/15

## Functions

### Special functions

**TSX DET 4 66 Namur input module.** This has 4 inputs specially designed for receiving signals from Namur proximity sensors. Volt-free contacts can also be connected to this module.  
Each input has a line monitoring device which detects line breaks and short-circuits.

**TSX DST 4 17 output module.** This has four  $\equiv$  24/48 V - 2 A outputs which are isolated and electronically protected against overloads and short-circuits. If any of these outputs goes to 1 when the external supply is absent, a fault bit is detected.  
One fault lamp per point indicates that a fault is present. One fault bit per point is then transmitted to the PLC processor.

### TSX DET 32..., TSX DST 24 72 and TSX DST 32 92 modules

24 and 32-point discrete I/O modules can be combined to create configurations of 224 I/O in a single format rack (128 inputs in 32-point modules and 96 outputs in 24-point modules) or of 256 I/O (128 inputs in 32-point modules and 128 outputs in 32-point modules).

The terminal block fault bit (accessible by programming terminals or the application program) indicates the absence or incorrect voltage of the sensor (or preactuator) supply at the module.

### I/O installation and addressing

I/O interface modules have 4, 8, 16, 24 or 32-point modularity.

The address of an input or output is defined by :

- 4, 8 and 16-point modules I/Oxy,i      I : input
- 24 and 32-point modules      O : output
- I/Oxy,i (points 0 to 15)      y : slot n° in rack (0 to 7)
- I/O(x+1)y,i (points 16 to 24 or 32)      x : n° of rack containing the module
- , : comma
- i : point n° (0 to F)

**Note :** PL7 software allows the user to enter and display the I/O either by the address as defined above, or by an associated 8-character mnemonic symbol (example : Close).

The rules for installing I/O interface modules are defined by the table below :

Type	Basic configuration		Local or remote extension	
	PLC base	Direct extension	Local/remote extension rack	Direct extension
Rack no.	0/1	2/3	x	x + 1
4/8 points	0 to 7 (1)	0 to 7 (2)	0 to 7 (1)	0 to 7 (2)
16 points	0 to 7 (1)	0 to 7 (2)	0 to 7 (1)	0 to 7 (2)
24/32 points	0 to 7 (1)	0 to 7 (2)	0 to 7 (1)	imp (3)

(1) 0 to 4 for short rack

(2) 0 to 6 for short rack

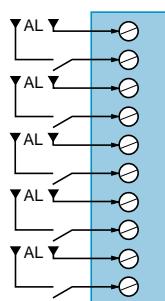
(3) If the base rack is short, it is possible to insert 24 or 32 I/O modules in slots 5, 6 and 7.

imp : installation impossible

**Note :** The double addressing of base racks allows 32 I/O modules to be located simultaneously in the base rack and in the direct extension racks.

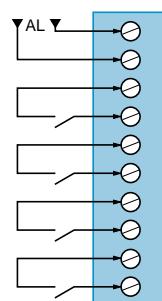
### Connection principles

#### Independent points



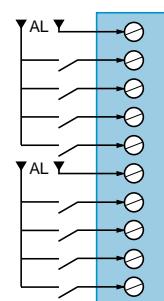
- Each point independently connected
- One power supply per point

#### Two wires per point



- Each point connected to the terminal block by two wires
- Power supply commons integrated in terminal block

#### External commons



- Each point connected to the terminal block by one wire
- Power supply commons to be made externally

There are three methods of connecting 4 or 8 point I/O modules to the sensors and preactuators, depending on the type of terminal block used :

- Independent points : no connection between points.
- Two wires per point : using commons integrated in the connection block
- External commons : made using an intermediate connection block. 16, 24 and 32-point modules can only be connected in this way.

# Discrete I/O modules

General :  
 pages 42304/2 and 42304/3  
 References :  
 pages 42304/10 and 42304/11  
 Connections :  
 pages 42304/12 to 42304/15

## Characteristics of d.c. inputs

Type of module		TSX DET 32 32	TSX DET 32 42	TSX DET 32 52
Nominal input values	Voltage	24 V	24 V	24 V
	Current	7 mA	7 mA	7 mA
	Sensor supply (ripple included)	19.2...30 V	19.2...30 V	19.2...30 V
Input limit values	At state 1	Voltage Current	11...30 V > 5 mA	11...30 V > 5 mA
	At state 0	Voltage Current	- 30...5 V - 15...2.5 mA	- 30...5 V - 15...2.5 mA
	Continuous reverse voltage	30 V	30 V	30 V
	Max voltage for 1 min	± 48 V	± 48 V	± 48 V
Input impedance		3.4 k	3.4 k	3.4...4.2 k
Logic		Positive current drawn		
Response time	Change from state 0 to state 1	2...4.5 ms	6...10 ms	7...20 ms
	Change from state 1 to state 0	2...4.5 ms	6...10 ms	6...19 ms
Coupling capacitance at ~ 220 V		30 nF max	30 nF max	30 nF max
Dissipated power	Per point at state 1	0.17 W	0.17 W	0.16 W
Display lamp	State of each input	Sensor side		
Sensor common		On power supply “+”		
Compatible output modules		TSX DST 24 72/32 92		
External line	Line resistance	0...500		
	Open line leakage resistance	30 k minimum		
Isolation	Between points or groups of points	1500 V rms 50-60 Hz		Not isolated
	Between points and internal bus	1500 V rms 50-60 Hz		Not isolated
	Type	Opto-coupler		—

Type of module		TSX DET 8 14	TSX DET 8 24
Nominal input values	Voltage	130 V	110/120 V
	Current	11.2 mA	13.6 mA
	Sensor supply (ripple included)	100...142 V	86...132 V
Input limit values	At state 1	Voltage Current	> 88 V > 8 mA
	At state 0	Voltage Current	< 25 V < 2.2 mA
	Continuous reverse voltage	142 V	132 V
	Max voltage for 1 min	± 156 V	± 220 V
Input impedance		11.6...12.8 k	8...9 k
Logic		Positive current drawn (1)	
Response time	Change from state 0 to state 1	5...8 ms	8.7...13.8 ms
	Change from state 1 to state 0	2.5...4 ms	16.7...26.3 ms
Coupling capacitance at ~ 220 V		30 nF max	40 nF max
Dissipated power	Per point at state 1	1.46 W	1.5 W
Display lamp	State of each input	Sensor side	
Sensor common		On power supply “+”	
Compatible output modules		TSX DST 16 34	TSX DST 4 17/8 17
External line	Line resistance	< 1 k	0...500
	Open line leakage resistance	> 60 k	30 k minimum
Isolation	Between points or groups of points	1500 V rms 50-60 Hz	
	Between points and internal bus	1500 V rms 50-60 Hz	
	Type	Opto-coupler	

(1) Negative logic, current emitted possible for TSX DET 8 24 with independent point connections (TSX BLK 1).

# Discrete I/O modules

General :  
pages 42304/2 and 42304/3  
References :  
pages 42304/10 and 42304/11  
Connections :  
pages 42304/12 to 42304/15

## Characteristics of d.c. inputs

Type of module	TSX DET 8 13/16 13/16 33				TSX DET 8 12/16 12
Nominal input values	Voltage	48 V			24 V
	Current	10.5 mA			16.5 mA
	Sensor supply (ripple included)	38...60 V			19.2...30 V
Input limit values	At state 1	Voltage	> 30 V		> 11 V
		Current	> 6 mA		> 6 mA
	At state 0	Voltage	12 V		5 V
		Current	2.5 mA		2.5 mA
Continuous reverse voltage		60 V			30 V
		Max voltage for 1 min	± 110 V		± 48 V
Input impedance		4.275...4.720 k			
Logic		Positive current drawn (1)			
Response time		DET 8 13	DET 16 13	DET 16 33	DET 8 12
	Change from state 0 to state 1	5...8 ms	5...20 ms	0.5...2 ms	5...8 ms
	Change from state 1 to state 0	2.5...4 ms	2.5...10 ms	0.25...1 ms	2.5...4 ms
Coupling capacitance at ~ 220 V		30 nF max			
Dissipated power	Per point at state 1	0.52 W			
Display lamp	State of each input	Sensor side			
Sensor common		On power supply "+" TSX DST 4 17/8 17			
Compatible output modules		TSX DST 4 17/8 17 TSX DST 16 12/16 82 TSX DST 8 35/8 82			
External line	Line resistance	0...500			
	Open line leakage resistance	30 k minimum			
Isolation	Between points or groups of points	1500 V rms 50-60 Hz			
	Between points and internal bus	1500 V rms 50-60 Hz			
	Type	Opto-coupler			

Type of module	TSX DET 4 66				
Nominal input values	Voltage	Namur (8.2 V)			
	Current	4 mA			
	Sensor supply (ripple included)	17...30 V			
Input limit values	At state 1	Current	2.1...9 mA		
	At state 0	Current	0...1.2 mA		
Logic		Positive current drawn			
Response time	Change from state 0 to state 1	0.5...2 ms			
	Change from state 1 to state 0	0.5...2 ms			
No-load voltage	Of inputs	7.7...9 V			
Current	On power break	< 0.15 mA			
	Short-circuit	> 6 mA			
Resistance	Internal	1000			
	In series with conductors	> 50			
	Shunt on conductors	> 100 k			
Display lamp	State	1 lamp per point			
	Fault	1 lamp per point			
Sensor common		On power supply "+"			
Compatible output modules		-			
External line	Line resistance	0...500			
	Open line leakage resistance	30 k minimum			
Isolation	Between points or groups of points	1500 V rms 50-60 Hz			
	Between points and internal bus	1500 V rms 50-60 Hz			
	Type	Opto-coupler			

(1) Negative logic, current emitted possible for TSX DET 8 12 with independent point connections (TSX BLK 1).

# Discrete I/O modules

General :  
 pages 42304/2 and 42304/3  
 References :  
 pages 42304/10 and 42304/11  
 Connections :  
 pages 42304/12 to 42304/15

## Characteristics of d.c. outputs

Type of module		TSX DST 32 92	TSX DST 24 72
<b>Loads</b>	Voltage	<b>24 V</b>	<b>24 V</b>
	Nominal current	100 mA	0.5 A
	Limitation and detection current	—	1.5 A
	Tungsten filament lamp	1 W max	8 W max
<b>Limit values</b> <b>Logic</b>	Voltages (ripple included)	19...30 V	19...30 V
		Positive current emitted	
<b>Response time</b>	Change from state 0 to state 1	20 µs max	typically 10 µs
	Change from state 1 to state 0	30 µs max	typically 50 µs
<b>Leakage current</b>	At state 0	100 µA	1 mA
<b>Residual voltage</b>	At state 1	2 V max	1.2 V max
<b>Built-in protection</b>	Against overloads	—	Limiter
	Against inductive overvoltages	Discharge diode	Diode and capacitor
	Against reverse polarity	Series diode	Series diode
<b>Current</b>		150 mA	200 mA
<b>Display lamp</b>	State of each output	PLC side	
<b>Load common</b>		On power supply “-”	
<b>Capacitance of external source</b>	Single phase 2 half-waves	—	
	3-phase 2 half-waves	—	
<b>Compatible input modules</b>		<b>TSX DET 32 42</b>	
<b>Loads</b>		Resistive or inductive	
<b>Fault display</b>	On front panel	—	
<b>Isolation</b>	Between groups of points	1500 V rms 50-60 Hz	
	Between points and internal bus	1500 V rms 50-60 Hz	
	Type	Opto-coupler	

Type of module		TSX DST 16 34	TSX DST 16 32
<b>Loads</b>	Voltage	<b>48...130 V</b>	<b>24 V</b>
	Power	Resistive 6 W P 50 W Inductive 6 W P 25 W (L/R < 63 ms)	0.2 W P 50 W 0.2 W P 25 W
		Durability 10 <sup>6</sup> operating cycles	10 <sup>6</sup> operating cycles
<b>Limit values</b>	Voltages (ripple included)	38 V U 142 V	10 V U 30 V
	Total load on the module	40 °C 16 relays 40...60 °C (derated) 8 relays	16 relays 8 relays
<b>Logic</b>		Positive current emitted	
<b>Response time</b>	Change from state 0 to state 1	15 ms max	15 ms max
	Change from state 1 to state 0	20 ms max	20 ms max
<b>Leakage current</b>	At state 0	0.2 mA max	0.2 mA max
<b>Built-in protection</b>	Against overloads and short-circuits	None (1)	None (1)
	Against inductive overvoltages	None (2)	Included (except supply)
<b>Compatible input modules</b>		<b>TSX DET 8 14</b>	<b>TSX DET 16 12</b>
<b>Loads</b>		Resistive or inductive (3)	
<b>Display lamps</b>		State of each output	
<b>Load common</b>		On power supply “-”	
<b>Isolation</b>	Between groups of points	1500 V rms 50-60 Hz	
	Between points and internal bus	1500 V rms 50-60 Hz	
	Type	Relay	

(1) External semi-time-delayed fuse (1.6 A for **TSX DST 16 34**, 4 A for **TSX DST 16 32**).

(2) External discharge diode. Caution, it is essential to place a diode across the load terminals to maintain the durability of the contacts.

(3) Capacitive load not allowed.

# Discrete I/O modules

General :  
 pages 42304/2 and 42304/3  
 References :  
 pages 42304/10 and 42304/11  
 Connections :  
 pages 42304/12 to 42304/15

## Characteristics of a.c. inputs

Type of module		TSX DET 8 02	TSX DET 8 03	TSX DET 16 03								
Loads	Voltage	<b>24 V</b>	<b>42/48 V</b>	<b>48 V</b>								
	Current	21.5 mA	18...20.5 mA	22...26 mA								
	Sensor supply	20.4...26.5 V	35.7...53 V	40...53 V								
Input limit values	At state 1	<table> <tr> <td>Voltage</td> <td>&gt; 12 V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Current</td> <td>&gt; 7.6 mA</td> </tr> </table>	Voltage	> 12 V	Current	> 7.6 mA	<table> <tr> <td>&gt; 25 V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>&gt; 8 mA</td> </tr> </table>	> 25 V	> 8 mA	<table> <tr> <td>&gt; 30 V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>&gt; 16 mA</td> </tr> </table>	> 30 V	> 16 mA
Voltage	> 12 V											
Current	> 7.6 mA											
> 25 V												
> 8 mA												
> 30 V												
> 16 mA												
At state 0	<table> <tr> <td>Voltage</td> <td>5 V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Current</td> <td>3 mA</td> </tr> </table>	Voltage	5 V	Current	3 mA	<table> <tr> <td>11 V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3 mA</td> </tr> </table>	11 V	3 mA	<table> <tr> <td>14 V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6 mA</td> </tr> </table>	14 V	6 mA	
Voltage	5 V											
Current	3 mA											
11 V												
3 mA												
14 V												
6 mA												
Frequency	47...63 Hz	47...63 Hz	47...63 Hz									
	1.1...1.25 k	2.1...2.4 k	1.5...3 k									
Response time	Change from state 0 to state 1	11...20 ms	12...21 ms	11...32 ms								
	Change from state 1 to state 0	14...23 ms	12...22 ms	10...22 ms								
Coupling capacitance	Open line	300 nF max	220 nF max	420 nF								
	Open line at $\sim 220$ V	30 nF max	220 nF max	80 nF								
Dissipated power	Per point at state 1	0.35 W	1 W	0.5 W								
Display lamp	State of each input	Sensor side										
External line	Line resistance	0.. 500										
	Open line leakage resistance	30 k minimum										
Isolation	Between points or group of points	1500 V rms 50-60 Hz										
	Between points and internal bus	1500 V rms 50-60 Hz										
	Type	Opto-coupler										

Type of module		TSX DET 16 04	TSX DET 8 24	TSX DET 8 05								
Nominal input values	Voltage	<b>110/120 V</b>	<b>115 V</b>	<b>220/240 V</b>								
	Current	16...20.5 mA	13.6 mA	14.5...15.8 mA								
	Frequency	50-60 Hz	50-60 Hz	50 Hz								
	Sensor supply	93.5...132 V	93.5...132 V	187...264 V								
Input limit values	At state 1	<table> <tr> <td>Voltage</td> <td>&gt; 74 V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Current</td> <td>&gt; 6 mA</td> </tr> </table>	Voltage	> 74 V	Current	> 6 mA	<table> <tr> <td>&gt; 75 V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>&gt; 8 mA</td> </tr> </table>	> 75 V	> 8 mA	<table> <tr> <td>&gt; 154 V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>&gt; 9.4 mA</td> </tr> </table>	> 154 V	> 9.4 mA
Voltage	> 74 V											
Current	> 6 mA											
> 75 V												
> 8 mA												
> 154 V												
> 9.4 mA												
At state 0	<table> <tr> <td>Voltage</td> <td>20 V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Current</td> <td>4 mA</td> </tr> </table>	Voltage	20 V	Current	4 mA	<table> <tr> <td>33 V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3.5 mA</td> </tr> </table>	33 V	3.5 mA	<table> <tr> <td>67 V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4.9 mA</td> </tr> </table>	67 V	4.9 mA	
Voltage	20 V											
Current	4 mA											
33 V												
3.5 mA												
67 V												
4.9 mA												
Frequency	47...63 Hz	47...63 Hz	47...53 Hz									
	5.5...7.8 k	8...8.9 k	14.4...16.6 k									
Response time	Change from state 0 to 1	12...23 ms	12...22 ms	12...28.6 ms								
	Change from state 1 to 0	12...22 ms	12...23 ms	12...22 ms								
Coupling capacitance	Open line	100 nF max	100 nF max	80 nF max								
	Open line at $\sim 220$ V	40 nF max	40 nF max	80 nF max								
Dissipated power	Per point at state 1	0.3 W	1.45 W	0.5 W								
No-load voltage	Of inputs	—	—	7.7...9 V								
Current	Breaking	—	—	< 0.15 mA								
	Short-circuit	—	—	> 6 mA								
Resistance	Internal	—	—	1000								
	In series with conductors	—	—	> 50								
	Shunt on conductors	—	—	> 100 k								
Display lamp	State of each input	Sensor side										
External line	Line resistance	0...500										
	Open line leakage resistance	30 k minimum		60 k minimum								
Isolation	Between points or groups of points	1500 V rms 50-60 Hz										
	Between points and internal bus	1500 V rms 50-60 Hz										
	Type	Opto-coupler										

# Discrete I/O modules

General :  
pages 42304/2 and 42304/3  
References :  
pages 42304/10 and 42304/11  
Connections :  
pages 42304/12 to 42304/15

## Characteristics of a.c. outputs

Type of module		TSX DST 8 04	TSX DST 16 04	TSX DST 8 05
Loads	Voltage	110/127 V	110/120 V	110/240 V
	Current	2 A	1 A	2 A
	Frequency	50-60 Hz	50-60 Hz	50-60 Hz
Limit values	Voltage	93.5...140 V	93.5...140 V	93.5...264 V
	Peak switch-on current	15 A (1)	10 A (1)	15 A (1)
	Minimum current	10 mA	25 mA	20 mA
	Total load in the module	40 °C 60 °C (derated)	16 A 0.4 A/°C	8 A max 0.1 A/°C
Response time	Change from state 0 to state 1	< 0.5 ms	0.5 ms	< 1/2 period
	Change from state 1 to state 0	< 1/2 period	< 1/2 period	< 1/2 period
Leakage current	At state 0	4 mA max at 140 V	3 mA max at 140 V	6 mA max at 264 V
Residual voltage	At state 1	I < 35 mA : 1.4 V I < 35 mA : 11 V	I < 50 mA : 3 V I > 25 mA : 13 V	I < 50 mA : 8 V I > 300 mA : 2 V
Display lamp	State of each output	PLC side		
Built-in protection	Against overloads and short-circuits	3.15 A fuses	–	3.15 A fuses
	Against inductive overvoltages	RC and G MOV	RC and G MOV	RC and G MOV
Triac switch-on	At zero voltage	No	No	Yes
Compatible input modules		TSX DET 8 24/16 04	TSX DET 8 24/16 04	TSX DET 8 05
Loads		Inductive	Inductive	Resistive or inductive
Fault display	On front panel	1 lamp	–	1 lamp
Isolation	Between points or groups of points	1500 V rms 50-60 Hz		
	Between points and internal bus	1500 V rms 50-60 Hz		
	Type	Optotriac	Optotriac	Opto-coupler

Type of module		TSX DST 8 35	TSX DST 16 35	TSX DST 16 33
Loads	Voltage	24...240 V	24...240 V	24...240 V
	Current	U 127 V : 2 A (2) U 240 V : 1 A (2)	U 127 V : 1.1 A (3) U 240 V : 1 A (3)	Resistive : 0.2 A (4) Inductive : 0.2 A (5)
Limit values	Switch on current	10 In for 2 cycles category AC-15	10 In for 2 cycles category AC-15	–
	Total load in the module	40 °C 60 °C (derated)	8 relay 8 relay	16 relay 8 relay
				16 relay
Response time	Change from state 0 to state 1	3...15 ms	15 ms max	15 ms max
	Change from state 1 to state 0	3...18 ms	20 ms max	20 ms max
Leakage current	At state 0	2.5 mA max	2.5 mA max	0.1 mA max
Display lamp	State of each output	PLC side		
Built-in protection	Against overloads and short-circuits	3.15 A fuses	–	–
	Against inductive overvoltages	RC and G MOV	RC and G MOV	–
Compatible input modules		TSX DET 8 02/8 03/8 05/8 24 and 16 04		TSX DET 8 05
Loads		Resistive or inductive		
Fault display	On front panel	1 lamp	–	–
Isolation	Between points or groups of points	1500 V rms 50-60 Hz		
	Between points and internal bus	1500 V rms 50-60 Hz		
	Type	Relay		

- (1) Over 2 cycles once per second
- (2) Permissible current for  $1 \times 10^6$  operations; for  $1.5 \times 10^6$  operations : U 48 V : 2 A - U 127 V : 1 A - U 240 V : 0.50 A
- (3) Permissible current for  $0.35 \times 10^6$  operations; for  $1 \times 10^6$  operations : U 127 V : 0.35 A - U 240 V : 0.25 A
- (4) Category AC-12 : 0.2 A for  $2 \times 10^6$  operations; 1 A for  $0.4 \times 10^6$  operations
- (5) Category AC-15 : 0.2 A for  $1 \times 10^6$  operations; 1 A for  $0.3 \times 10^6$  operations

# Discrete I/O modules

## Discrete inputs

General :  
pages 42304/2 and 42304/3  
Characteristics :  
pages 42304/4 to 42304/9  
Connections :  
pages 42304/12 to 42304/15

## References

### Discrete inputs



TSX DET 8 ●●

Type of current	Input voltage	Modularity (no. of points)	Compatibility CENELEC 2-wire prox. sens.	Reference	Weight kg
—	24 V	8	Yes	<b>TSX DET 8 12</b>	0.350
		16	Yes	<b>TSX DET 16 12</b>	0.360
		32 fast (1)	Yes (IEC 1131 type 2)	<b>TSX DET 32 32</b>	0.410
		32 (1)	Yes (IEC 1131 type 2)	<b>TSX DET 32 42</b>	0.410
		32 (1) (3)	No (2)	<b>TSX DET 32 52</b>	0.410
	48 V	8	Yes	<b>TSX DET 8 13</b>	0.350
		16	Yes	<b>TSX DET 16 13</b>	0.360
		16 (4)	Yes	<b>TSX DET 16 33</b>	0.360
	130 V	8	Yes	<b>TSX DET 8 14</b>	0.350
$\sim$ 50-60 Hz	24 V	8	No (2)	<b>TSX DET 8 02</b>	0.350
	42/48 V	8	Yes	<b>TSX DET 8 03</b>	0.360
	48 V	16	No (2)	<b>TSX DET 16 03</b>	0.450
	110/120 V	16	Yes	<b>TSX DET 16 04</b>	0.440
	$\sim$ 50 Hz	220/240 V	8	Yes	<b>TSX DET 8 05</b>
— or $\sim$	— 110 V $\sim$ 115 V 50/60 Hz	8	Yes	<b>TSX DET 8 24</b>	0.360
—	24 V	4	Namur proximity switch and line check	<b>TSX DET 4 66</b>	0.530



TSX BLK 1

### Connection terminal blocks

Type of connection	Number of points	Reference	Weight kg
<b>Independent points</b>	4 and 8	<b>TSX BLK 1</b>	0.350
<b>Two wires per point</b>	4 and 8	<b>TSX BLK 2</b>	0.350
<b>External commons</b>	4, 8 and 16	<b>TSX BLK 1</b>	0.350
	8 (5)	<b>TSX BLK 3</b>	0.200
	32 inputs	<b>TSX BLK 7</b>	0.200



TSX MNC 16

### Simulation blocks

Use	Number of points	Reference	Weight kg
<b>For discrete inputs</b>	4 and 8	<b>TSX MNC 15</b>	0.400
	16	<b>TSX MNC 16</b>	0.450

(1) When a direct extension assembly is connected to a local or remote extension rack, or a TSX 47-10/20/25 base configuration, placing a 24 or 32-point module in slot n of the local or remote extension rack prohibits the use of the corresponding slot n in the TSX RKE● direct extension assembly.

(2) Telemecanique compatibility :

- TSX DET 8 02 : 2-wire proximity sensor d.c. non-polarised
- TSX DET 16 03 : 2-wire proximity sensor a.c.
- TSX DET 32 52 : 2-wire proximity sensor d.c.

(3) Inputs not isolated.

(4) TSX DET 16 33 : do not use with volt-free contacts (response time 0.5 to 2 ms).

(5) The TSX BLK 3 terminal block reduces external wiring of the commons.

# Discrete I/O modules

## Discrete outputs

General :  
pages 42304/2 and 42304/3  
Characteristics :  
pages 42304/4 to 42304/9  
Connections :  
pages 42304/12 to 42304/15

## Discrete outputs



**TSX DST 16 ●●**

Type of current	Output voltage	Modularity (no. of points)	Characteristics of points	Reference	Weight kg
— transistor	5/12/24 V	16	0.4 A - 24 V non-protected negative logic	<a href="#">TSX DST 16 12</a>	0.580
	24 V	8	2 A protected	<a href="#">TSX DST 8 82</a>	0.700
		16	0.5 A protected	<a href="#">TSX DST 16 82</a>	0.680
		24 (1)	0.5 A protected	<a href="#">TSX DST 24 72</a>	0.410
		32 (1)	0.1 A non-protected	<a href="#">TSX DST 32 92</a>	0.420



**TSX DST 32 92**

— relay	24/48 V	4	2 A protected	<a href="#">TSX DST 4 17</a>	0.620	
		8	0.5 A protected	<a href="#">TSX DST 8 17</a>	0.600	
	48/130 V	16 relay 1 "N/O"	Non-protected 50 W resistive 25 W inductive	<a href="#">TSX DST 16 34</a>	0.660	
	24 V	16 relay 1 "N/O"	Non-protected 2 A resistive 1 A inductive	<a href="#">TSX DST 16 32</a>	0.660	
	~ transistor 50/60 Hz	110/127 V	8	2 A protected	<a href="#">TSX DST 8 04</a>	0.660
		110/120 V	16	1 A non-protected	<a href="#">TSX DST 16 04</a>	0.660
		110/240 V	8	2 A protected	<a href="#">TSX DST 8 05</a>	0.660
~ relay	~ 24/240 V and — 24 V	4 relay 1 "N/O" 4 relay 1 "C/O"	Protected	<a href="#">TSX DST 8 35</a>	0.350	
	24/240 V	16 relay 1 "N/O"	Non-protected	<a href="#">TSX DST 16 35</a>	0.370	
			Non-protected (2)	<a href="#">TSX DST 16 33</a>	0.360	



**TSX BLK 1**

## Connection terminal blocks

Type of connection	Number of points	Reference	Weight kg
Independent points	4 and 8 (3)	<a href="#">TSX BLK 1</a>	0.350
Two wires per point	4 and 8	<a href="#">TSX BLK 2</a>	0.350
External commons	4, 8 and 16	<a href="#">TSX BLK 1</a>	0.350
	8 (4)	<a href="#">TSX BLK 3</a>	0.200
	24 outputs	<a href="#">TSX BLK 8</a>	0.200
	32 outputs	<a href="#">TSX BLK 9</a>	0.200

(1) When a direct extension assembly is connected to a local or remote extension rack, or a TSX 47-10/20/25 base rack, placing a 24 or 32-point module in slot n of the rack prohibits the use of the corresponding slot n in the TSX RKE● direct extension rack.

(2) Low leakage current module, this requires a protection device (RC or peak limiter) to be placed across the terminals of each load.

(3) TSX DST 8 17/8 82 modules cannot be used as independent points.

(4) The TSX BLK 3 terminal block reduces external wiring of the commons.



**TSX BLK 9**

# Discrete I/O modules

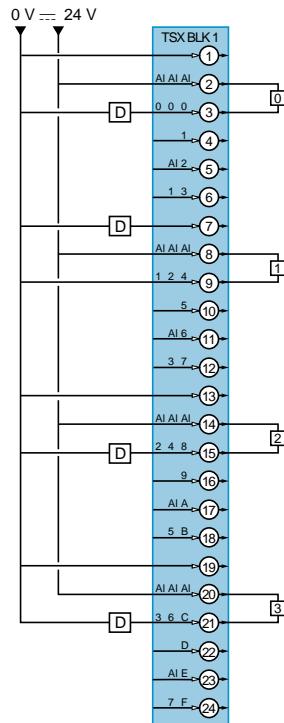
General :  
 Pages 42304/2 and 42304/3  
 Characteristics :  
 Pages 42304/4 to 42304/9  
 References :  
 Pages 42304/10 and 42304/11

## Connections

### Connections for 4-point modules

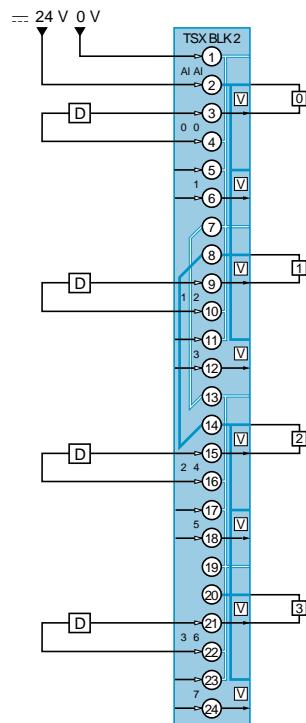
Grouped points

**TSX DET 4 66 (1)**



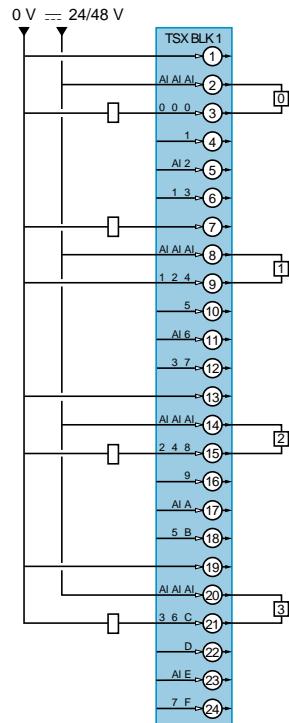
2 wires per point

**TSX DET 4 66**



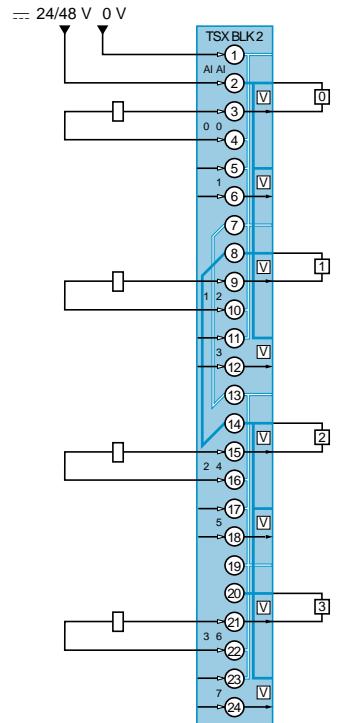
Grouped points

**TSX DST 4 17 (1)**



2 wires per point

**TSX DST 4 17**



(1) The TSX BLK 1 terminal block enables points to be connected independently.

### Connections for 8-point input modules

d.c. and a.c. inputs

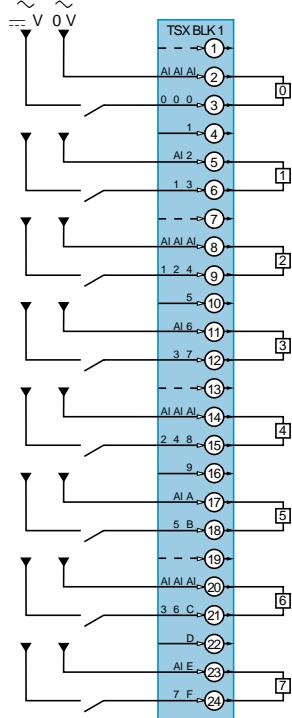
Independent points

**TSX DET 8 12/8 13/8 14**

**TSX DET 8 02**

**TSX DET 8 03/8 05**

**TSX DET 8 24**



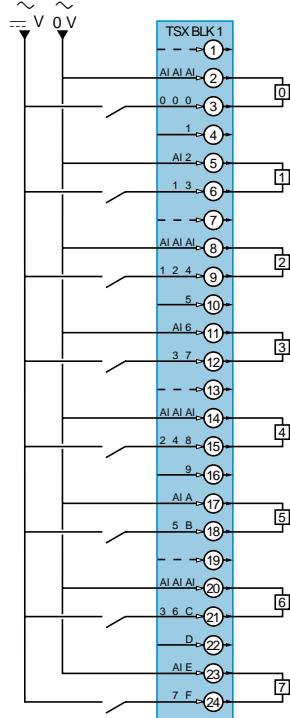
Grouped points

**TSX DET 8 12/8 13/8 14**

**TSX DET 8 02**

**TSX DET 8 03/8 05**

**TSX DET 8 24**



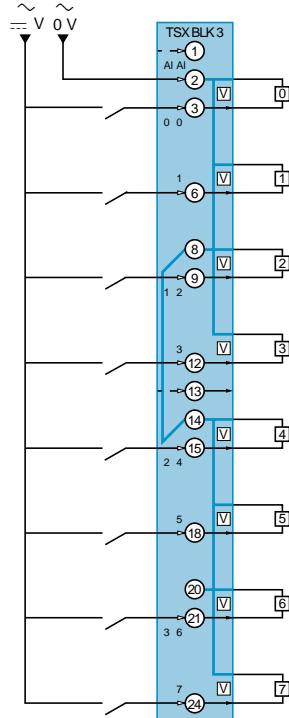
Commons in terminal block

**TSX DET 8 12/8 13/8 14**

**TSX DET 8 02**

**TSX DET 8 03/8 05**

**TSX DET 8 24**



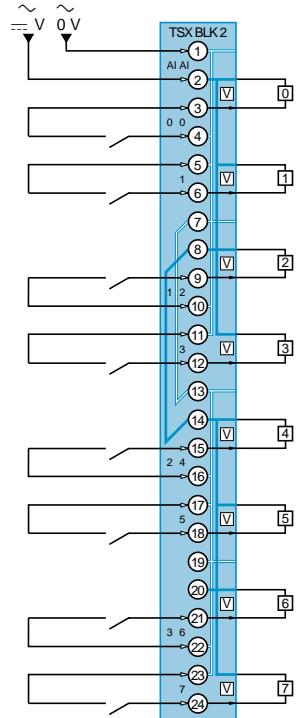
2 wires per point

**TSX DET 8 12/8 13/8 14**

**TSX DET 8 02**

**TSX DET 8 03/8 05**

**TSX DET 8 24**



# Discrete I/O modules

General :  
 Pages 42304/2 and 42304/3  
 Characteristics :  
 Pages 42304/4 to 42304/9  
 References :  
 Pages 42304/10 and 42304/11

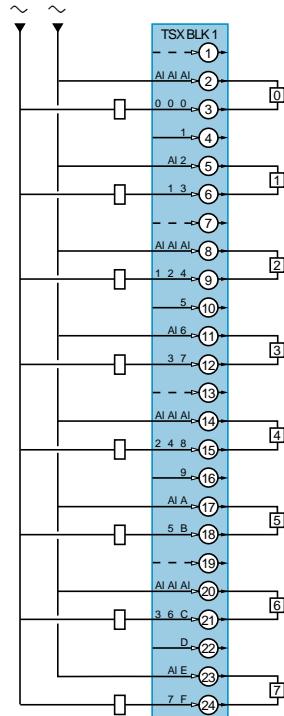
## Connections

### Connections for 8-point output modules

#### a.c. relay outputs

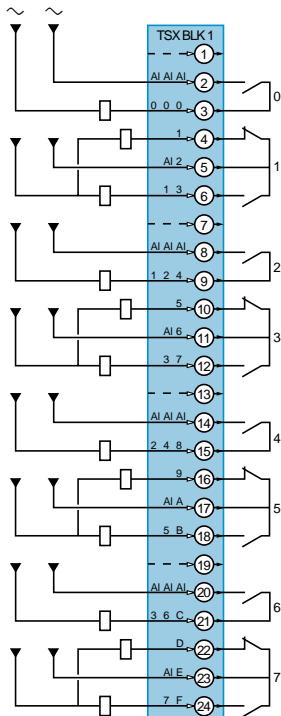
External commons

**TSX DST 8 04/8 05 (1)**

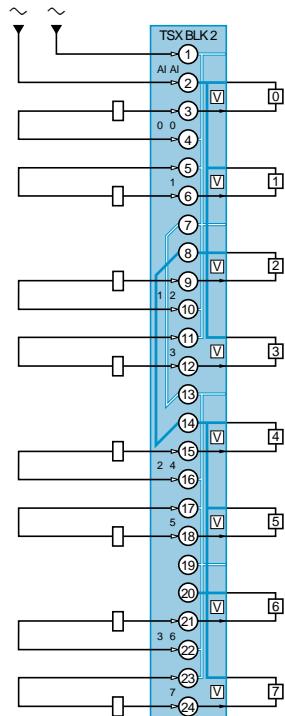


Independent points - Relay outputs  
**TSX DST 8 35 (2)**

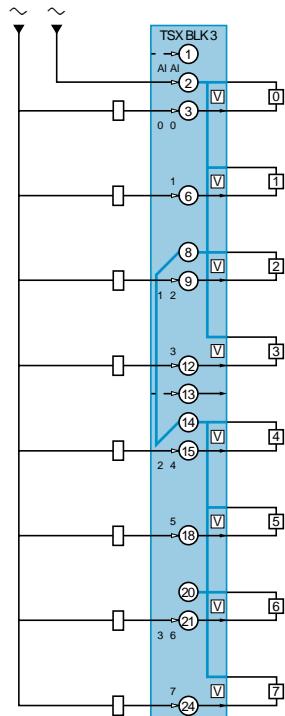
2 wires per point  
**TSX DST 8 04/8 05**  
**TSX DST 8 35**



Commons in terminal block  
**TSX DST 8 04/8 05**  
**TSX DST 8 35**



Commons in terminal block  
**TSX DST 8 04/8 05**  
**TSX DST 8 35**



(1) The TSX BLK 1 terminal block enables points to be connected independently.

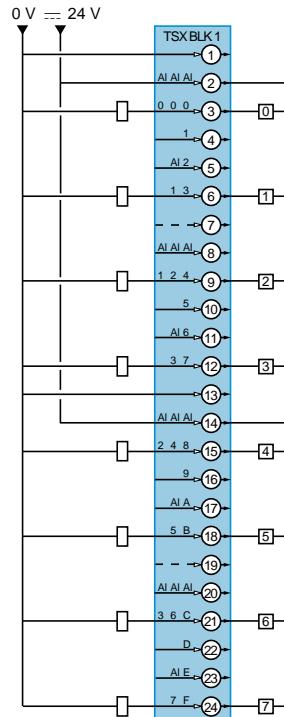
(2) Use "N/C" contacts.

### Connections for 8-point output modules

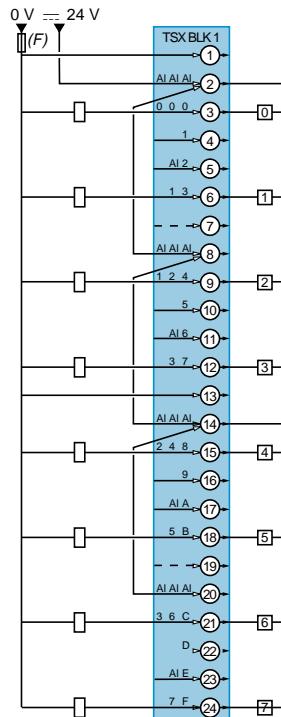
#### d.c. outputs

External commons

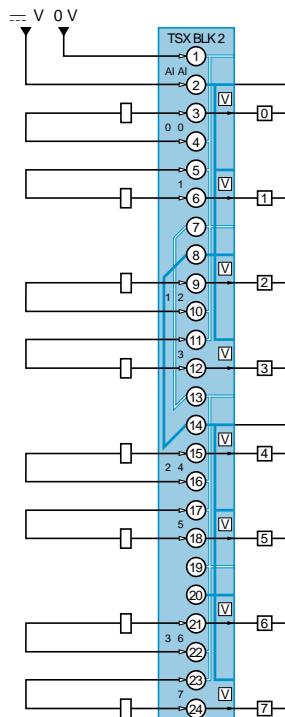
**TSX DST 8 17 (1)**



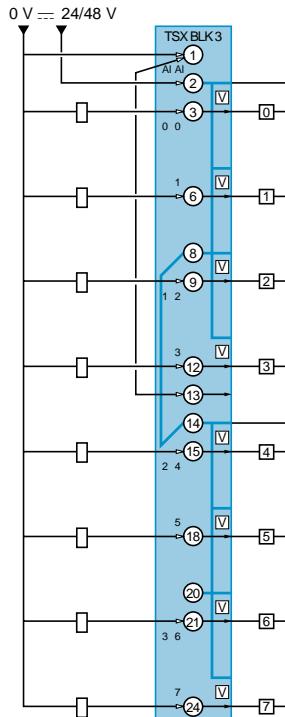
**TSX DST 8 82**



2 wires per point  
**TSX DST 8 17**



Commons in terminal block  
**TSX DST 8 17**



(1) The TSX BLK 1 terminal block enables points to be connected independently.

# Discrete I/O modules

General :  
 Pages 42304/2 and 42304/3  
 Characteristics :  
 Pages 42304/4 to 42304/9  
 References :  
 Pages 42304/10 and 42304/11

## Connections (continued)

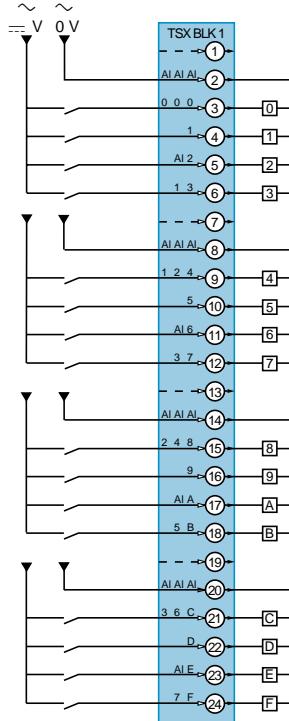
### Connections for 16-point modules

d.c. and a.c. inputs

**TSX DET 16 12**

**TSX DET 16 13/16 33**

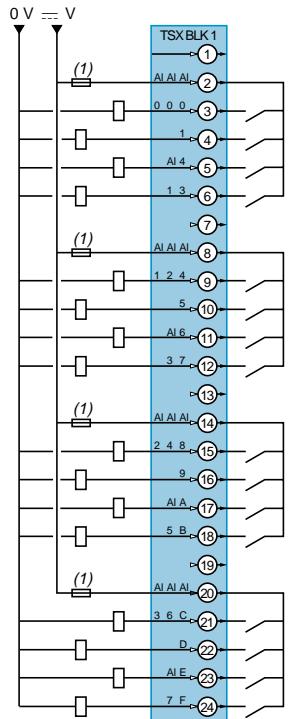
**TSX DET 16 03/16 04**



d.c. inputs

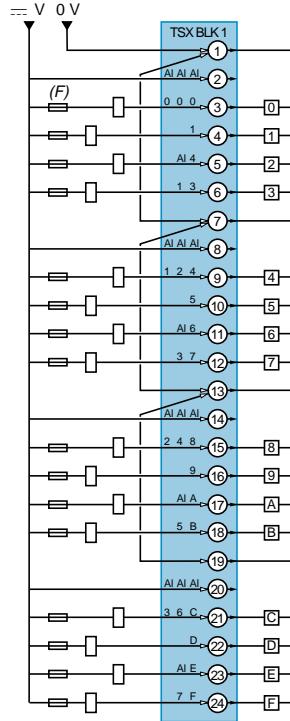
Resistive loads

**TSX DST 16 34**



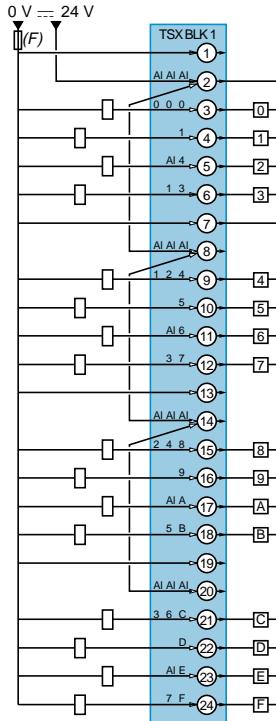
Negative logic d.c. outputs

**TSX DST 16 12**



Positive logic d.c. outputs

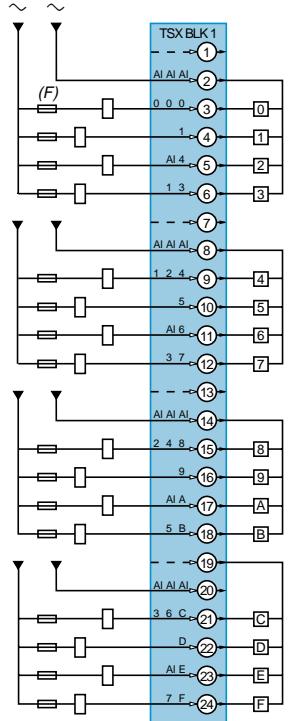
**TSX DST 16 82**



Relay and a.c. outputs

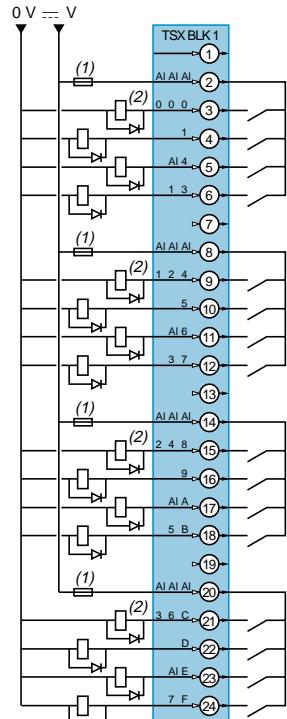
**TSX DST 16 35**

**TSX DST 16 04**



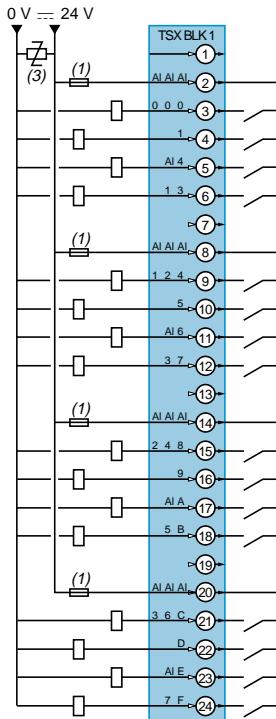
Inductive loads

**TSX DST 16 34**

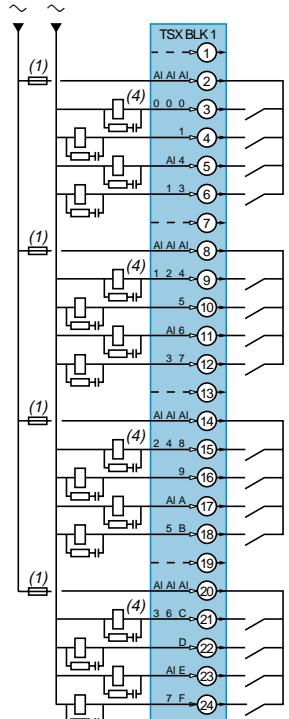


Resistive or inductive loads

**TSX DST 16 32**



**TSX DST 16 33**



(1) External semi-time-delayed fuse (1.6 A for TSX DST 16 34, 4 A for TSX DST 16 32).

(2) External discharge diode. Caution, it is essential to place a diode across the terminals to maintain the durability of the contacts.

(3) Peak limiter supplied with module TSX DST 16 32.

(4) Protection device (RC or peak limiter not supplied) essential with inductive loads. Not required with resistive loads.

# Discrete I/O modules

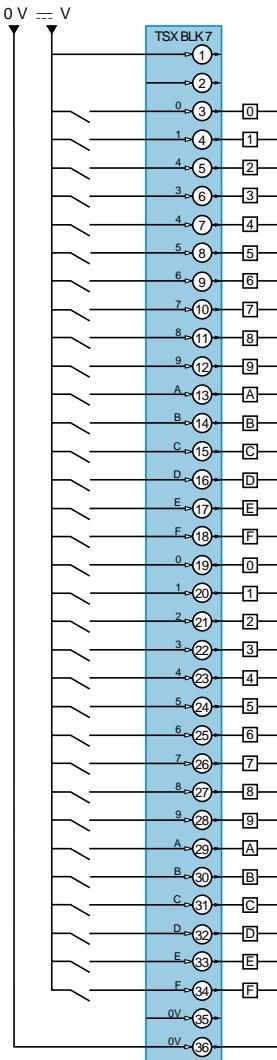
General :  
 Pages 42304/2 and 42304/3  
 Characteristics :  
 Pages 42304/4 to 42304/9  
 References :  
 Pages 42304/10 and 42304/11

## Connections

### Connections for 24 and 32-point modules

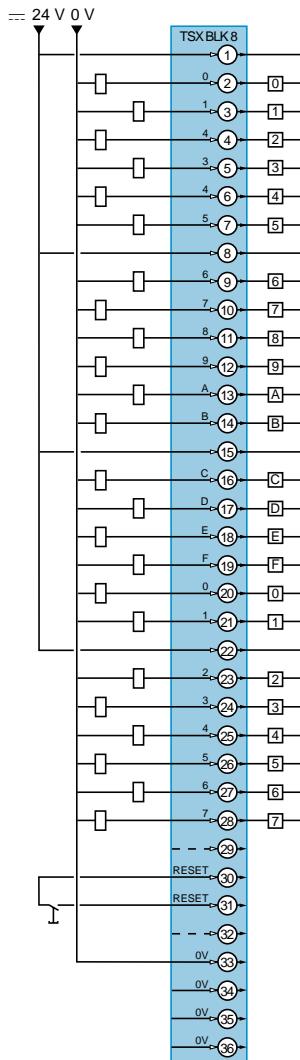
d.c. inputs

**TSX DET 32 32/32 42/32 52**



d.c. outputs

**TSX DST 24 72**



**TSX DST 32 92**

