

MOVIDRIVE® Drive Inverters

DeviceNet DFD11A Fieldbus Interface Manual

Edition 11/98



Device **Net**





Important Notes

 Read this manual carefully before you start the installation and startup of MOVIDRIVE® drive inverters with the DFD11A DeviceNet option.

This manual assumes that the user has access to and is familiar with the documentation on the $MOVIDRIVE^{\textcircled{\$}}$ system, in particular the $MOVIDRIVE^{\textcircled{\$}}$ system manual.

Safety notes:

Always follow the safety and warning instructions contained in this manual! Safety notes are marked as follows:



Electrical hazard, e.g. when working on live wires.



Mechanical hazard, e.g. when working on hoists.



Important instructions for safe and fault-free operation of the driven machine/ system, e.g. pre-setting before startup.

General safety notes on bus systems:

This communication system allows you to match the MOVIDRIVE® drive inverter to the specifics of your application to a very high degree. As with all bus systems, there is a danger of invisible, external (as far as the inverter is concerned) modifications to the parameters which give rise to changes in the inverter's behavior. This may result in unexpected (not uncontrolled, though!) system behavior.

 Each unit is manufactured and tested to current SEW-EURODRIVE technical standards and specifications.

The manufacturer reserves the right to make changes to the technical data and designs as well as the user interface herein described, which are in the interest of technical progress. A requirement of fault-free operation and fulfillment of any rights to claim under guarantee is that this information is observed.



2 MOVIDRIVE[®] DeviceNet DFD11A

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1 Introduction

This user manual for the DeviceNet (DFD11A) option describes how to install the DFD11A DeviceNet option card in the drive inverter and how to start up the MOVIDRIVE® on the DeviceNet fieldbus system.

As well as explaining all settings on the fieldbus interface, this document also deals with the various DeviceNet connection variants in the form of brief startup examples.

As well as this manual on the DeviceNet option, you should request the following publications dealing with the topic of fieldbuses in more detail, so as to permit MOVIDRIVE® to be connected to the DeviceNet fieldbus system in a straightforward and effective fashion:

- "MOVIDRIVE® Fieldbus Unit Profile" manual
- "MOVIDRIVE® system manual

The manual for the MOVIDRIVE® fieldbus unit profile describes the fieldbus parameters and their coding, as well as explaining the whole range of various control concepts and application options in the form of brief examples.

The "MOVIDRIVE®' system manual contains a listing of all parameters of the drive inverter which can be read and/or written via the various communications interfaces such as RS-485 and also via the fieldbus interface.

The MOVIDRIVE® drive inverter in conjunction with the DFD11A option enables you to make the connection to master automation systems via DeviceNet, thanks to the high-performance, universal fieldbus interface of the DFD11A option.

MOVIDRIVE® and DeviceNet

The device behavior of the inverter which forms the basis of DeviceNet operation is referred to as the device profile. It is independent of any particular fieldbus and is therefore a uniform feature. This provides you, the user, with the opportunity of developing applications irrespective of the fieldbus. As a result, it is very easy to change over to other bus systems such as INTERBUS (DFI11A option), PROFIBUS (DFP11A option) or CAN bus (DFC11A).

MOVIDRIVE® offers you direct access to all drive parameters and functions via the DeviceNet interface. The drive inverter is controlled via the high-speed, cyclical process data. Via this process data channel, you can enter setpoints such as the setpoint speed, ramp generator time for acceleration/deceleration, etc. as well as triggering various drive functions such as enable, control inhibit, normal stop, rapid stop, etc. However, at the same time you can also use this channel to read back actual values from the drive inverter, such as the actual speed, current, device status, fault number and also reference signals.

The parameters of the inverter are set exclusively by using Explicit Messages, whereas the process data exchange is replicated on the DeviceNet services of Polled I/O or Bit-Strobe I/O. This parameter data exchange enables you to implement applications in which all the important drive parameters are stored in the master programmable controller, so that there is no need for manual parameter settings on the drive inverter itself.



Every DeviceNet option card is designed so the fieldbus-specific MAC-ID and baud rate settings are made using hardware switches on the option card. This manual setting means the drive inverter can be integrated into the DeviceNet environment and switched on within a very short period of time. The parameter setting process can be performed in a completely automated fashion by the DeviceNet master (parameter download). This future-oriented variant offers the advantages of shortening the system startup time and simplifying the documentation of your application program, because all the important drive parameters can now be stored directly in your control program.

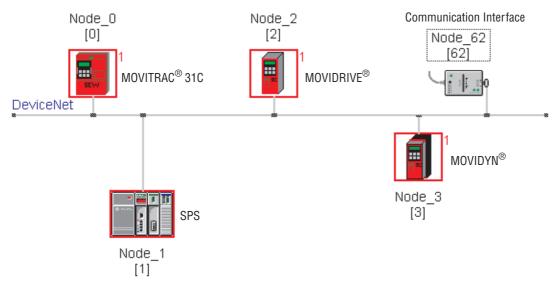


Fig. 1: DeviceNet with MOVITRAC® 31C, MOVIDRIVE®, MOVIDYN® and PLC

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Using a fieldbus system requires additional monitoring functions in the drive engineering, e.g. time monitoring of the fieldbus (fieldbus timeout) as well as rapid stop concepts. For example, you can specifically adapt the monitoring functions of MOVIDRIVE® to your application. You can determine, for instance, which fault reaction of the drive inverter should be triggered in the event of a bus error. A rapid stop is a good idea for many applications, although this can also be achieved by "freezing" the last setpoints so the drive continues operating with the most recently valid setpoints (e.g. conveyor belt). The range of control terminal functions is also ensured in fieldbus mode, so you can continue to implement rapid stop concepts independent of the fieldbus by means of the drive inverter terminals.

The MOVIDRIVE® drive inverter offers you numerous diagnostic options for startup and service purposes. For example, you can use the integrated fieldbus monitor to check both the setpoints sent by the master control and the actual values.

Furthermore, you are supplied with numerous additional items of information about the status of the fieldbus option card. The fieldbus monitor function in conjunction with the MX_SHELL PC software offers you an easy-to-use diagnostic facility permitting all drive parameters to be set (including the fieldbus parameters) as well as displaying the fieldbus and device status information in detail.



2 Installation

2.1 Supported unit types

The DFD11A option for the DeviceNet connection can be operated with all drive inverters in the MOVIDRIVE® series.

2.2 Installation of the option card

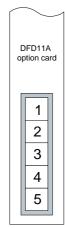
Before you begin:

- Take suitable measures to dissipate any electrical charge in your body before you touch the option card (discharge strap, conductive shoes, etc.).
- Keep the option card in its original packaging and do not remove it until it is to be installed.
- Do not touch the option card more than necessary, and only hold it by the edge of the circuit board. Do not touch any components.

Installing the option card:

- De-energize the inverter. Switch off the mains and the 24 V supply, if used.
- · Remove the lower hood cover from the control module.
- Unscrew the electronics shield clamp.
- Remove the black cover plate.
- Insert the option card into the guide rails of the OPTION1 slot and push it in.
- Insert option card by applying moderate pressure on the front panel. The option card has been installed correctly when it is flush with the control card.
- Screw the electronics shield clamp back on.
- · Put the hood cover of the control module back on.
- The DFD11 option card is now fully installed.

2.3 Pin assignment



The assignment of connecting terminals is described in the DeviceNet specification Volume I, Appendix A.

| Pin no. | Abbrev. | Meaning | Color | |
|---------|---------|---------|-------|--|
| 1 | V- | 0V24 | black | |
| 2 | CAN_L | CAN_L | blue | |
| 3 | DRAIN | DRAIN | shiny | |
| 4 | CAN_H | CAN_H | white | |
| 5 | V+ | 24V | red | |

Table 1: Connection terminal CAN bus

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Fig. 2: Pin assignment



The DeviceNet option card is opto-decoupled on the driver side in accordance with the DeviceNet specification (Volume I, Chapter 9). This means the CAN bus driver must be powered with 24 V via the bus cable.

The required cable is also described in the DeviceNet specification (Volume I, Appendix B). The connection must be made according to the color code specified in Table 1.

2.4 Shielding and routing of the bus cables

Having the bus cable correctly shielded reduces electrical interference which can occur in an industrial environment. The following measures ensure the best possible shielding:

- Fasten the retaining screws of plugs, modules and potential compensating cables until fingertight.
- Apply the bus cable shielding on both ends.
- Do not route the signal and bus cables in parallel to the power cables (motor leads); use separate cable ducts if at all possible.
- Use only metal, grounded cable racks in industrial environments.
- Route the signal cables and the associated potential compensation closely to each other at the shortest distance.
- Avoid using plug connections to extend bus cables.
- Route the bus cables in close proximity to existing grounding surfaces.
- Use bus connectors with a metal-plated or metal housing.

IMPORTANT!

In the event of fluctuations in the ground potential, a compensating current may flow along the shield which is connected at both ends and to the ground potential (PE). In this case, make adequate provision for potential compensation in accordance with the relevant VDE regulations.

STOP

2.5 Bus termination

In order to avoid disruptions in the bus system due to reflections etc., each DeviceNet segment must be terminated with 120 Ω bus terminating resistors at the first and last physical participant. The bus terminating resistor must be wired between terminals 2 and 4 of the bus connector.



2.6 Setting the DIP switches

There are two DIP switch blocks of 4 DIP switches each on the DFD11A DeviceNet card. Two DIP switches are used for setting the baud rate and 6 for setting the MAC-ID (Media Access Control Identifier). The MAC-ID represents the node address of the DFD11A.

| Function | Abbrev. | Number of bits | Representation | Labeling | Meaning |
|-----------|---------|----------------|--|----------|--|
| MAC-ID | NA | 6 bits | S1 NA5 NA4 NA3 NA2 NA1 NA0 e.g. MAC-ID = 2 | NA50 | 063 |
| Baud rate | DR | 2 bits | S1 DR1 DR0 e.g. 10: 500 kbaud | DR10 | 00: 125 kbaud 01: 250 kbaud 10: 500 kbaud 11: Invalid |

Table 2: MAC-ID and baud rate setting

2.7 Display elements

The display elements comprise 4 bicolor LEDs.

| Function | Abbreviation |
|---------------------------|--------------|
| Module/network status LED | ModNet |
| Polled I/O | PIO |
| Bit-strobe I/O | BIO |
| Bus off | BUSOFF |

Table 3: Display elements

2.7.1 Power-up sequence

All LEDs are tested after the unit is switched on. The LEDs are switched on in the following sequence as part of the test:

| Time | ModNet LED | PIO LED | BIO LED | BUSOFF LED |
|---------|------------|---------|---------|------------|
| 0 ms | Green | Off | Off | Off |
| 250 ms | Red | Off | Off | Off |
| 500 ms | Off | Green | Off | Off |
| 750 ms | Off | Red | Off | Off |
| 1000 ms | Off | Off | Green | Off |
| 1250 ms | Off | Off | Red | Off |
| 1500 ms | Off | Off | Off | Green |
| 1750 ms | Off | Off | Off | Red |
| 2000 ms | Off | Off | Off | Off |

Table 4: Power-up LED test



The power-up test is always performed unless the fieldbus is powered with 24 V!

2.7.2 ModNet LED

The range of functions of the ModNet LED (module/network status LED) is defined in the DeviceNet specification. Its range of functions is described in Table 5.

| Status | LED | Message |
|--|------------------------------|--|
| Not switched on/ off-line | Off | Unit is in off-line status Unit is performing DUP-MAC check Unit is switched off |
| On-line and in operational mode | Flashes green (1 s cycle) | The unit is on-line and no connection has been set up DUP-MAC check was performed successfully No connection has yet been established with a master No configuration, wrong configuration or configuration not complete |
| On-line, operational mode and connected | Green | On-line Connection has been established with a master Connection is active (established state) |
| Minor fault or connection timeout | Flashes red (1 s cycle) | A correctable error has occurred Polled I/O or/and bit-strobe I/O connections are in timeout status A correctable error has occurred in the unit |
| Critical fault or critical link failure | Red | A non-correctable error has occurred BusOff DUP-MAC check has detected an error |

Table 5: Status table of the ModNet LED

2.7.3 PIO LED

The PIO LED checks the polled I/O connection (process data channel). Its range of functions is described in Table 6.

| Status | LED | Message |
|--|---------------------------------|--|
| DUP-MAC check | Flashes green (125 ms cycle) | Unit is performing the DUP-MAC check |
| Not switched on/ off-line but not DUP- MAC check | Off | Unit is in off-line statusUnit is switched off |
| On-line and in operational mode | Flashes green (1 s cycle) | The unit is on-line DUP-MAC check was performed successfully A PIO connection is being established with a master (configuring status) No configuration, wrong configuration or configuration not complete |
| On-line, operational mode and connected | Green | On-line A PIO connection has been established (established status) |
| Minor fault or connection timeout | Flashes red (1 s cycle) | A correctable error has occurred Polled I/O connection is in timeout status |
| Critical fault or critical link failure | Red | A non-correctable error has occurred BusOff DUP-MAC check has detected an error |

Table 6: Status table of the PIO LED



2.7.4 BIO LED

The BIO LED checks the bit-strobe I/O connection. Its range of functions is described in Table 7.

| Status | LED | Message |
|--|---------------------------------|---|
| DUP-MAC check | Flashes green (125 ms cycle) | Unit is performing the DUP-MAC check |
| Not switched on/ off-line but not DUP- MAC check | Off | Unit is in off-line statusUnit is switched off |
| On-line and in operational mode | Flashes green (1 s cycle) | The unit is on-line DUP-MAC check was performed successfully A BIO connection is being established with a master (configuring state) No configuration, wrong configuration or configuration not complete |
| On-line, operational mode and connected | Green | On-line A BIO connection has been established (established state) |
| Minor fault or connection timeout | Flashes red (1 s cycle) | A correctable error has occurred Bit-strobe I/O connection is in timeout state |
| Critical fault or critical link failure | Red | A non-correctable error has occurred BusOff DUP-MAC check has detected an error |

Table 7: Status table of the BIO LED

2.7.5 BUSOFF LED

The BUSOFF LED displays the physical status of the bus node. Its range of functions is described in Table 8.

| Status | LED | Message |
|-------------|----------------------------------|---|
| NO ERROR | Off | The number of bus errors is in the normal range (error active state). |
| BUS WARNING | Flashes red (125 ms cycle) | The unit is performing a DUP-MAC check and cannot send any messages because no other participants are connected to the bus (error passive state). |
| | Flashes red (1 s cycle) | The number of physical bus errors is too high. No more error telegrams are actively written to the bus (error passive state). |
| BUS ERROR | Red | BusOff status The number of physical bus errors has continued to grow despite the switch to the error passive state. Access to the bus is deactivated. |

Table 8: Status table of the BUSOFF LED



3 Project Planning and Startup

This chapter describes how to start up the MOVIDRIVE® inverter with the DFD11A option, using MX_SHELL (from version 1.30) or the DBG11A keypad (from version .13).

3.1 Inverter control mode fieldbus

After the DeviceNet option card has been installed and the baud rate and MAC-ID have been set (using the DIP switches), the parameters for the MOVIDRIVE® inverter can be set immediately via the fieldbus system without further manual adjustment. All drive parameters can be downloaded in this manner from the master programmable controller directly via DeviceNet after the power is switched on.

The inverter has to be switched to the appropriate *control mode* prior to control via DeviceNet. This can be done with parameter P100 *Setpoint source* and P101 *Control signal source*. The factory settings for these parameters are the values *Bipol./Fix. setp.* or *Terminals* (setpoint processing via analog setpoint and control via input terminals). The setting P100 Setpoint source = *FIELDBUS* causes the inverter to get its setpoints from the fieldbus; if P101 = *FIELDBUS*, the inverter is controlled via the fieldbus (i.e. enable, rapid stop, normal stop, controller inhibit, etc.). MOVIDRIVE® will now respond to the process output data transmitted from the master programmable controller. Activation of the *fieldbus* control mode is signalled to the master control by the *PA data enabled* bit in the status word.

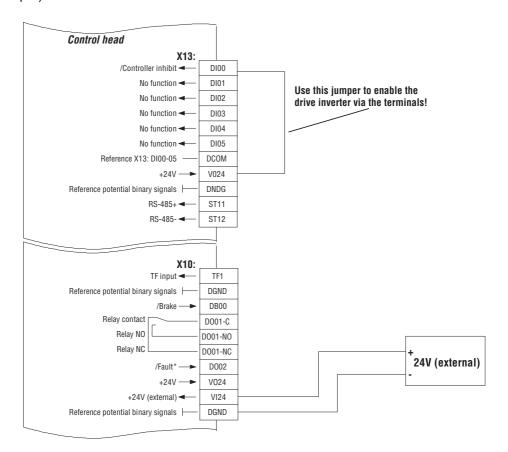
For safety reasons, the inverter must also be enabled on the terminal side for control via the field-bus system. Accordingly, the terminals must be wired up or programmed in such a way that the inverter is enabled via the input terminals. The easiest way of enabling the inverter on the terminal side is to wire input terminal DI00 (/CONTROLLER INHIBIT function) to the +24 V signal and program input terminals DI01 to DI05 to NO FUNCTION.



Procedure for startup of the MOVIDRIVE® inverter with fieldbus interface:

1. Switch the drive inverter to ENABLE on the terminal side

Wire input terminal DI00 (/CONTROLLER INHIBIT function) to the +24 V signal (e.g. with a jumper).



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2. Control mode = FIELDBUS

Use parameters P100 and P101 to switch control and setpoint processing of the servo inverter to FIELDBUS.

| P100 Setpoint source | FIELDBUS | |
|--------------------------|--------------|--|
| P101 Control signal sour | rce FIELDBUS | |

3. Input terminal DI01 = NO FUNCTION

Input terminal DI02 = NO FUNCTION

Input terminal DI03 = NO FUNCTION

Input terminal DI04 = NO FUNCTION

Input terminal DI05 = NO FUNCTION

Program the function of input terminals DI01 to DI05 to NO FUNCTION with parameters P600 to P604.

| P600 Binary input DI01 | NO FUNCTION |
|------------------------|-------------|
| P601 Binary input DI02 | NO FUNCTION |
| P602 Binary input DI03 | NO FUNCTION |
| P603 Binary input DI04 | NO FUNCTION |
| P604 Binary input DI05 | NO FUNCTION |



3.2 Setting up the DeviceNet network using the DeviceNet Manager software

3.2.1 Installing the EDS file



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Fig. 3: EDS file list

There is an EDS file **MDX.eds** and a bitmap file **MDX.bmp** for the DFD11A option card. These files must be installed using the DeviceNet Manager software.

To do this, select *Utilities/Install EDS File* from the menu. The program then prompts you for the EDS file name and the bitmap file. The EDS file is then installed. More details on the installation of the EDS file can be found in the Allen Bradley documentation for the DeviceNet Manager.

After installation, the device is available in the device list under the entry SEW Geräteprofil/SEW-Eurodrive GmbH/SEW-MOVIDRIVE-DFD11A.

You can use the following Internet addresses for obtaining current EDS files and for further information about DeviceNet.

- SEW-EURODRIVE: www.sew-eurodrive.de
- Allen Bradley: www.ab.com
- Rockwell: www.rockwell.com
- Open Device Net Vendor Association: www.odva.org

3.2.2 Connecting the device to an existing network

All EDS files are automatically read in after the DeviceNet Manager software is called up. The device list contains all devices which have been defined by an EDS file.

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3.3 Process data exchange

3.3.1 Polled I/O

The polled I/O messages correspond to the process data messages of the SEW fieldbus profile and up to three process data words can be exchanged between the control and the inverter.

The process data length can be set with MX_SHELL (version 1.30 or later) and DBG (version .13 or later) using the parameter *P877 DeviceNet PD Configuration*. The inverter must be switched off and on again after this parameter has been changed, in order to activate the set process data length.

The process data length can also be set using the parameter data channel of DeviceNet. The process data configuration takes effect immediately, if the process data length is set using the parameter data channel.



IMPORTANT:

The set process data length determines the process data lengths of both the polled I/O and the bit-strobe I/O messages, i.e. the settings for the process data lengths of both the polled I/O and the bit-strobe I/O always have to be <u>identical</u> in the control.



Project planning for three process data words

The factory setting of the process data configuration is process data length = 3. This setting be altered using the *DeviceNet PD Configuration* parameter.

In MX_SHELL or DBG, the setting is displayed via the parameter *DeviceNet PD configuration* = 3 PD or 3PD + Param. As a result, three process data words (6 bytes) are processed in the inverter and three process input data words are sent to the control.

No process data are processed or sent back, if the control transmits more than three process output data words.

Three process data words are processed, and three process input data words are sent from the inverter to the control, if the control transmits three process output data words.

PLC Address range

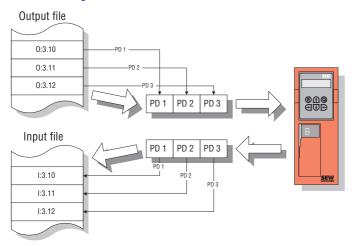


Fig. 4: Representation of three process data words in the PLC memory area

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The process output data are stored in the PLC output file and the process input data of the PLC are stored in the input file. In the example above, the output data words 0:3.10, 0:3.11 and 0:3.12 are copied to process output data words 1, 2 and 3 and processed by the inverter. The inverter sends back three process input data words which are copied into input data words 1:3.11 and 1:3.12 of the PLC.



Project planning for two process data words

Process data length = 2 can be set using the *DeviceNet PD Configuration* parameter. In this case, the setting 2 PD or 2PD + Param must be selected in MX_SHELL or DBG. As a result, two process data words (4 bytes) are processed in the inverter and two process input data words are sent to the control.

No process data are processed or sent back, if the control transmits more than two process output data words.

Two process data words are processed, and two process input data words are sent from the inverter to the control, if the control transmits two process output data words.

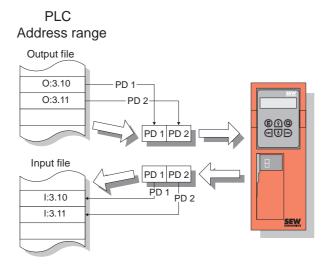


Fig. 5: Representation of two process data words in the PLC memory area

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The process output data are stored in the PLC output file and the process input data of the PLC are stored in the input file. In the example above, the output data words 0:3.10 and 0:3.11 are copied to process output data words 1 and 2 and processed by the inverter. The inverter sends back two process input data words which are copied into input data words 1:3.10 and 1:3.11 of the PLC.



Project planning for one process data word

Process data length = 1 can be set using the *DeviceNet PD Configuration* parameter. In this case, the setting 1 PD or 1PD + Param must be selected in MX_SHELL or DBG. As a result, one process output data word (1 byte) is processed in the inverter and one process input data word is sent to the control. The control is permitted to send only one process output data word. No process data are processed or sent back if more than one process output data word is sent by the control.

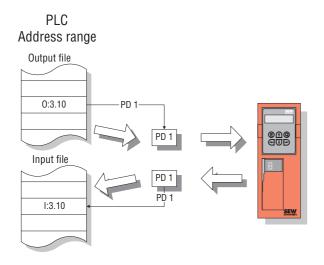


Fig. 6: Representation of one process data word in the PLC memory area

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The process output data are stored in the PLC output file and the process input data of the PLC are stored in the input file. In the example above, output data word 0:3.10 is copied to process output data word 1 and processed by the inverter. The inverter sends back one process input data word which is copied to input data word I:3.10 of the PLC.

Timeout response with polled I/O

The timeout response is triggered by the DeviceNet option card. The timeout interval must be set by the master after the connection has been established. The DeviceNet specification refers to an "expected packet rate" rather than a timeout interval. The expected packet rate is calculated on the basis of the timeout interval using the following formula:

$${\sf Timeout_Inverter} \ = \ t_{\sf Timeout_Interval_PolledIO} \ = \ 4 \cdot t_{\sf Expected_Packet_Rate_PolledIC}$$

The expected packet rate can be set using the connection object class 5, instance 2, attribute 9. The range of values runs from 0 ms to 65535 ms in 5 ms steps.

The expected packet rate for the polled I/O connection is converted into the timeout interval and displayed in the device and the timeout interval in parameter *P819*.

This timeout interval is retained in the device whenever the polled I/O connection is dropped, and the device switches to timeout status after the timeout interval has elapsed.

The timeout interval must not be altered in the inverter using MX_SHELL or the DBG, because it can only be activated via the bus.



If a timeout occurs for the polled I/O messages, this connection type enters timeout status. Incoming polled I/O messages are no longer accepted.

The timeout response triggers timeout reaction set in the inverter.

The timeout response can be reset with DeviceNet by using the reset service of the connection object (class 0x05, instance 0x02, undetermined attribute), by dropping the connection, by using the reset service of the identity object (class 0x01, instance 0x01, undetermined attribute) or with the reset bit in the control word.

3.3.2 Bit-strobe I/O

Bit-strobe I/O messages are not contained in the SEW fieldbus profile. They represent a process data exchange which is specific to DeviceNet.

The master sends out a broadcast message that is 8 bytes = 64 bits long. One bit in this message is assigned to each participant in accordance with its station address. The value of this bit may be 0 or 1, triggering two different reactions in the recipient.

| Bit value | Message | BIO LED |
|-----------|--|--------------------|
| 0 | Only send back the process input data | Continuously green |
| 1 | Trigger fieldbus timeout response and send back process input data | Continuously green |

Table 9: Bit strobe signal messages



IMPORTANT:

The BIO LED can be consulted to distinguish between the timeout triggered by the bit-strobe message and a real timeout in the connection. It remains continuously green if the timeout is triggered by the bit-strobe message.

If the BIO LED flashes red, there is a timeout in the bit-strobe connection and no additional bit-strobe messages are accepted.

Table 10 shows the data area of the bit-strobe request message which represents the allocation of participants (= station address) to data bits.

For example, the participant with station address (MAC-ID) 16 only processes bit 0 in data byte 2.

| Byte offset | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 0 | ID 7 | ID 6 | ID 5 | ID 4 | ID 3 | ID 2 | ID 1 | ID 0 |
| 1 | ID 15 | ID 14 | ID 13 | ID 12 | ID 11 | ID 10 | ID 9 | ID 8 |
| 2 | ID 23 | ID 22 | ID 21 | ID 20 | ID 19 | ID 18 | ID 17 | ID 16 |
| 3 | ID 31 | ID 30 | ID 29 | ID 28 | ID 27 | ID 26 | ID 25 | ID 24 |
| 4 | ID 39 | ID 38 | ID 37 | ID 36 | ID 35 | ID 34 | ID 33 | ID 32 |
| 5 | ID 47 | ID 46 | ID 45 | ID 44 | ID 43 | ID 42 | ID 41 | ID 40 |
| 6 | ID 55 | ID 54 | ID 53 | ID 52 | ID 51 | ID 50 | ID 49 | ID 48 |
| 7 | ID 63 | ID 62 | ID 61 | ID 60 | ID 59 | ID 58 | ID 57 | ID 56 |

Table 10: MAC-ID assignment in the bit-strobe I/O message request



Each participant which has received this bit-strobe I/O message responds with its current process input data. The length of the process input data corresponds to the process data length for the polled I/O connection. It can also be set using the *DeviceNet PD Configuration* parameter.

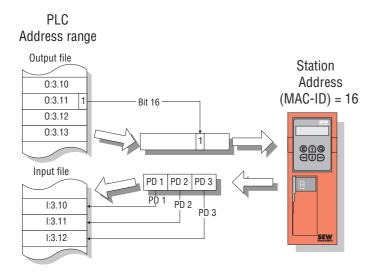


Fig. 7: Bit-strobe I/O messages

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In the example above, the bit-strobe I/O message is stored in memory words 0:3.10 to 0:3.13 and Bit 16 is assigned to the device with station address 16. This bit corresponds to bit 0 of output data word 0:3.11 in the PLC. Since this bit was set to the value 1, a fieldbus timeout is triggered in the inverter with station address 16. However, the BIO LED remains continuously green to indicate that the bit-strobe connection is not in timeout status.

The inverter sends three process input data words to the PLC; these are stored in input data words 1:3.10 to 1:3.12 in the input file.

IMPORTANT:

The set process data length determines the process data length of both the bit-strobe I/O and the polled I/O messages, i.e. the settings for the process data length of both the polled I/O and the bit-strobe I/O always have to be <u>identical</u> in the control.



Timeout response with bit-strobe I/O

The timeout response is triggered by the DeviceNet option card. The timeout interval must be set by the master after the connection has been established. The DeviceNet specification refers to an "expected packet rate" rather than a timeout interval. The expected packet rate is calculated on the basis of the timeout interval using the following formula:

 $t_{Timeout_Interval_BitStrobelO} \ = \ 4 \cdot t_{Expected_Packet_Rate_BitStrobelO}$

It can be set using connection object class 5, instance 3, attribute 9. The range of values runs from 0 ms to 65535 ms in 5 ms steps.

If a timeout occurs for the bit-strobe I/O messages, this connection type enters timeout status. Incoming bit-strobe I/O messages are no longer accepted.

The timeout response is not transmitted to the inverter.



The timeout response can be reset with DeviceNet using the reset service of the connection object (class 0x05, instance 0x03, undetermined attribute), by dropping the connection or by using the reset service of the identity object (class 0x01, instance 0x01, undetermined attribute).

3.4 Parameter data exchange

3.4.1 The SEW parameter data channel

The SEW parameter data channel represents a connection via which parameters in the inverter can be changed or read. This channel is represented by explicit messages on the DFD11A DeviceNet option card.

Access to the SEW parameter data channel is by means of the register object (class 7) and the parameter object (class 15).

Register object class (class 7)

The SEW parameter data channel can be addressed using the services *Get_Attribute_Single* and *Set_Attribute_Single*. The following possibilities for addressing the parameter data channel derive from the way the register object is specified by DeviceNet so INPUT objects can only be read and OUTPUT objects can be read and written.

| Instance | INDUT/OUTDUT | Resulting MOVILINK service with | | | | |
|----------|--------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| Instance | INPUT/OUTPUT | Get_Attribut_Single | Set_Attribut_Single | | | |
| 1 | INPUT | READ | Invalid | | | |
| 2 | OUTPUT | READ | WRITE | | | |
| 3 | OUTPUT | READ | WRITE VOLATILE | | | |
| 4 | INPUT | READ MINIMUM | Invalid | | | |
| 5 | INPUT | READ MAXIMUM | Invalid | | | |
| 6 | INPUT | READ DEFAULT | Invalid | | | |
| 7 | INPUT | READ SCALING | Invalid | | | |
| 8 | INPUT | READ ATTRIBUTE | Invalid | | | |



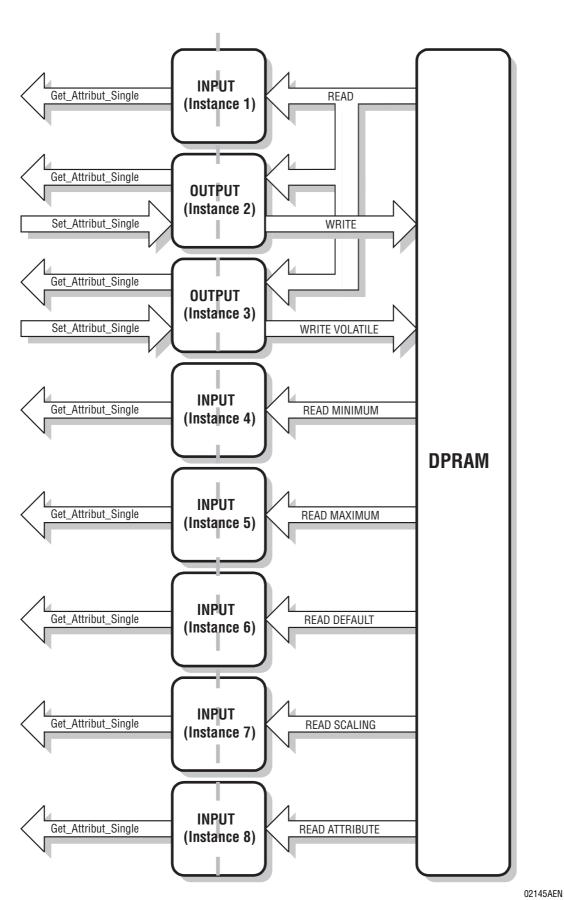


Fig. 8: Description of the parameter channel

SEVVE

The following table shows the attributes of the eight register object instances.

| Class | Instance | Attribute | Get | Set | Туре | Type/value | Meaning |
|-------|-------------------|-----------|-----|-----|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------|
| 0x07 | 0x01 | 1 | Х | | BOOL | 0/1 | Bad flag |
| | (Read) | 2 | Х | | BOOL | 0 (Input) | Direction |
| | | 3 | Х | | UINT | 16 bit | Size |
| | | 4 | Х | Χ | ARRAY | 2 byte index | Data |
| | | | | | BITS | 4 byte data | |
| | 0x02 | 1 | Х | | B00L | 0/1 | Bad flag |
| | (Read/ | 2 | Х | | B00L | 1 (Output) | Direction |
| | Write) | 3 | Х | | UINT | 48 bit | Size |
| | | 4 | Х | Х | ARRAY BITS | 2 byte index 4 byte data | Data |
| | 0x03 | 1 | Х | | B00L | 0/1 | Bad flag |
| | (Read/ | 2 | Х | | B00L | 1 (Output) | Direction |
| | Write- | 3 | Х | | UINT | 48 bit | Size |
| | <u>Volatile</u>) | 4 | Х | Х | ARRAY BITS | 2 byte index 4 byte data | Data |
| | 0x04 | 1 | Х | | B00L | 0/1 | Bad flag |
| | (Read | 2 | Х | | BOOL | 0 (Input) | Direction |
| | Mini- | 3 | Х | | UINT | 16 bit | Size |
| | mum) | 4 | Х | Х | ARRAY BITS | 2 byte index 4 byte data | Data |
| | 0x05 | 1 | Х | | BOOL | 0/1 | Bad flag |
| | (Read | 2 | Х | | BOOL | 0 (Input) | Direction |
| | Maxi- | 3 | Χ | | UINT | 16 bit | Size |
| | mum) | 4 | Х | Х | ARRAY BITS | 2 byte index 4 byte data | Data |
| | 0x06 | 1 | Х | | BOOL | 0/1 | Bad flag |
| | (Read | 2 | Х | | B00L | 0 (Input) | Direction |
| | <u>Default</u>) | 3 | Х | | UINT | 16 bit | Size |
| | | 4 | Х | Х | ARRAY BITS | 2 byte index 4 byte data | Data |
| | 0x07 | 1 | Х | | B00L | 0/1 | Bad flag |
| | (Read | 2 | Х | | B00L | 0 (Input) | Direction |
| | Scaling) | 3 | Х | | UINT | 16 bit | Size |
| | | 4 | Х | Х | ARRAY BITS | 2 byte index 4 byte data | Data |
| | 0x08 | 1 | Х | | B00L | 0/1 | BBad flag |
| | (Read_ | 2 | Х | | BOOL | 0 (Input) | Direction |
| | Attribute) | 3 | Х | | UINT | 16 bit | Size |
| | | 4 | Х | Х | ARRAY BITS | 2 byte index 4 byte data | Data |

Table 11: Register object class

Attribute 1 Bad flag signals whether an error occurred in the previous service.

Attribute 2 represents the direction of the instance and attribute 3 states the data length in bits. The actual parameter data are represented in attribute 4. They are made up of the index (2 bytes) and the data (4 bytes).



The services Get_Attribute_Single and Set_Attribute_Single are available for transmission.

| Service | Coding | Comment |
|---------------------|--------|-----------------|
| Get_Attribut_Single | 0x0E | Read attribute |
| Set_Attribut_Single | 0x10 | Write attribute |

Table 12: Register class services

Example:

Parameter *Setpoint description PO1* (index 8304 = 2070h) is to be written with the value *CONTROL WORD1* (9).

| Byte offset | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
|-------------|--------|---------|-------|----------|-----------|-----|------|------|-----|-----|-----|
| Function | MAC-ID | Service | Class | Instance | Attribute | Ind | dex | Data | | ata | |
| Signific. | | | | | | Low | High | LSB | | | MSB |
| Example | 01h | 10h | 07h | 02h | 04h | 70h | 20h | 09h | 00h | 00h | 00h |

Table 13: Data format for the parameter request message

| Byte offset | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|-------------|--------|---------|-------|------|------|-----|-----|-----|
| Function | MAC-ID | Service | Index | | Data | | | |
| Signific. | | | Low | High | LSB | | | MSB |
| Example | 01h | 90h | 70h | 20h | 09h | 00h | 00h | 00h |

Table 14: Data format for the parameter response message

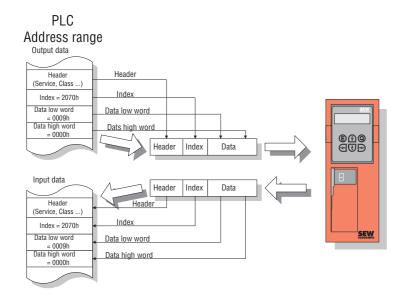


Fig. 9: Parametric data exchange

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Parameter object class (class 15)

The fieldbus parameters of the SEW inverter can be addressed directly via the instance with the parameter object. In order to comply with the DeviceNet specification, the data format for these instances deviates from the SEW fieldbus profile.

However, it is also possible to address all parameters of the inverter via the parameter object. Instances 1 to 8 are reserved for this.



General SEW parameter data channel

Parameters are written/read via the parameter object in two steps.

1st step: Writing the index via instance 1

2nd step: Writing/reading the data via instances 2 to 8

| No. | Group | Name | Comment |
|-----|-----------------------|------------------|--|
| 1 | SEW parameter channel | SEW-ParamIndex | Index of the parameter |
| 2 | SEW parameter channel | SEW-Read/Write | Read or write the value of the parameter |
| 3 | SEW parameter channel | SEW-Read/WriteVo | Read or write the value of the parameter, but do not store permanently |
| 4R | SEW parameter channel | SEW-Minimum | Read the minimum of the parameter |
| 5R | SEW parameter channel | SEW-Maximum | Read the maximum of the parameter |
| 6R | SEW parameter channel | SEW-Default | Read the default value of the parameter |
| 7R | SEW parameter channel | SEW-Scaling | Read the scaling of the parameter |
| 8R | SEW parameter channel | SEW-Attribute | Read the attributes of the parameter |

Table 15: SEW parameter data channel

Consequently, two services have to be performed in order to read/write a parameter. The data format of the *SEW param. data* corresponds to MOVILINK[®] (see list of parameters).

Writing/reading the fieldbus parameters

The parameters required for operating the fieldbus have been directly incorporated into the parameter object. They can be addressed directly via the instance.

| No. | Group | Name | Comment |
|-----|---------------|------------------|--|
| 9 | Communication | Control source | Control signal source |
| 10 | Communication | Setpoint source | Setpoint source |
| 11R | Communication | PD configuration | Process data configuration |
| 12 | Communication | Setp.descr.P01 | Process output data assignment for PD1 |
| 13 | Communication | Setp.descr.PO2 | Process output data assignment for PD2 |
| 14 | Communication | Setp.descr.P03 | Process output data assignment for PD3 |
| 15 | Communication | Act.v.descr. PI1 | Process input data assignment for PD1 |
| 16 | Communication | Act.v.descr. PI2 | Process input data assignment for PD2 |
| 17 | Communication | Act.v.descr. PI3 | Process input data assignment for PD3 |
| 18 | Communication | PO data enable | Enable process data |
| 19 | Communication | Timeout response | Timeout response |
| 20R | Communication | Fieldbus type | Fieldbus type |
| 21R | Communication | Baud rate | Baud rate via DIP switch |
| 22R | Communication | Station address | MAC-ID via DIP switch |
| 23R | Monitor | PO1 setpoint | Monitor of process output data word 1 |
| 24R | Monitor | PO2 setpoint | Monitor of process output data word 2 |
| 25R | Monitor | PO3 setpoint | Monitor of process output data word 3 |
| 26R | Monitor | PI1 actual value | Monitor of process input data word 1 |
| 27R | Monitor | PI2 actual value | Monitor of process input data word 2 |
| 28R | Monitor | PI3 actual value | Monitor of process input data word 3 |

R = Read Only

Table 16: Fieldbus parameters

The scaling and the representation within the message corresponds to the DeviceNet specification (see the DeviceNet specification for coding).



Return codes for parameter setting

SEW-specific return codes

The return codes which the inverter sends back in the event of faulty parameter setting are described in the manual for the fieldbus device profile and therefore do not form part of this documentation. However, the return codes are sent back in a different format in conjunction with DeviceNet.

| Byte offset | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|-------------|--------|----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| Function | MAC-ID | Service code [= 94h] | General error Code | Addi- tional Code |

Table 17: Data format for the parameter response message

The *service code* of an error message is always *94h (hex)*.

The *general error code* of an inverter-specific return code is always 1Fh = proprietary error.

The additional code is identical to the *additional code low* described in the *manual for the fieldbus device profile*.

The example shows the proprietary error 10h = Impermissible parameter index.

Return codes from DeviceNet

DeviceNet-specific return codes are sent in the error message, if the data format is not maintained during transmission or if a service is performed which has not been implemented. The coding of these return codes is described in the DeviceNet specification (see appendix).

Timeout of explicit messages

The timeout response is triggered by the DeviceNet option card. The timeout interval must be set by the master after the connection has been established. The DeviceNet specification refers to an "expected packet rate" rather than a timeout interval. The expected packet rate is calculated on the basis of the timeout interval using the following formula:

 $t_{Timeout_Interval_ExplicitMessages} = 4 \cdot t_{Expected_Packet_Rate_ExplicitMessage}$

It can be set using connection object class (5), instance 1, attribute 9. The range of values runs from 0 ms to 65535 ms in 5 ms steps.

If a timeout response is triggered for the explicit messages, the connection for the explicit messages is automatically dropped providing the polled I/O or bit-strobe I/O connections are not in the ESTABLISHED status. This is the default setting for DeviceNet. The connection for explicit messages must be re-established in order to be able to communicate with these messages again.

The timeout response is <u>not</u> transmitted to the inverter.



4 Sample Application with PLC Type SLC500

The sample applications are based on a system configuration as shown in Fig. 10.

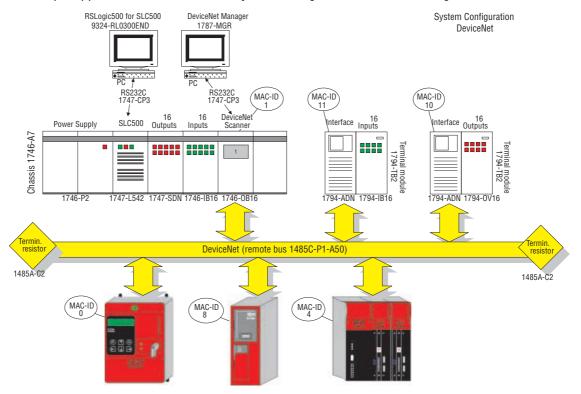


Fig. 10: PLC system configuration

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The following devices are employed:

| Device | MAC-ID |
|--|--------|
| SLC5/04 | |
| DeviceNet scanner 1747-SDN | 1 |
| INPUT module with 32 inputs | |
| OUTPUT module with 32 outputs | |
| DeviceNet adapter with input module with 16 inputs | 11 |
| DeviceNet adapter with output module with 16 outputs | 10 |
| MOVITRAC with FFD31C (optional) | 0 |
| MOVIDYN with AFD11A (optional) | 4 |
| MOVIDRIVE with DFD11A | 8 |

Table 18: Devices used in the sample application



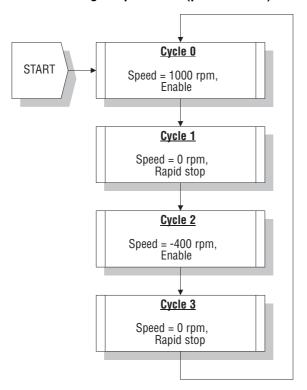
The following memory areas have been specified with the help of the DeviceNet manager software:

```
******************
1747-SDN Scanlist Map
Discrete Input Map:
15 14 13 12 11 10 09 08 07 06 05 04 03 02 01 00
Discrete Output Map:
15 14 13 12 11 10 09 08 07 06 05 04 03 02 01 00
----- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- ---
0:3.012 ..... 08 Bit-strobe for device 8
```

The polled I/O data are displayed in *italics* and the bit strobe data in **bold italics**.



4.1 Exchange of polled I/O (process data)



Objective

In the following program, process data are to be sent to $MOVIDRIVE^{\circledR}$ and the motor should run at a different speed.

The program sequence is shown in Fig. 11.

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Fig. 11: Program sequence

The program requires that the parameters listed in Table 19 must be set in the drive inverter.

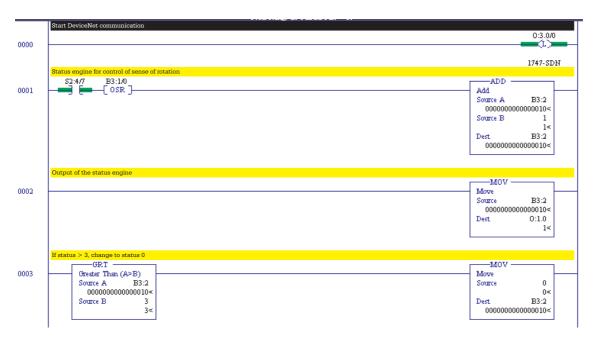
| Menu no. | Index | Parameters | Value |
|----------|-------|-----------------------------------|----------------|
| 100 | 8461 | Setpoint source | Fieldbus |
| 101 | 8462 | Control signal source | Fieldbus |
| 870 | 8304 | Process output data description 1 | Control word 1 |
| 871 | 8305 | Process output data description 2 | Speed |
| 872 | 8306 | Process output data description 3 | No function |
| 873 | 8307 | Process input data description 1 | Status word 1 |
| 874 | 8308 | Process input data description 2 | Speed |
| 875 | 8309 | Process input data description 3 | No function |
| 876 | 8622 | PO data enable | YES |

Table 19: Setting the parameters for process data exchange

The $\text{MOVIDRIVE}^{\circledR}$ drive inverter is now in fieldbus mode and can receive process data.

The program can now be written for the SLC500.

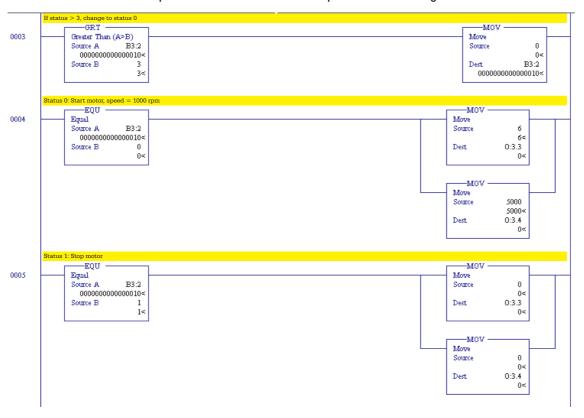




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Output bit 0:3.0/0 is set in rung 0 (program line 0), thereby starting DeviceNet communication (see the description of the DeviceNet scanner).

Rungs 1 and 3 implement the status engine with which states 0-3 are implemented. The current status is written to the outputs 0:1.0 of the SLC500 output module in rung 2.



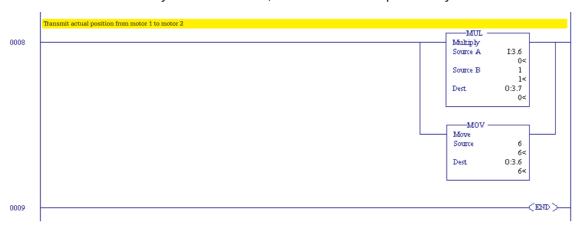
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The figure illustrates the output of process data values to the scanner memory area.



Status 0 is created in rung 4. In this status, a 6 (ENABLE) is written to memory area 0:3.3 which represents process output data word 1. A 5000 is written to memory area 0:3.4 (process output data word 2), which represents 1000 rpm. This means the motor runs at 1000 rpm.

Status 1 is created in rung 5. In this status, a 0 (RAPID STOP) is written to memory area 0:3.3 which represents process output data word 1. A 0 is written to memory area 0:3.4 (process output data word 2), which represents 0 rpm. This means the motor is stopped with the rapid stop. States 2 and 3 are treated similarly to states 0 and 1, and are thus not explained any further.



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In the figure above, the current actual value of the device with address 8, which is located in memory area I:3.6 (process input data word 2), is multiplied by a constant factor (in this case, by 1) and written to output memory area 0:3.7 (process output data word 2 of the device with address 0). In addition, the value 6 (ENABLE) is written to the process output data word 1 of the device with address 0 (0:3.6). Thus, the device with address 0 follows the actual speed with enable signal from the device with address 8.

4.2 Exchange of bit strobe I/O

Objective:

In the following program, the process input data are to be requested by MOVIDRIVE®. In addition, a fieldbus timeout should be triggered with the strobe-bit.

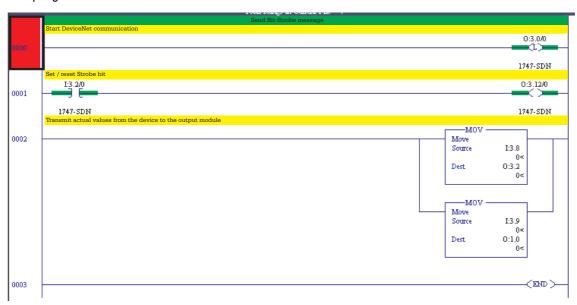
To do this, the following parameters must be set in the inverter:

| Index | Parameters | Value | |
|-------|--|--|---|
| 8461 | Setpoint source | Fieldbus | |
| 8462 | Control signal source | Fieldbus | |
| 8304 | Process output data description 1 | Control word 1 | |
| 8305 | Process output data description 2 | Speed | |
| 8306 | Process output data description 3 | No function | |
| 8307 | Process input data description 1 | Status word 1 | |
| 8308 | Process input data description 2 | Speed | |
| 8309 | Process input data description 3 | No function | |
| 8622 | PO data enable | YES | |
| 8610 | Fieldbus timeout response | Rapid stop/warn. | |
| | 8461 8462 8304 8305 8306 8307 8308 8309 8622 | 8461 Setpoint source 8462 Control signal source 8304 Process output data description 1 8305 Process output data description 2 8306 Process output data description 3 8307 Process input data description 1 8308 Process input data description 2 8309 Process input data description 3 8622 PO data enable | 8461 Setpoint source Fieldbus 8462 Control signal source Fieldbus 8304 Process output data description 1 Control word 1 8305 Process output data description 2 Speed 8306 Process output data description 3 No function 8307 Process input data description 1 Status word 1 8308 Process input data description 2 Speed 8309 Process input data description 3 No function 8622 PO data enable YES |

Table 20: Setting the parameters for process data exchange



The MOVIDRIVE[®] drive inverter is now in fieldbus mode and can receive process data. The program can now be written for the SLC500.



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In rung 0, DeviceNet communication is once again enabled.

In rung 1, the strobe-bit of device 8 is set in relationship to the input bit I:3.2/0 (from the DeviceNet input module). Setting this bit triggers a fieldbus timeout in the inverter and the inverter changes to the rapid stop drive status.

In rung 2, process input data word 1 (I:3.8) is copied to the DeviceNet output module via memory word 0:3.12, and process input data word 2 (I:3.9) is copied to the SLC500 output module via memory word 0:1.0.

4.3 Exchange of explicit messages (parameter data)

Objective:

In this program, parameter data are to be exchanged between the control and the inverter.

| Transmission Header | TXID | cmd/status | Word 224 |
|------------------------|------------|------------|----------|
| smis leade | Connection | Size | Word 225 |
| Tran H | Service | MAC-ID | Word 226 |
| | Cla | Word 227 | |
| Body | Inst | Word 228 | |
| age | Attr | Word 229 | |
| Explicit Message | | Word 230 | |
| Olicit | Da | | |
| Ä | | Word 255 | |
| | | | |

01916AEN Fig. 12: M-file

The exchange of parameter data between the inverter and the SLC500 is performed using files referred to as M-files (see the installation instructions for the DeviceNet scanner module).

A memory area from word 224 to 255 in these Mfiles is reserved for explicit messages. Fig. 12 shows the structure of this memory area.

This memory area is divided into two areas:

- Transmission header (3 words)
- Explicit message body



These memory areas are described in more detail in Table 21.

| Memory area | Function | Length | Value | Description |
|-----------------------|------------|--------------|---------------------------|---|
| Transmission header | cmd/status | ½ word | See Table 22 | cmd: Entry of a command code status: Entry of the transmission status |
| | TXID | ½ word | 1255 | During creation or downloading of a request to the scanner, the contact plan program of the SLC5 processor assigns a TXID to the transmis- sion. |
| | Size | ½ word | 329 | Size of the explicit message body (in bytes!!) |
| | Connection | ½ word | 0 | DeviceNet connection (= 0) |
| | Service | ½ word | 0Eh 10h 05h etc. | Get_Attribut_Single (Read) Set_Attribut_Single (Write) Reset See DeviceNet specification for more services |
| Explicit message body | Class | 1 word | 0255 | DeviceNet class |
| | Instance | 1 word | 0255 | DeviceNet instance |
| | Attribute | 1 word | 0255 | DeviceNet attribute |
| | Data | 0 – 26 words | 065535 | Data content |

Table 21: Coding of the memory area within the M-file

| Command code (cmd) | Description | |
|------------------------------|---|--|
| 0 | Ignore transmssion block | |
| 1 | Execute transmission block | |
| 2 | Receive transmission status | |
| 3 | Reset all client/server transmissions | |
| 4 | Delete transmission from idle loop | |
| 5255 | Reserved | |
| Network node status (status) | Description | |
| 0 | Ignore transmission block | |
| 1 | Transmission completed successfully | |
| 2 | Transmission in progress | |
| 3 | Error – Slave device not in the scan list | |
| 4 | Error – Slave is off-line | |
| 5 | Error – DeviceNet network connection deactivated (off-line) | |
| 6 | Error – Unknown transmission TXID | |
| 7 | Not used | |
| 8 | Error – Invalid command code | |
| 9 | Error – Scanner buffer full | |
| 10 | Error – Other client/server transmission in progress | |
| 11 | Error – No connection to slave device | |
| 12 | Error – Response data are too long for the block | |
| 13 | Error – Invalid connection | |
| 14 | Error – Invalid size specified | |
| 15 | Error – Occupied | |
| 16255 | Reserved | |

Table 22: Command and status codes



The M-files are divided into a request file (M0-file) and a response file (M1-file). The data transmission is shown in Fig. 13:

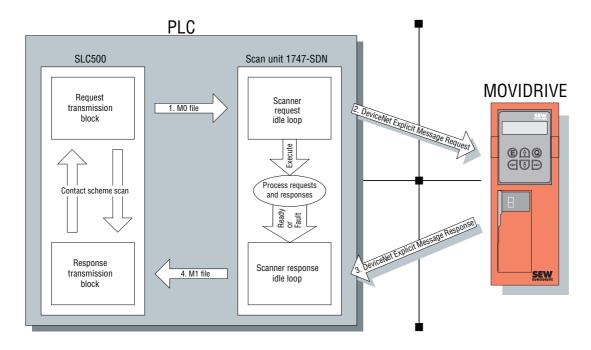


Fig. 13: Transmission of an explicit message

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| | | | i |
|---------------------------|-------------|------------|----------|
| -s(| TXID | cmd/status | Wort 224 |
| Über- tragungs kopf | Anschluss | Größe | Wort 225 |
| tra | Dienst | MAC-ID | Wort 226 |
| | Cla | Wort 227 | |
| Explicit Message Body | Inst | Wort 228 | |
| | Attr | Wort 229 | |
| | Inc | Wort 230 | |
| plicit | Datenwort I | Wort 231 | |
| Ж | Datenwort I | Wort 232 | |
| | | | |

Register object class (7h) must be used in order to read (instance 1 to 8) or write (instance 2 and 3) parameters from the inverter via the SEW parameter data channel. The data range is divided into the index (2 bytes) and the parameter data (4 bytes).

In the sample program, a data area is reserved in the integer file (N-file), into which the data of the MO/M1 files are written.

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Fig. 14: SEW parameter channel

| 🔁 Data Fi | le N7 (he | ж) | INTE | GER | | | | | | _ 🗆 × |
|-----------|-----------|----|------|------|---|---|------|---|---|------------|
| Offset | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| N7:0 | 101 | 8 | E08 | 7 | 1 | 4 | 2070 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| N7:10 | 101 | 6 | 8E08 | 2070 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| I | | | | | | | | | |) + |

The data message which is to be sent is in N7:0 to N7:8, and N7:10 to N7:15 contain the data which have been received.

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| Request | | |
|------------|-------------------|--|
| Function | Value | |
| TXID | 1 | |
| cmd | 1 = Start | |
| Connection | 0 | |
| Size | 8 | |
| Service | Eh = Read request | |
| MAC_ID | 8 | |
| Class | 7 | |
| Instance | 1 | |
| Attribute | 4 | |
| Data 1 | 2070h | |
| Data 2 | 0h | |
| Data 3 | 0 | |

| Response | | |
|------------|---------------------|--|
| Function | Value | |
| TXID | 1 | |
| Status | 1 = Successful | |
| Connection | 0 | |
| Size | 6 | |
| Service | 8Eh = Read response | |
| MACID | 8 | |
| Data 1 | 2070h | |
| Data 2 | 9h | |
| Data 3 | 0 | |

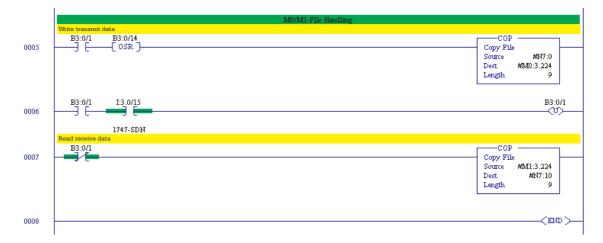
Table 23b

Table 23a

The SEW parameter data channel can be addressed via class 7, instances 1 - 8 and attribute 4 (see statement of conformance).

In rung 5, the 9 bytes starting from N7:0 are copied into the M0-file with a rising edge of bit B3:0/1. This process starts the reading of parameter 8304 (2070h), followed by the program waiting for the rising edge of the scanner status bit I:3.0/15 in rung 6. This bit indicates that the data are present and request bit B3:0/1 can then be reset.

The received data still have to be written into the N-file. To this end, 9 words of the M1-file N7:10 – 19 are written.



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5 Technical Data

Part no. 822 903 1

Number of process data words

 1, 2 or 3 process data words can be selected using parameter P877 DeviceNet PD Configuration

Baud rate

 125, 250 or 500 kbaud can be selected via DIP switch

Transmission level

ISO 11 98 - 24 V

MAC-ID

0 ... 63
 can be selected via DIP switch
 Number of station: max. 64

Supported services

- Polled I/O: 1 ... 3 words
- Bit Strobe I/O: 1 ... 3 words
- Explicit messages: Get_Attribute_Single / Set_Attribute-Single / Reset / Allocate_M/S_Connection_Set / Release_M/S_Connection_Set

Supported objects

- Identity object class
- · Message router class
- DeviceNet object class
- · Connection object class
- · Register object class
- Parameter object class

Communication protocol

Master/slave connection set acc. to DeviceNet specification version 2.0

Connection system

- 2-wire bus and 2-wire supply voltage 24 VDC with 5-pole Phoenix terminal
- · Pin assignment acc. to DeviceNet specification

Bus lengths

500 m at 125 kbaud
 250 m at 250 kbaud
 100 m at 500 kbaud
 for thick cable according to DeviceNet specification 2.0 Appendix B



6 Appendix

6.1 General error codes

| General error code (hex) | Error name | Description | |
|--------------------------|---|---|--|
| 00 - 01 | | Reserved for DeviceNet | |
| 02 | Resource unavailable | The source required for performing the service is unavailable | |
| 03 - 07 | | Reserved for DeviceNet | |
| 08 | Service not supported | The service is not supported for the selected class/instance | |
| 09 | Invalid attribute value | Invalid attribute data have been sent | |
| 0A | | Reserved for DeviceNet | |
| OB | Already in requested mode/state | The selected object is already in the requested mode/state | |
| 0C | Object state conflict | The selected object cannot perform the service in its current status | |
| 0D | | Reserved for DeviceNet | |
| 0E | Attribute not settable | It is not possible to access the selected object for writing | |
| 0F | Privilege violation | Violation of access entitlement | |
| 10 | Device state conflict | The current status of the device makes it impossible to perform the required service | |
| 11 | Reply data too large | The length of the transferred data is longer than the size of the receiving buffer | |
| 12 | | Reserved for DeviceNet | |
| 13 | Not enough data | The length of the transferred data is too short for the service to be performed | |
| 14 | Attribute not supported | The selected attribute is not supported | |
| 15 | Too much data | The length of the transferred data is too long for the service to be performed | |
| 16 | Object does not exist | The selected object is not implemented in the device | |
| 17 | | Reserved for DeviceNet | |
| 18 | No stored attribute data | The requested data have not been stored previously | |
| 19 | Store operation failure | The data could not be stored because an error occurred whilst saving them | |
| 1A - 1E | | Reserved for DeviceNet | |
| 1F | Vendor specific error | Proprietary error See the fieldbus device profile manual | |
| 20 | Invalid parameter | Invalid parameter This error message is used when a parameter does not satisfy the requirements of the specification and/or the requirements of the application | |
| 21 - CF | Future extensions | Reserved by DeviceNet for additional definitions | |
| D0 - FF | Reserved for Object Class and service errors | This area is intended for use if the error which has occurred cannot be assigned to any of the aforementioned error groups | |

Table 24: General error codes



6.2 Statement of conformance

| Device Ne | et l | Stat | ementof(| Conform | ance | ; | | | |
|--|---|---------|-------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------|---------------|---------|---------------|
| _ | SOC data as of 9 - 16 - 19 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Fill in the bla | ankor 🔀 | the | appropriat | e box | | |
| General Device | Conforms to DeviceNet Specification | | Volume I - Re | elease | 2 | Volum | e II - Rek | ease | 2 |
| Data | Vendor N ame | | SEW Eurodr | ive GmbH | | | | | |
| | Device Profile N ame | | Vendor Spec | <u>ific</u> | | | | | |
| | Product Name | | SEW-MOVIL | DRNE-DFL | <u> 11A</u> | | | | |
| | Product Catalog Number | | <u>3</u> | | | | | | |
| | Product Revision | | <u>1,01</u> | | | | | | |
| DeviceNet Physical Conformance Data | Network Power Consumption (Max) | | | | <u>1 A @</u> | 2) 11V dc (w | orst case | 2) | |
| | Connector Style | | Open-H a | rdw ired | | Se | aled-M ini | i | |
| | | | Open-Plu | ggable | X | Se | aled-M ici | ro | |
| | Isolated Physical Layer | | | Yes | X | | | | |
| | is classed if they close Edy of | | | No | Ħ | | | | |
| | 150.0 1.1 | | | | <u> </u> | | | 101 1 | |
| | LEDs Supported | | | odule | H | 1/0 | ombo Moo | a/Net | × |
| | N one | | IN | etw ork | ᆜ | 1/0 | , | | <u>Ц</u> |
| | MAC ID Setting | | | Switch | X | So | ftware Se | ettable | |
| | | | 0 | ther | | | | | |
| | Default MAC ID | | | | <u>63</u> | | | | |
| | Communication Rate Setting | | DIP S | witch | Х | So | ftware Se | ettable | |
| | | | 0 | ther | | | | | - |
| | Communication Rates Supported | | 12 | 25k bit/s | X | | 5001 | k bit/s | X |
| | | | 25 | 50k bit/s | Χ | | | | _ |
| Device Ne t | Device Network Behavior | | Group 2 (| Client | | Group | 2 Only | Client | |
| Communication | Check All That Apply | | Group 2 S | Server | \Box | Group | 2 Only S | Server | X |
| Data | | | Peer-To- | Peer | 百 | Tool (n | ot a Devi | ice) | 百 |
| | U CMM Explicit Message Groups Suppo | orted | | Group 1 | $\overline{\Box}$ | Group 2 | П | Group 3 | \equiv |
| | Dynamic I/O Message Groups (Peer to F | | | Group 1 | H | Group 2 | = | Group 3 | H |
| | , | , | Innut | | | · | _ | • | <u></u> |
| | Default I/O Data Address Path | | Input: Output: | Class | <u>4</u> 1 | Inst. | | Attr. | <u>3</u> 3 |
| | | | Output. | Class | <u>4</u> | Inst. | <u>U4</u> | Attr. | <u>3</u> |
| | Fragmented Explicit Messaging Supported | t | | Yes | X | | j | No | П |
| | If yes. Acknowledge Tim | | | | 1000 | <i>ms</i> | | | |
| | Typical Target Addresses | • | | | | | | | |
| | ** | Service | <u>16</u> | Class | <u>1</u> | Inst. | <u>1</u> | Attr. | <u> </u> |
| | • | Service | <u>14</u> | Class | <u>.</u> 1 | Inst. | <u>.</u> 1 | Attr. | <u> </u> |
| | | | | | | | | | |

<u>1</u> of <u>9</u>



| Device | e Ne t | | | Statement of Confo | or man ce |) | |
|----------------|---------------|----------------|---------|---------------------------------|------------------|---------|----------------------------|
| DeviceNet | | | | Identity Object 0x01 | | | |
| Required | Object Class | | D | Description | Get | Set | Value Limits |
| Object | Attributes | Open | 1 | Revision | | П | |
| Implementation | | r | 2 | Max instance | Ħ | Ħ | |
| | X None Sup | pported | 3 | Number of Instances | 一 | 胃 | |
| | | | 4 | Optional attributes list | 冒 | 冒 | |
| | | | 5 | Optional services list | 一百 | 同 | |
| | | | 6 | Max Id of class attributes | 一百 | Ħ | |
| | | | 7 | Max Id of instance attributes | 一百 | 肩 | |
| | | | Devi | ceNet Services | Para | meter (| Options |
| | Services | | | G et_Attributes_All | | | |
| | | | П | Reset | | | |
| | X None Sup | pported | \Box | Get_Attribute_Single | | | |
| | | | | Find_Next_Object_instance | | | |
| | Object Instan | ce | D | Description | Get | Set | Value Limits |
| | Attributes | Open | 1 | Vendor | X | | <u>=(315)</u> |
| | | | 2 | Device type | X | | <u>=(100)</u> |
| | | | 3 | Product code | X | | <u>=(3)</u> |
| | | | 4 | Revision | X | | <u>=(1.01)</u> |
| | | | 5 | Status (bits supported) | X | | |
| | | | 6 | Serial number | X | | <u>=(8229031)</u> |
| | | | 7 | Product name | Х | | <u>SEW-MOVIDRNE-DFD11A</u> |
| | | | 8 | State | | | |
| | | | 9 | Config. Consistency Value | | | |
| | | | 10 | H eartbeat Interv al | | | |
| | | | Devi | ceNet Services | Para | meter (| Options |
| | Services | | | G et_Attributes_All | | | |
| | | | X | Reset | <u>_0</u> | | |
| | | | X | Get_Attribute_Single | | | |
| | | | | Set_Attribute_Single | | | |
| | Vendor Spec | ific Additions | lf y es | s, fill out the Vendor Specific | Yes | | |
| | | | A ddit | ions form on page F-7. | No | X | |

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X Get to indicate that attribute value is returned by the use of Get_Attribute_Single service.

Set to indicate that attribute value is written to by the use of Set_Attribute_Single service.

| Device | e Ne t | Statement of Conform | n an ce |
|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| | | | |
| DeviceNet | | Messag e Router Object (| |
| Required | Object Class | ID Description | Get Set Value-Limits |
| Obje c t | Attributes O pen | 1 Revision | |
| Implementation | | 4 Optional attribute list | |
| | X None Supported | 5 Optional service list | |
| | _ | 6 Max ID of class attributes | $\overline{\sqcap}$ |
| | | 7 Max ID of instance attributes | |
| | | DeviceNet Services | Parameter Options |
| | Services | G et_Attributes_All | |
| | | Get_Attribute_Single | |
| | X None Supported | _ | |
| | Object Instance | ID Description | Get Set ValueLimits |
| | Attributes O pen | 1 Object list | |
| | | 2 Maximum connections supported | $\overline{\sqcap}$ |
| | X None Supported | 3 Number of active connections | $\overline{\sqcap}$ |
| | <u> </u> | 4 Active connections list | |
| | | DeviceNet Services | Parameter Options |
| | Services | G et_Attributes_All | |
| | | Get_Attribute_Single | |
| | X None Supported | _ | |
| | Vendor Specific Additions | If yes, fill out the Vendor Specific | Yes |
| | | Additions form on page F-7. | No X |

SEVVE

 $\underline{\mathcal{J}}$ of $\underline{\mathcal{G}}$

Get to indicate that attribute value is returned by the use of Get_Attribute_Single service.

Set to indicate that attribute value is written to by the use of Set_Attribute_Single service.

| Device | e Ne t | | Statement of Confor | m an ce | 9 | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------|--------------------------------|-------------------|-------|----------------|
| | | | | | | |
| DeviceNet | | | DeviceNet Object 0x03 | | | |
| R eq u ired | Object Class | ID | Description | Get | Set | Value Limits |
| O bj e ct | Attributes Open | 1 | Revision | X | | <i>=(2</i>) |
| Implementation | None Supported | | | | | |
| | | Devi | ceNetServices | Parameter Options | | |
| | Services | | Get_Attribute_Single | | | |
| | X None Supported | | | | | |
| | Object Instance | ID | Description | Get | Set | Value Limits |
| | Attributes Open | 1 | MAC ID | X | П | <u>=(063</u>) |
| | | 2 | B aud rate | X | П | <u>=(02)</u> |
| | None Supported | 3 | BOI | X | 币 | <u>=(0)</u> |
| | _ | 4 | Bus-off counter | X | X | <u>=(0255)</u> |
| | | 5 | Allocation information | X | П | |
| | | 6 | MAC ID switch changed | X | | <u>=(0)</u> |
| | | 7 | B aud rate switch changed | X | П | <u>=(0)</u> |
| | | 8 | MAC ID switch value | X | П | <u>=(063)</u> |
| | | 9 | B aud rate switch v alue | X | | <u>=(02)</u> |
| | | Devi | ceNetS erv ices | Para | meter | Options |
| | Services | X | Get_Attribute_Single | | | |
| | | X | Set_Attribute_Single | | | |
| | None Supported | X | Allocate M/S connection set | | | |
| | | X | Release M/S connection set | | | |
| | Vendor Specific Additions | lf y es | , fill out the Vendor Specific | Yes | | |
| | | A dditi | ons form on page F-7. | No | X | |

 $\underline{4}$ of $\underline{9}$



Get to indicate that attribute value is returned by the use of Get_Attribute_Single service.

Set to indicate that attribute value is written to by the use of Set_Attribute_Single service.

| Device | o Net | Statement of Confo | AFM on ac |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Device | TNEL | Otatement of Come | omance |
| De vi ce N et | | Connection Object 0x | 05 |
| Required | Object Class | ID Description | Get Set Value Limits |
| Object | Attributes Open | 1 Revision | |
| Implementation | X None Supported | | |
| | | DeviceNet Services | Parameter Options |
| | Services | Reset | |
| | | Create | |
| | X None Supported | D elete | |
| | | Get_Attribute_Single | |
| | | Find_Next_Object_Instance | |
| | Object Instance | Predefined M/S Connections | Peer to Peer Connections Max Instances |
| | Complete the Object Instance secti | ion Ex plicit Message | Ex plicit Message Total |
| | for each Instance type supported. | Polled | Server Client |
| | Indicate Production trigger, | Bit Strobed | Dy namic I/O Total |
| | Transport type and Transport | Change of State | Server Client |
| | Class supported for Dynamic I/O. | Cy clic | |
| | | Production trigger(s) Cycli | c COS App. trig. |
| | | Transport ty pe(s) Serv | er X Client |
| | | Transport class(es) | 2 X 3 |
| | | ID Description | Get Set ValueLimits |
| | Attributes Open | 1 State | X _ |
| | | 2 Instance ty pe | X Ω Ω |
| | | 3 Transport Class trigger | ▼ <u>131</u> |
| | | 4 Produced connection ID | |
| | | 5 Consumed connection ID | |
| | | 6 Initial comm. characteristics | X |
| | | 7 Produced connection size | X |
| | | 8 Consumed connection size | X |
| | | 9 Expected packet rate 12 Watchdog time-out action | X X =(0.65530) X 1 |
| | | 13 Produced connection path length | |
| | | 14 Produced connection path | |
| | | 15 Consumed connection path length | |
| | | 16 Consumed connection path | |
| | | 17 Production inhibit time | |
| | | DeviceNet Services | Parameter Options |
| | Services | X Reset | |
| | | D elete | |
| | | Apply_Attributes | |
| | | X Get_Attribute_Single | |
| | | X Set_Attribute_Single | |
| | Vendor Specific Additions | If y es, fill out the V endor Specific | Yes |
| | | Additions form on page F-7. | No 🕱 |
| | | | |

Get to indicate that attribute value is returned by the use of Get_Attribute_Single service.

Set to indicate that attribute value is written to by the use of Set_Attribute_Single service.

5 of *9*



| Device | e Ne t | Statement of Confo | rmance |
|----------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| | | | |
| DeviceNet | | Connection Object 0x0 | |
| Required | Object Class | ID Description | Get Set Value Limits |
| Object | Attributes Open | 1 Revision | |
| Implementation | X N one Supported | D | |
| | | DeviceNet Services | Parameter Options |
| | Services | Reset | |
| | W | Create | |
| | X N one Supported | Delete | |
| | | Get_Attribute_Single | |
| | Object lasts | Find_N ex t_Object_Instance | Da i B a Maril i |
| | Object Instance | Predefined M/S Connections | Peer to Peer Connections Max Instances |
| | Complete the Object Instance secti | ' ' H | Explicit M essage Total |
| | for each Instance type supported. | Polled X | Server Client |
| | Indicate Production trigger, | Bit Strobed | Dy namic I/O Total Server Client |
| | Transport type and Transport | Change of State | Server Client |
| | Class supported for Dynamic VO. | Cy clic | |
| | | Production trigger(s) Cy clic | COS App. trig. |
| | | Transport ty pe(s) Serv e | r 🗶 Client 🗌 |
| | | Transport class(es) | 2 X 3 |
| | | ID Description | Get Set Value Limits |
| | Attributes Open | 1 State | X 🗆 |
| | | 2 Instance ty pe | X |
| | | 3 Transport Class trigger | X |
| | | 4 Produced connection ID | X _ |
| | | 5 Consumed connection ID | X |
| | | 6 Initial comm. characteristics | X 1 |
| | | 7 Produced connection size | X X 2.4.6 |
| | | 8 Consumed connection size | X X 2.4.6 |
| | | 9 Expected packet rate | X X =(0.65530) |
| | | 12 Watchdog time-out action | X D |
| | | 13 Produced connection path length | X ☐ € |
| | | 14 Produced connection path | |
| | | 15 Consumed connection path length | |
| | | 16 Consumed connection path | X L |
| | | 17 Production inhibit time | X = (0) |
| | | DeviceNet Services | Parameter Options |
| | Services | X Reset | |
| | | Delete | |
| | | Apply_Attributes | |
| | | X Get_Attribute_Single | |
| | · - | X Set_Attribute_Single | |
| | Vendor Specific Additions | If yes, fill out the Vendor Specific | Yes |
| | | Additions form on page F-7. | No X |

 $\underline{\theta}$ of $\underline{\theta}$



X Get to indicate that attribute value is returned by the use of Get_Attribute_Single service.

Set to indicate that attribute value is written to by the use of Set_Attribute_Single service.

| | Set Value Limits |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Object Attributes Open 1 Revision | Oct value Fillits |
| Implementation X None Supported DeviceNet Services Para Services Reset | |
| DeviceNet Services Para | |
| Services Reset | ameter Options |
| \boxminus | amad Options |
| | |
| X None Supported Delete | |
| Get_Attribute_Single | |
| Find_Next_Object_Instance | |
| Object Instance Predefined M/S Connections Peer to | Peer Connections Max Instances |
| | Message Total |
| for each Instance type supported. Po∥ed ☐ | Serv er Client |
| Indicate Production trigger, Bit Strobed X Dy nami | |
| Transport type and Transport Change of State | Server Client |
| Class supported for Dynamic I/O. Cy clic | |
| Production trigger(s) Cy clic | COS App. trig. |
| Transport ty pe(s) Serv er | Client |
| Transport class(es) | 2 🕱 3 🗔 |
| ID Description Get | Set Value Limits |
| Attributes Open 1 State X | |
| 2 Instance ty pe | |
| 3 Transport Class trigger | |
| 4 Produced connection ID | |
| 5 Consumed connection ID | |
| 6 Initial comm. characteristics | <u> 2</u> |
| 7 Produced connection size | X 2.4.6 |
| 8 Consumed connection size | |
| 9 Expected packet rate | X =(065530) |
| 12 Watchdog time-out action X 13 Produced connection path length X | |
| 14 Produced connection path X | H |
| 15 Consumed connection path length X | H |
| 16 Consumed connection path | H |
| 17 Production inhibit time | <u>=(0)</u> |
| | ameter Options |
| Services X Reset | - Friend |
| ☐ Delete | |
| Apply_Attributes | |
| X Get_Attribute_Single | |
| Set_Attribute_Single | |
| Vendor Specific Additions If yes, fill out the Vendor Specific Yes | |
| Additions form on page F-7. No | X |

Get to indicate that attribute value is returned by the use of Get_Attribute_Single service.

Set to indicate that attribute value is written to by the use of Set_Attribute_Single service.

I of g

| Device | e Ne t | | Statement of Confe | ormance | , | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|---------|--------------------|
| | | | | | | |
| Devi ceNet | | | Register Object 0x07 | | | |
| Required | Object Class | ID | Description | Get | Set | Value Limits |
| Object Implementation | Attributes Open | 1 | Revision | | | |
| promontanon | X None Supported | | | | | |
| | | Devi | iceNetServices | Para | meter (| Options |
| | Services | | Get_Attribute_Single | | | |
| | X None Supported | | | | | |
| | Object Instance | ID | Description | Get | Set | Value Limits |
| | Attributes Open | 1 | Bad Flag | X | П | |
| | | 2 | Direction | X | 同 | |
| | N one Supported | 3 | Size | X | 同 | <u>=(16,48)</u> |
| | | 4 | Data | X | X | <u>>(65536)</u> |
| | | Devic eNe tServices | | Para | meter (| Options |
| | Services | X | Get_Attribute_Single | <u>8300</u> | | |
| | N one Supported | X | Set_Attribute_Single | | | |
| | Vendor Specific Additions | lf y e | s, fill out the Vendor Specific | Yes | | |
| | | Addi | tions form on page F-7. | No | X | |



8 of *9*

Get to indicate that attribute value is returned by the use of Get_Attribute_Single service.

Set to indicate that attribute value is written to by the use of Set_Attribute_Single service.

| c eNet | | | Parameter Object 0x0F | | | |
|---------------|-----------------|--------|---------------------------------|------------------|----------|-----------------|
| ire d | Object Class | ID | Description | Get | Set | Value |
| rt . | Attributes Open | 1 | Revision | | | |
| entati on | | 2 | Max instance | X | | |
| | None Supported | 8 | Parameter class descriptor | X | | |
| | | 9 | Configuration assembly instance | X | | |
| | | 10 | Native language | | | |
| | | Devi | ceNet Services | Parameter Option | | |
| | Services | | Get_Attributes_All | | | |
| | | 一百 | Reset | | | |
| | None Supported | X | Get_Attribute_Single | | | |
| | <u> </u> | 一百 | Set_Attribute_Single | | | |
| | | 一 | Restore | | | |
| | | | Save | | | |
| | Object Instance | ID | Description | Get | Set | Value |
| | Attributes Open | 1 | Parameter value | X | X | <u>=(042</u> |
| | · | 2 | Link Path size | X | 一 | <u>0</u> |
| | None Supported | 3 | Link path | X | Ħ | |
| | <u> </u> | 4 | Descriptor | X | Ħ | <u>=(16,4</u> 0 |
| | | 5 | Data type | X | 一 | <u>25</u> |
| | | 6 | Data size | X | Ħ | <i>=(4)</i> |
| | | 7 | Parameter name string | 一 | Ħ | |
| | | 8 | Units string | 同 | Ħ | |
| | | 9 | Help string | 同 | Ħ | |
| | | 10 | Minimum value | 同 | П | |
| | | 11 | Maximum value | Ħ | Ħ | |
| | | 12 | Default value | 同 | | |
| | | 13 | Scaling multiplier | 同 | Ħ | |
| | | 14 | Scaling divisor | 同 | 一 | |
| | | 15 | Scaling base | 同 | | |
| | | 16 | Scaling offset | 同 | | |
| | | 17 | Multiplier link | 同 | | |
| | | 18 | Divisor link | 同 | | |
| | | 19 | Base link | 同 | | |
| | | 20 | Offset link | 同 | Ħ | |
| | | 21 | Decimal precision | 靣 | | |
| | | Devi | ceNet Services | Para | m eter (| Options |
| | Services | \Box | Get_Attribute_All | | | |
| | None Supported | X | Get Attribute Single | | | |



6.3 Definitions of terminology

| Term | Description |
|-----------------------|---|
| Allocate | Provides a service for setting up a connection |
| Attribute | Attribute of an object class or instance. Describes the characteristics of the object class or instance more fully. |
| BIO - Bit-strobe I/O | All participants can be addressed with a broadcast message. The addressed participants respond with the process input data. |
| Class | DeviceNet object class |
| DeviceNet scanner | Plug-in module for the Allen Bradley PLC which connects the PLC fieldbus to the peripheral devices |
| DUP-MAC check | Duplicate MAC-ID test |
| Explicit message body | Includes the class no., instance no., attribute no. and the data |
| Explicit message | Parameter data telegram; assists in addressing the DeviceNet objects |
| Get_Attribute_Single | Read service for a parameter |
| Instance | Instance of an object class. Divides the object classes into additional subgroups. |
| MAC-ID | Media Access Control identifier: Node address of the device |
| M-file | Provides the data range between the PLC and the scanner module |
| Mod/Net | Module/network |
| Node ID | Node address = MAC-ID |
| PIO - Polled I/O | Process data channel of DeviceNet; allows process output data to be sent and process input data to be received |
| Release | Provides a service for dropping a connection |
| Reset | Provides a service for resetting an error |
| Rung | SLC500 program line |
| Service | Service performed over the bus, e.g. read service, write service, etc. |
| Set_Attribute_Single | Write service for a parameter |
| SLC500 | Allen Bradley PLC |

Table 25: Definitions of terminology



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```



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transmission with manufacturing and assembly plants in most major industrial countries.



