



Control User Guide

Unidrive M300

Variable Speed AC drive for induction motors

Part Number: 0478-0350-03

Issue: 3

Original Instructions

For the purposes of compliance with the EU Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC, the English version of this manual is the Original Instructions. Manuals in other languages are Translations of the Original Instructions.

Documentation

Manuals are available to download from the following locations: http://www.drive-setup.com/ctdownloads

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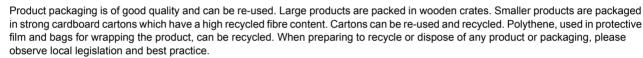
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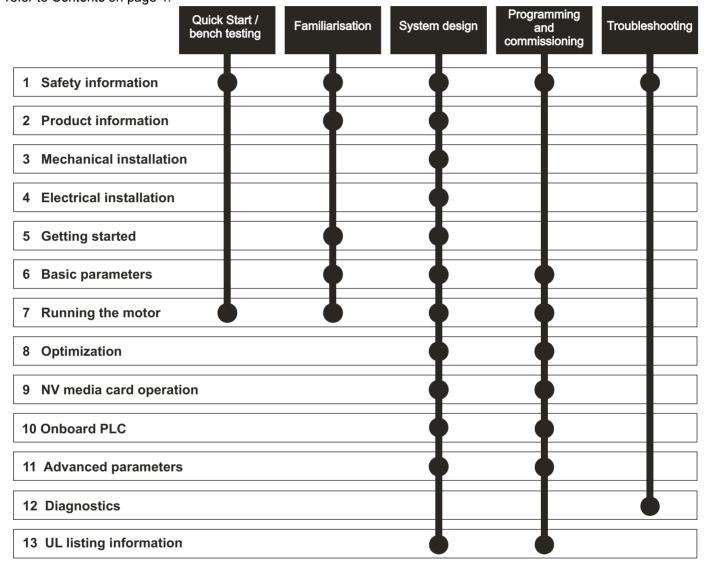
How to use this guide

This guide is intended to be used in conjunction with the appropriate Power Installation Guide. The Power Installation Guide gives information necessary to physically install the drive. This guide gives information on drive configuration, operation and optimization.

NOTE

There are specific safety warnings throughout this guide, located in the relevant sections. In addition, Chapter 1 *Safety information* on page 9 contains general safety information. It is essential that the warnings are observed and the information considered when working with or designing a system using the drive.

This map of the user guide helps to find the right sections for the task you wish to complete, but for specific information, refer to *Contents* on page 4:



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EU Declaration of Conformity

Nidec Control Techniques Ltd,

The Gro.

Newtown,

Powys,

UK.

SY16 3BE.

This declaration is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer. The object of the declaration is in conformity with the relevant Union harmonization legislation. The declaration applies to the variable speed drive products shown below:

Model number	Interpretation	Nomenclature aaaa - bbc ddddde
aaaa	Basic series	M100, M101, M200, M201, M300, M400, M600, M700, M701, M702, M708, M709, M751, M753, M754, F300, H300, E200, E300, HS30, HS70, HS71, HS72, M000, RECT
bb	Frame size	01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 10, 11
С	Voltage rating	1 = 100 V, 2 = 200 V, 4 = 400 V, 5 = 575 V, 6 = 690 V
ddddd	Current rating	Example 01000 = 100 A
е	Drive format	A = 6P Rectifier + Inverter (internal choke), D = Inverter, E = 6P Rectifier + Inverter (external choke), T = 12P Rectifier + Inverter (external choke)

The model number may be followed by additional characters that do not affect the ratings.

The variable speed drive products listed above have been designed and manufactured in accordance with the following European harmonized standards:

EN 61800-5-1:2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 5-1: Safety requirements - Electrical, thermal and energy
EN 61800-3: 2004+A1:2012	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 3: EMC requirements and specific test methods
EN 61000-6-2:2005	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 6-2: Generic standards - Immunity for industrial environments
EN 61000-6-4: 2007+ A1:2011	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 6-4: Generic standards - Emission standard for industrial environments
EN 61000-3-2:2014	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 3-2: Limits for harmonic current emissions (equipment input current ≤16 A per phase)
EN 61000-3-3:2013	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 3-3: Limitation of voltage changes, voltage fluctuations and flicker in public, low voltage supply systems, for equipment with rated current ≤16 A per phase and not subject to conditional connection

EN 61000-3-2:2014 Applicable where input current < 16 A. No limits apply for professional equipment where input power ≥1 kW.

These products comply with the Restriction of Hazardous Substances Directive (2011/65/EU), the Low Voltage Directive (2014/35/EU) and the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (2014/30/EU).

G Williams

Vice President, Technology Date: 6th September 2017

oups willen

These electronic drive products are intended to be used with appropriate motors, controllers, electrical protection components and other equipment to form complete end products or systems. Compliance with safety and EMC regulations depends upon installing and configuring drives correctly, including using the specified input filters.

The drives must be installed only by professional installers who are familiar with requirements for safety and EMC. Refer to the Product Documentation. An EMC data sheet is available giving detailed information. The assembler is responsible for ensuring that the end product or system complies with all the relevant laws in the country where it is to be used.

EU Declaration of Conformity (including 2006 Machinery Directive)

Nidec Control Techniques Ltd

The Gro

Newtown

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This declaration is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer. The object of the declaration is in conformity with the relevant Union harmonization legislation. The declaration applies to the variable speed drive products shown below:

Model No.	Interpretation	Nomenclature aaaa - bbc ddddde								
aaaa	Basic series	M300, M400, HS30								
bb	Frame size	01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09								
С	Voltage rating	1 = 100 V, 2 = 200 V, 4 = 400 V, 5 = 575 V, 6 = 690 V								
ddddd	Current rating	Example 01000 = 100 A								
е	Drive format	A = 6P Rectifier + Inverter (internal choke), D = Inverter, E = 6P Rectifier + Inverter (external choke), T = 12P Rectifier + Inverter (external choke)								

The model number may be followed by additional characters that do not affect the ratings.

This declaration relates to these products when used as a safety component of a machine. Only the Safe Torque Off function may be used for a safety function of a machine. None of the other functions of the drive may be used to carry out a safety function.

These products fulfil all the relevant provisions of the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC and the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (2014/30/EU). EC type examination has been carried out by the following notified body:

TUV Rheinland Industrie Service GmbH

EC type-examination certificate numbers: 01/205/5387.01/15 dated 2015-01-29

Am Grauen Stein D-51105 Köln

01/205/5383.02/15 dated 2015-04-21

Germany

Notified body identification number: 0035

The harmonized standards used are shown below:

EN 61800-5-1:2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 5-1: Safety requirements - Electrical, thermal and energy
EN 61800-5-2:2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 5-2: Safety requirements - Functional
EN ISO 13849-1:2008 + AC:2009	Safety of Machinery, Safety-related parts of control systems, General principles for design
EN 61800-3: 2004+A1:2012	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 3: EMC requirements and specific test methods
EN 62061:2005 + AC:2010 + A1:2013	Safety of machinery, Functional safety of safety related electrical, electronic and programmable electronic control systems
EN60204-1:2006 + A1:2009 + AC:2010	Safety of machinery — Electrical equipment of machines —Part 1: General requirements
EN 61508 Parts 1 - 7:2010	Functional safety of electrical/ electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems

Person authorised to complete the technical file:

P Knight

Conformity Engineer

Newtown, Powys, UK



G. Williams

Vice President, Technology
Date: 6th September 2017
Place: Newtown, Powys, UK

IMPORTANT NOTICE

These electronic drive products are intended to be used with appropriate motors, controllers, electrical protection components and other equipment to form complete end products or systems. Compliance with safety and EMC regulations depends upon installing and configuring drives correctly, including using the specified input filters.

The drives must be installed only by professional installers who are familiar with requirements for safety and EMC. Refer to the Product Documentation. An EMC data sheet is available giving detailed information. The assembler is responsible for ensuring that the end product or system complies with all the relevant laws in the country where it is to be used.

Safety information Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Runnina NV Media Advanced Optimization Onboard PLC Diagnostics **UL** Listing paramete the motor Card

1 Safety information

1.1 Warnings, Cautions and Notes



A Warning contains information which is essential for avoiding a safety hazard.



A Caution contains information which is necessary for avoiding a risk of damage to the product or other equipment

NOTE

A Note contains information which helps to ensure correct operation of the product.

1.2 Important safety information. Hazards. Competence of designers and installers

This guide applies to products which control electric motors either directly (drives) or indirectly (controllers, option modules and other auxiliary equipment and accessories). In all cases the hazards associated with powerful electrical drives are present, and all safety information relating to drives and associated equipment must be observed.

Specific warnings are given at the relevant places in this guide.

Drives and controllers are intended as components for professional incorporation into complete systems. If installed incorrectly they may present a safety hazard. The drive uses high voltages and currents, carries a high level of stored electrical energy, and is used to control equipment which can cause injury. Close attention is required to the electrical installation and the system design to avoid hazards either in normal operation or in the event of equipment malfunction. System design, installation, commissioning/start-up and maintenance must be carried out by personnel who have the necessary training and competence. They must read this safety information and this guide carefully.

1.3 Responsibility

It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment is installed correctly with regard to all instructions given in this guide. They must give due consideration to the safety of the complete system, so as to avoid the risk of injury both in normal operation and in the event of a fault or of reasonably foreseeable misuse.

The manufacturer accepts no liability for any consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation of the equipment.

1.4 Compliance with regulations

The installer is responsible for complying with all relevant regulations, such as national wiring regulations, accident prevention regulations and electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) regulations. Particular attention must be given to the cross-sectional areas of conductors, the selection of fuses or other protection, and protective ground (earth) connections.

This guide contains instructions for achieving compliance with specific EMC standards.

All machinery to be supplied within the European Union in which this product is used must comply with the following directives:

2006/42/EC Safety of machinery.

2014/30/EU: Electromagnetic Compatibility.

1.5 Electrical hazards

The voltages used in the drive can cause severe electrical shock and/or burns, and could be lethal. Extreme care is necessary at all times when working with or adjacent to the drive. Hazardous voltage may be present in any of the following locations:

- AC and DC supply cables and connections
- Output cables and connections
- Many internal parts of the drive, and external option units

Unless otherwise indicated, control terminals are single insulated and must not be touched.

The supply must be disconnected by an approved electrical isolation device before gaining access to the electrical connections.

The STOP and Safe Torque Off functions of the drive do not isolate dangerous voltages from the output of the drive or from any external option unit.

The drive must be installed in accordance with the instructions given in this guide. Failure to observe the instructions could result in a fire hazard.

1.6 Stored electrical charge

The drive contains capacitors that remain charged to a potentially lethal voltage after the AC supply has been disconnected. If the drive has been energized, the AC supply must be isolated at least ten minutes before work may continue.

1.7 Mechanical hazards

Careful consideration must be given to the functions of the drive or controller which might result in a hazard, either through their intended behaviour or through incorrect operation due to a fault. In any application where a malfunction of the drive or its control system could lead to or allow damage, loss or injury, a risk analysis must be carried out, and where necessary, further measures taken to reduce the risk - for example, an over-speed protection device in case of failure of the speed control, or a fail-safe mechanical brake in case of loss of motor braking.

With the sole exception of the Safe Torque Off function, none of the drive functions must be used to ensure safety of personnel, i.e. they must not be used for safety-related functions.

The Safe Torque Off function may be used in a safety-related application. The system designer is responsible for ensuring that the complete system is safe and designed correctly according to the relevant safety standards.

The design of safety-related control systems must only be done by personnel with the required training and experience. The Safe Torque Off function will only ensure the safety of a machine if it is correctly incorporated into a complete safety system. The system must be subject to a risk assessment to confirm that the residual risk of an unsafe event is at an acceptable level for the application.

1.8 Access to equipment

Access must be restricted to authorized personnel only. Safety regulations which apply at the place of use must be complied with.

1.9 Environmental limits

Instructions in this guide regarding transport, storage, installation and use of the equipment must be complied with, including the specified environmental limits. This includes temperature, humidity, contamination, shock and vibration. Drives must not be subjected to excessive physical force.

1.10 Hazardous environments

The equipment must not be installed in a hazardous environment (i.e. a potentially explosive environment).

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard DLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	III Lietina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing

1.11 Motor

The safety of the motor under variable speed conditions must be ensured.

To avoid the risk of physical injury, do not exceed the maximum specified speed of the motor.

Low speeds may cause the motor to overheat because the cooling fan becomes less effective, causing a fire hazard. The motor should be installed with a protection thermistor. If necessary, an electric forced vent fan should be used.

The values of the motor parameters set in the drive affect the protection of the motor. The default values in the drive must not be relied upon. It is essential that the correct value is entered in the Motor Rated Current parameter.

1.12 Mechanical brake control

Any brake control functions are provided to allow well co-ordinated operation of an external brake with the drive. While both hardware and software are designed to high standards of quality and robustness, they are not intended for use as safety functions, i.e. where a fault or failure would result in a risk of injury. In any application where the incorrect operation of the brake release mechanism could result in injury, independent protection devices of proven integrity must also be incorporated.

1.13 Adjusting parameters

Some parameters have a profound effect on the operation of the drive. They must not be altered without careful consideration of the impact on the controlled system. Measures must be taken to prevent unwanted changes due to error or tampering.

1.14 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

Installation instructions for a range of EMC environments are provided in the relevant Power Installation Guide. If the installation is poorly designed or other equipment does not comply with suitable standards for EMC, the product might cause or suffer from disturbance due to electromagnetic interaction with other equipment. It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment or system into which the product is incorporated complies with the relevant EMC legislation in the place of use.

Safet	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard DLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	III Liotina
informa	on information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing

2 Product information

2.1 Introduction

Open loop AC drive

Unidrive M300 delivers maximum machine performance with open loop vector and sensorless induction motor control, for dynamic and efficient machine operation.

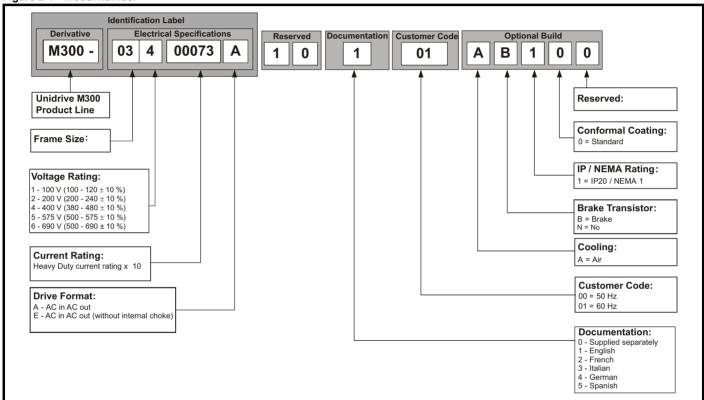
Features

- · Enhance throughput with Machine Safety
- · NV Media Card for parameter copying and data storage
- 24 Vdc backup supply (optional)
- EIA 485 serial communications interface (optional)
- · Dual channel Safe Torque Off (STO) input

2.2 Model number

The way in which the model numbers for the Unidrive M range are formed is illustrated below:

Figure 2-1 Model number



Safety Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running **NV** Media Advanced Product Optimization Onboard PLC Diagnostics **UL** Listina information information installation installation started paramete the motor Card parameters

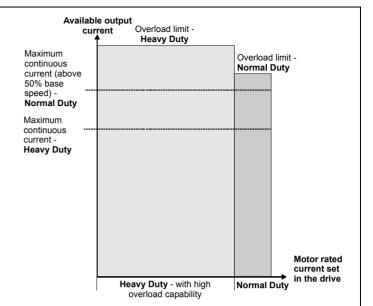
2.3 Ratings

The size 1 to 4 drive is Heavy Duty rated only.

The size 5 to 9 drive is dual rated.

The setting of the motor rated current determines which rating applies - Heavy Duty or Normal Duty.

The two ratings are compatible with motors designed to IEC60034. The graph aside illustrates the difference between Normal Duty and Heavy Duty with respect to continuous current rating and short term overload limits



Normal Duty

For applications which use Self ventilated (TENV/TEFC) induction motors and require a low overload capability, and full torque at low speeds is not required (e.g. fans, pumps).

Self ventilated (TENV/TEFC) induction motors require increased protection against overload due to the reduced cooling effect of the fan at low speed. To provide the correct level of protection the $\rm I^2t$ software operates at a level which is speed dependent. This is illustrated in the graph below.

NOTE

The speed at which the low speed protection takes effect can be changed by the setting of *Low Speed Thermal Protection Mode* (04.025). The protection starts when the motor speed is below 15 % of base speed when Pr 04.025 = 0 (default) and below 50 % when Pr 04.025 = 1.

Heavy Duty (default)

For constant torque applications or applications which require a high overload capability, or full torque is required at low speeds (e.g. winders, hoists).

The thermal protection is set to protect force ventilated induction motors by default.

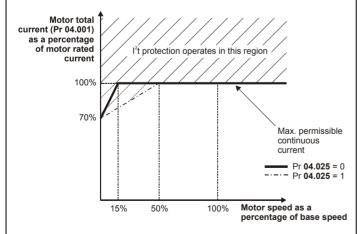
NOTE

If the application uses a self ventilated (TENV/TEFC) induction motor and increased thermal protection is required for speeds below 50 % base speed, then this can be enabled by setting *Low Speed Thermal Protection Mode* (04.025) = 1.

Operation of motor I²t protection

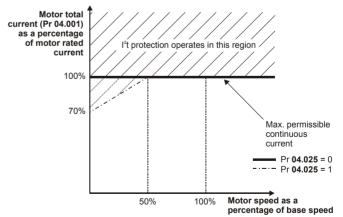
Motor I²t protection is fixed as shown below and is compatible with:

Self ventilated (TENV/TEFC) induction motors



Motor I²t protection defaults to be compatible with:

Forced ventilation induction motors



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

2.4 Operating modes

The drive is designed to operate in any of the following modes:

1. Open loop mode

Open loop vector mode Fixed V/F mode (V/Hz)

Square V/F mode (V/Hz)

2. RFC - A

Without position feedback sensor

2.4.1 Open loop mode

The drive applies power to the motor at frequencies varied by the user. The motor speed is a result of the output frequency of the drive and slip due to the mechanical load. The drive can improve the speed control of the motor by applying slip compensation. The performance at low speed depends on whether V/F mode or open loop vector mode is selected.

Open loop vector mode

The voltage applied to the motor is directly proportional to the frequency except at low speed where the drive uses motor parameters to apply the correct voltage to keep the flux constant under varying load conditions.

Typically 100 % torque is available down to 1 Hz for a 50 Hz motor.

Fixed V/F mode

The voltage applied to the motor is directly proportional to the frequency except at low speed where a voltage boost is provided which is set by the user. This mode can be used for multi-motor applications.

Typically 100 % torque is available down to 4 Hz for a 50 Hz motor.

Square V/F mode

The voltage applied to the motor is directly proportional to the square of the frequency except at low speed where a voltage boost is provided which is set by the user. This mode can be used for running fan or pump applications with quadratic load characteristics or for multi-motor applications. This mode is not suitable for applications requiring a high starting torque.

2.4.2 RFC-A mode

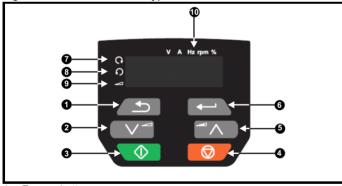
Rotor Flux Control for Asynchronous (induction) motors (RFC-A) encompasses closed loop vector control without a position feedback device

Rotor flux control provides closed loop control without the need for position feedback by using current, voltages and key motor parameters to estimate the motor speed. It can eliminate instability traditionally associated with open loop control for example when operating large motors with light loads at low frequencies.

2.5 Keypad and display

The keypad and display provide information to the user regarding the operating status of the drive and trip codes, and provide the means for changing parameters, stopping and starting the drive, and the ability to perform a drive reset.

Figure 2-2 Unidrive M300 keypad detail

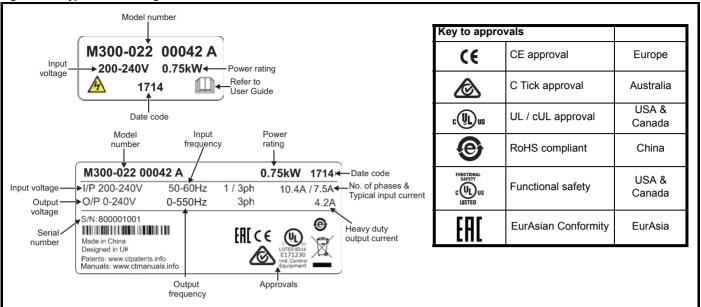


- Escape button
- 2. Down button
- 3. Start button (green)
- 4. Stop / Reset button (red)
- 5. Up button
- 6 Enter button
- 7. Run forward indicator
- 8. Run reverse indicator
- 9. Keypad reference indicator
- 10. Unit indicators

1	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Oliboald I LO	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

2.6 Nameplate description

Figure 2-3 Typical drive rating labels size 2



Refer to Figure 2-1 Model number on page 11 for further information relating to the labels.

NOTE

Date code format

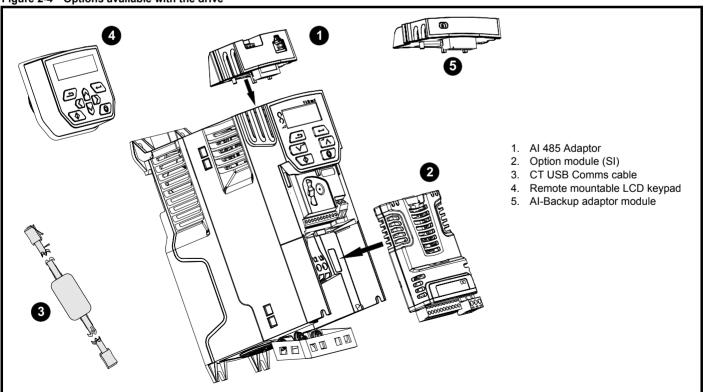
The date code is four numbers. The first two numbers indicate the year and the remaining numbers indicate the week of the year in which the drive was built. This new format started in 2017.

Example:

A date code of 1710 would correspond to week 10 of year 2017.

2.7 Options

Figure 2-4 Options available with the drive



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

Table 2-1 System Integration (SI) option module identification

Туре	Option module	Color	Name	Further details		
	PET	Purple	SI-PROFIBUS	Profibus option PROFIBUS adaptor for communications with the drive		
		Medium Grey SI-DeviceNet		DeviceNet option DeviceNet adaptor for communications with the drive		
Fieldbus		Light Grey	SI-CANopen	CANopen option CANopen adaptor for communications with the drive		
rielabus		Yellow Green	SI-PROFINET V2	PROFINET V2 option PROFINET V2 adapter for communications with the drive		
		Beige	SI-Ethernet	Ethernet option External Ethernet module that supports EtherNet/IP, Modbus TCP/IP and RTMoE. The module can be used to provide global connectivity and integration with IT network technologies, such as wireless networking		
		Brown Red	SI-EtherCAT	EtherCAT option EtherCAT adapter for communications with the drive		
Automation (I/O expansion)		Orange	SI-I/O	Extended I/O Increases the I/O capability by adding the following combinations: Digital I/O Digital Inputs Analog Inputs (differential or single ended) Relays		

Table 2-2 Adaptor Interface (AI) option module identification

Туре	Option module	Name	Further details
	- A	AI-485 adaptor	EIA 485 serial communications option Provides a EIA 485 serial communications interface via an RJ45 connector or alternative screw terminals.
Communications		AI-485 24V adaptor	EIA 485 serial communications option Provides a EIA 485 serial communications interface via an RJ45 connector or alternative screw terminals. It also provides a 24 V Backup supply input.
Backup	S	Al-Backup adaptor	+24 V Backup and SD card interface Provides a +24 V Backup supply input and SD card interface
		Al-Smart adaptor	+24 V Backup and SD card interface Supplied with 4 GB SD card for parameter copying and an input for 24 V Backup

Table 2-3 Keypad identification

Туре	Keypad	Name	Further Details
Keypad		Remote-Keypad	Remote LCD keypad option Remote Keypad with a LCD display
Поураа		Remote-Keypad RTC	Remote LCD keypad option Remote Keypad with a LCD display and real time clock

Safety | Product | Information | Installation | Ins

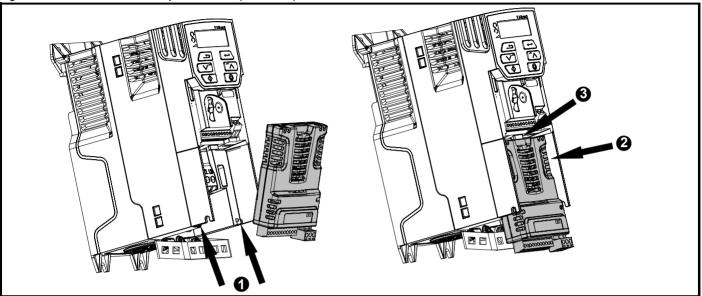
3 Mechanical installation

3.1 Installing / removing options



Power down the drive before installing / removing the SI option module. Failure to do so may result in damage to the product.

Figure 3-1 Installation of an SI option module (size 2 to 4)

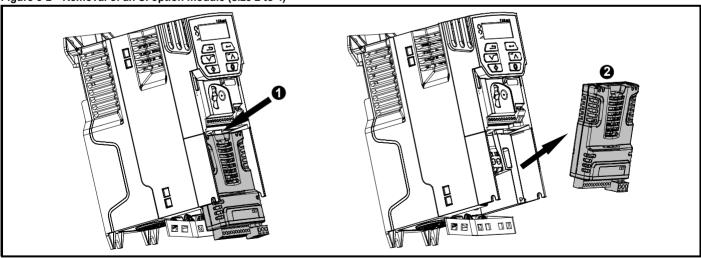


- With the option module tilted slightly backwards, align and locate the two holes in the rear of the option module onto the two tabs (1) on the drive.
- Press the option module onto the drive as shown in (2) until the connector mates with the drive, ensuring that the tab (3) retains the option module
 in place.

NOTE

Check that the option module is securely located on the drive. Always ensure that the terminal cover is always replaced before use as this ensures that the option module is firmly secured.

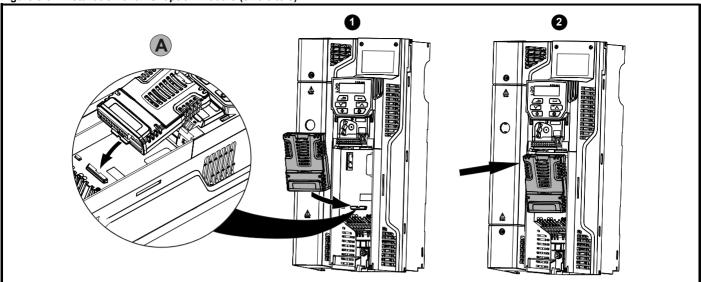
Figure 3-2 Removal of an SI option module (size 2 to 4)



- Press down on the tab (1) to release the option module from the drive housing as shown.
- Tilt the option module slightly towards you and pull away from the drive housing (2).

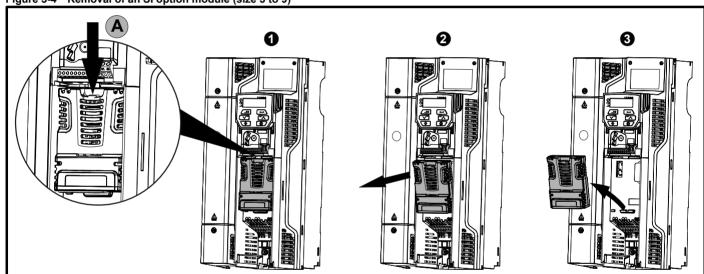
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard DLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	III Lieting
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing

Figure 3-3 Installation of an SI option module (size 5 to 9)



- Move the option module in the direction shown (1).
- · Align and insert the option module tab into the slot provided (2), This is shown in the detailed view (A).
- · Press down on the option module until it clicks in place.

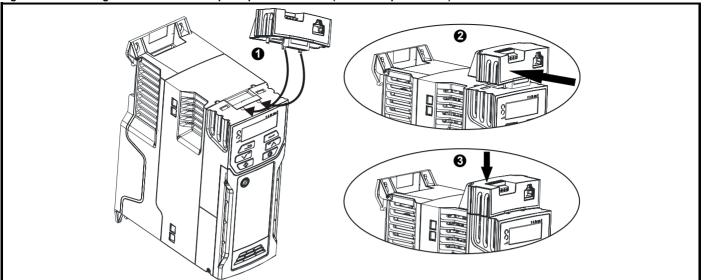
Figure 3-4 Removal of an SI option module (size 5 to 9)



- To release the option module from the drive housing, press down on the tab (1) as shown in detailed view (A).
- Tilt the option module towards you as shown in (2).
- Remove the option module by lifting away from the drive as shown in (3).

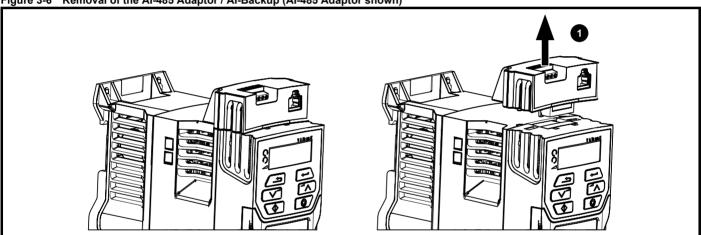
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard F EO	parameters	Diagnoonoo	OL LIGHING

Figure 3-5 Installing the Al-485 / Al-Backup Adaptor to the drive (Al-485 Adaptor shown)



- Identify the two plastic fingers on the underside of the Al-485 / Al-Backup Adaptor (1) then insert the two fingers into the corresponding slots in the spring loaded sliding cover on the top of the drive.
- · Hold the adaptor firmly and push the spring loaded protective cover towards the back of the drive to expose the connector block (2) below.
- Press the adaptor downwards (3) until the adaptor connector locates into the drive connection below.

Figure 3-6 Removal of the Al-485 Adaptor / Al-Backup (Al-485 Adaptor shown)



• To remove the Al-485 / Al-Backup adaptor, pull it up and away from the drive in the direction shown (1)

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard DLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	III Liotina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing

3.2 Real time clock battery replacement

Those keypads which have the real time clock feature contain a battery to ensure the clock works when the drive is powered down. The battery has a long life time but if the battery needs to be replaced or removed, follow the instructions below.

Low battery voltage is indicated by \Box low battery symbol on the keypad display.

Figure 3-7 Remote Keypad RTC (rear view)

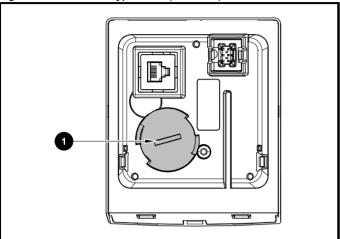


Figure 3-7 above illustrates the rear view of the Remote Keypad RTC.

- To remove the battery cover insert a flat head screwdriver into the slot as shown (1), push and turn anti-clockwise until the battery cover is released.
- 2. Replace the battery (the battery type is: CR2032).
- 3. Reverse point 1 above to replace battery cover.

NOTE

Ensure the battery is disposed of correctly.

Safety Product information Installation Inst

4 Electrical installation

4.1 24 Vdc supply

The 24 Vdc supply connected to the +24 V supply terminals on the Al-Backup adaptor provides the following functions:

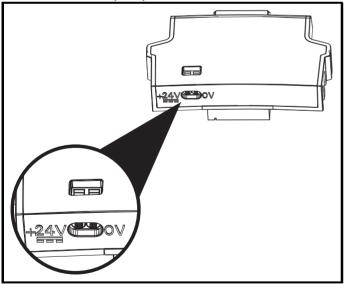
- It can be used as a back-up power supply to keep the control circuits
 of the drive powered up when the line power supply is removed. This
 allows any fieldbus modules or serial communications to continue to
 operate. If the line power supply is re-applied, then the normal
 operation can carry on after the drive automatically re-initializes the
 power board parameters.
- It can be used to clone or load parameters in order to pre-configure drives when the line power supply is not available. The keypad can be used to setup parameters if required. However, the drive will be in the Under Voltage state unless the line power supply is enabled, therefore diagnostics may not be possible. (Power down save parameters are not saved when using the 24 V back-up power supply input).

The working voltage range of the 24 V back-up power supply is as follows:

0V	0V (connected internally to 0V common - Control terminal 1)					
+ 24 V	+ 24 V Backup supply input					
Nominal operating voltage 24.0 Vdc						
Minimum continuous operating voltage 19.2 V						
Maximum continuous operating voltage 30.0 V						
Minimum start up voltage 12.0 V						
Minimum power supply requirement at 24 V 20 W						
Maximum power supply continuous current 3 A						
Recomm	nended fuse	1 A, 50 Vdc				

Minimum and maximum voltage values include ripple and noise. Ripple and noise values must not exceed 5 %.

Figure 4-1 Location of the 24 Vdc power supply connection on the Al-Backup adaptor



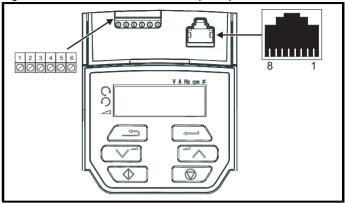
NOTE

The 24 Vdc Backup supply can be used on all frame sizes.

4.2 Communication connections

Installing an AI-485 Adaptor provides the drive with a 2 wire EIA 485 serial communications interface. This enables the drive set-up, operation and monitoring to be carried out with a PC or controller as required.

Figure 4-2 Location of the Al-485 Adaptor option



4.2.1 EIA 485 serial communications

The drive only supports Modbus RTU protocol. See Table 4-1 for the connection details.

NOTE

Standard Ethernet cables **must not be used** when connecting drives on a EIA 485 network as they do not have the correct twisted pairs for the pinout of the serial comms port.

Table 4-1 Serial communication port pin-outs (RJ45)

Pin	Function
1	120 Ω Termination resistor
2	RX TX
3	0V
4	+24 V (100 mA) output
5	Not connected
6	TX enable
7	RX\ TX\
8	RX\ TX\ (if termination resistors are required, link to pin 1)

Minimum number of connections are 2, 3, 7 and shield.

Table 4-2 Serial communication port pin-outs (screw terminal block)

Pin	Function
1	0V
2	RX\ TX\ (if termination resistor required, link to pin 4)
3	RX TX
4	120 Ω Termination resistor
5	TX Enable
6	+24 V (100 mA) output

NOTE

The connections on the RJ45 connector and terminal block are in parallel.

Safety Product Mechanical Getting Basic Runnina NV Media Advanced Electrical Optimization Onboard PLC Diagnostics **UL** Listina information installation paramete the motor Card parameters

4.2.2 Isolation of the EIA 485 serial communication port

The serial communication port is single insulated and meets the requirements for ELV.



When using the communications port with a personal computer or centralised controller e.g. PLC, an isolation device must be included with a rated voltage at least equal to the drive supply voltage. Ensure that the correct fuses are installed at the drive input, and that the drive is connected to the correct supply voltage.

If a serial communications converter other than the CT Comms cable is used to connect to other circuits classified as Safety Extra Low Voltage (SELV) (e.g. to a personal computer), then a safety isolating barrier must be included to maintain the SELV classification.

An isolated serial communications lead has been designed to connect the drive to IT equipment (such as laptop computers), and is available from the supplier of the drive. See below for details:

Table 4-3 Isolated serial comms lead details

Part number	Description
4500-0096	CT USB Comms cable

The "isolated serial communications" lead has reinforced insulation as defined in IEC60950 for altitudes up to 3,000 m.

4.3 Control connections

4.3.1 General

Table 4-4 The control connections consist of:

Function	Qty	Control parameters	Terminal
	٦.,	available	number
Single ended analog input	2	Mode, offset, invert, scaling, destination	2, 5
Analog output	1	Source, mode, scaling,	7
Digital input	5	Destination, invert	5, 11, 12, 13, 14
Digital input / output	1	Input / output mode select, destination / source, invert	10
Frequency input	1	Maximum reference, input limit, scaling, destination	14
PWM or frequency output	1	Source, scaling, maximum output frequency, mode	10
Motor thermistor input	1	Mode, type, trip threshold, reset threshold	14
Relay	1	Source, invert	41
Drive enable (Safe Torque Off)	2		31 (STO 2 input), 34 (STO 1 input) [frame 1- 4] 31 (STO 1 input), 35 (STO 2 input) [frame 5 - 9]
+10 V User output	1		4
+24 V User output	1		9
0V common	1		1
0V Safe Torque Off	2		32 (0 V STO 2), 33 (0 V STO 1) [frame 1- 4] 32 (0 V STO 1), 36 (0 V STO 2) [frame 5 - 9]

NOTE

The 0V terminals on the Safe Torque Off are isolated from each other and the 0V common (size 1 to 4). The 0V terminals of the Safe Torque Off function on size 5 to 9 are common with the user 0V terminals.

Key:

Destination parameter:	Indicates the parameter which is being controlled by the terminal / function
Source parameter:	Indicates the parameter being output by the terminal
Mode parameter:	Analog - indicates the mode of operation of the terminal, i.e. voltage 0-10 V, current 4-20 mA etc. Digital - indicates the mode of operation of the terminal, (the Drive Enable terminal is fixed in positive logic).

All analog terminal functions can be programmed in menu 7.

All digital terminal functions (including the relay) can be programmed in menu 8.



The control circuits are isolated from the power circuits in the drive by basic insulation (single insulation) only. The installer must ensure that the external control circuits are insulated from human contact by at least one layer of insulation (supplementary insulation) rated for use at the AC supply voltage.



If the control circuits are to be connected to other circuits classified as Safety Extra Low Voltage (SELV) (e.g. to a personal computer), an additional isolating barrier must be included in order to maintain the SELV classification.



If any of the digital inputs (including the drive enable input) are connected in parallel with an inductive load (i.e. contactor or motor brake) then suitable suppression (i.e. diode or varistor) should be used on the coil of the load. If no suppression is used then over voltage spikes can cause damage to the digital inputs and outputs on the drive.

NOTE

Any signal cables which are carried inside the motor cable (i.e. motor thermistor, motor brake) will pick up large pulse currents via the cable capacitance. The shield of these signal cables must be connected to ground close to the point of exit of the motor cable, to avoid this noise current spreading through the control system.

NOTE

The Safe Torque Off drive enable terminals are positive logic input only (see Figure 4-4 on page 22).

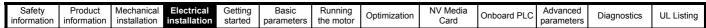


Figure 4-3 Default terminal functions

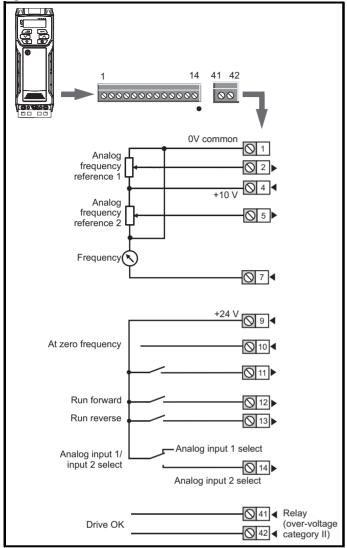


Figure 4-4 Safe Torque Off inputs (size 1 to 4)

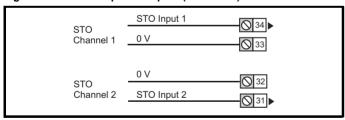
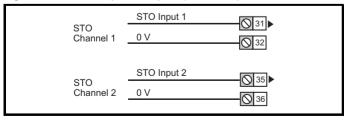


Figure 4-5 Safe Torque Off inputs (size 5 to 9)



4.3.2 Control terminal specification

1	0V common	
Funct	tion	Common connection for all external devices

2 Analog input 1		
Default function	Frequency reference	
Type of input	Unipolar single-ended analog voltage or unipolar current	
Mode controlled by	Pr 07.007	
Operating in voltage mode (defa-	ult)	
Full scale voltage range	0V to +10 V ±3 %	
Maximum offset	±30 mV	
Absolute maximum voltage range	-18 V to +30 V relative to 0V	
Input resistance	100k Ω	
Operating in current mode		
Current ranges	0 to 20 mA ±5 %, 20 to 0 mA ±5 %, 4 to 20 mA ±5 %, 20 to 4 mA ±5 %	
Maximum offset	250 μΑ	
Absolute maximum voltage (reverse bias)	-18 V to +30 V relative to 0V	
Absolute maximum current	25 mA	
Equivalent input resistance	165 Ω	
Common to all modes		
Resolution	11 bits	
Sample rate	4 ms	

4	+10 V user output	
Default fu	ınction	Supply for external analog devices
Nominal voltage		10.2 V
Voltage tolerance		±3 %
Maximum output current		5 mA

5 Analog input 2	
Default function	Frequency reference
Type of input	Unipolar single-ended analog voltage or positive logic only digital input
Mode controlled by	Pr 07.011
Operating in voltage mode (defau	lt)
Full scale voltage range	0V to +10 V ±3 %
Maximum offset	±30 mV
Absolute maximum voltage range	-18 V to +30 V relative to 0V
Input resistance	100 k Ω
Resolution	11 bits
Sample rate	4 ms
Operating in digital mode	
Absolute maximum voltage range	-18 V to +30 V relative to 0V
Impedance	6.8 k Ω
Input threshold	10 V ±0.8 V (IEC 61131-2)
Sample rate	1 ms when routed to destinations Pr 06.035 or Pr 06.036 , otherwise 4 ms.

7 Analog output	1
Default function	Frequency output
Type of output	Unipolar single-ended analog voltage
Voltage range	+10 V
Maximum offset	15 mV
Load resistance	≥ 2k Ω
Protection	Short circuit relative to 0V
Resolution	0.1 %
Sample rate	4 ms

9	+24 V user output	
Default function		Supply for external digital devices
Voltage tolerance		±20 %
Maximum o	output current	100 mA
Protection		Current limit and trip

10 Digital I/O 1		
Default function	AT ZERO FREQUENCY output	
Туре	Positive logic digital input, positive logic voltage source output. PWM or frequency output modes can be selected.	
Input / output mode controlled by	Pr 08.031	
Operating as in input		
Absolute maximum applied voltage range	-8 V to +30 V relative to 0V	
Impedance	6.8 kΩ	
Input threshold	10 V ±0.8 V (IEC 61131-2)	
Operating as an output		
Nominal maximum output current	50 mA	
Maximum output current	100 mA (total including +24 Vout)	
Common to all modes		
Voltage range	0V to +24 V	
Sample rate	1 ms when routed to destinations Pr 06.035 or Pr 06.036 , otherwise 4 ms	

11	Digital Input 2	
12	Digital Input 3	
13	Digital Input 4	
Terminal 11 default function		None
Terminal 12 default function		RUN FORWARD input
Terminal 1	3 default function	RUN REVERSE input
Туре		Positive logic only digital inputs
Voltage range		0V to +24 V
Absolute maximum applied voltage range		-18 V to +30 V relative to 0V
Impedance		6.8 kΩ
Input threshold		10 V ±0.8 V (IEC 61131-2)
Sample rate		1 ms when routed to destinations Pr 06.035 or Pr 06.036, otherwise 4 ms.

14	Digital Input 5	
Terminal 14 default function		Analog INPUT 1 / INPUT 2 select
Туре		Positive logic only digital input. Frequency input or motor thermistor input (bias for DIN44081 ptc, KTY84, PT1000, PT2000 and other types) mode can be selected
Voltage range		0V to +24 V
Absolute maximum applied voltage range		-18 V to +30 V relative to 0V
Impedance		6.8 kΩ
Input thres	hold	10 V ±0.8 V (IEC 61131-2)
Sample rat	e	1 ms when routed to destinations Pr 06.035 or Pr 06.036 , otherwise 4 ms.

Safe Torque Off fu (Frame 1 to 4)	Safe Torque Off function (drive enable) (Frame 1 to 4)	
Туре	Positive logic only digital input	
Voltage range	0 to +24 V	
Absolute maximum applied voltage	30 V	
Logic Threshold	10 V ±5 V	
Low state maximum voltage for disable to SIL3 and PL e	5 V	
Impedance	>4 mA @ 15 V, <15mA @30 V (IEC 61131-2, type 1)	
Low state maximum current for disable to SIL3 and PL e	0.5 mA	
Response time	Nominal: 12 ms Maximum: 20 ms	

The Safe Torque Off function may be used in a safety-related application in preventing the drive from generating torque in the motor to a high level of integrity. The system designer is responsible for ensuring that the complete system is safe and designed correctly according to the relevant safety standards. If the Safe Torque Off function is not required, these terminal are used for enabling the drive.

32	0V STO2 (Frame 1 to 4)	
Function		Common connection for STO2

33	0V STO1 (Frame 1 to 4)	
Function		Common connection for STO1

31 35	Safe Torque Off function (drive enable) (Frame 5 to 9)		
Туре		Positive logic only digital input	
Voltage range		0 to +24 V	
Absolute maximu	m applied voltage	30 V	
Logic Threshold		10 V ±5 V	
Low state maximum voltage for disable to SIL3 and PL e		5 V	
Impedance		>4 mA @ 15 V (IEC 61131-2, type 1, 3.3 kΩ)	
Low state maximum current for disable to SIL3 and PL e		0.5 mA	
Response time		Nominal: 6 ms Maximum: 20 ms	

The Safe Torque Off function may be used in a safety-related application in preventing the drive from generating torque in the motor to a high level of integrity. The system designer is responsible for ensuring that the complete system is safe and designed correctly according to the relevant safety standards. If the Safe Torque Off function is not required, these terminal are used for enabling the drive.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical installation	Getting	Basic	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Card		parameters		

32	0V STO1 (Frame 5 to 9)	
Function	Common connection for STO1	

36	0V STO2 (Frame 5 to 9)	
Function		Common connection for STO2

41 Relay contacts	
Default function	Drive OK indicator
Contact voltage rating	240 Vac, Installation over-voltage category II
Contact maximum current rating	2 A AC 240 V 4 A DC 30 V resistive load 0.5 A DC 30 V inductive load (L/R = 40 ms)
Contact minimum recommended rating	12 V 100 mA
Contact type	Normally open
Default contact condition	Closed when power applied and drive OK
Update rate	1 ms



To prevent the risk of a fire hazard in the event of a fault, a fuse or other over-current protection must be installed in the relay circuit.

4.4 Safe Torque Off (STO)

The Safe Torque Off function provides a means for preventing the drive from generating torque in the motor, with a very high level of integrity. It is suitable for incorporation into a safety system for a machine. It is also suitable for use as a conventional drive enable input.

The safety function is active when the STO input is in the logic-low state as specified in the control terminal specification. The function is defined according to EN 61800-5-2 and IEC 61800-5-2 as follows. (In these standards a drive offering safety-related functions is referred to as a PDS(SR)):

'Power that can cause rotation (or motion in the case of a linear motor) is not applied to the motor. The PDS(SR) will not provide energy to the motor which can generate torque (or force in the case of a linear motor)'

This safety function corresponds to an uncontrolled stop in accordance with stop category 0 of IEC 60204-1.

The Safe Torque Off function makes use of the special property of an inverter drive with an induction motor, which is that torque cannot be generated without the continuous correct active behaviour of the inverter circuit. All credible faults in the inverter power circuit cause a loss of torque generation.

The Safe Torque Off function is fail-safe, so when the Safe Torque Off input is disconnected the drive will not operate the motor, even if a combination of components within the drive has failed. Most component failures are revealed by the drive failing to operate. Safe Torque Off is also independent of the drive firmware. This meets the requirements of the following standards, for the prevention of operation of the motor.

Machinery Applications

The Safe Torque Off function has been independently assessed by Notified Body, TüV Rheinland for use as a safety component of a machine:

Prevention of unintended motor operation: The safety function "Safe Torque Off" can be used in applications up to Cat 4. PL e according to

EN ISO 13849-1, SIL 3 according to EN 61800-5-2/EN 62061/ IEC 61508 and in lift applications according to EN 81-1 and EN81-2.

Type examination certificate number	Date of issue	Models	Frame sizes
01/205/5387.01/15	2015-01-29	M300	5 to 9
01/205/5383.02/15	2015-04-21	M300	1 to 4

This certificate is available for download from the TüV Rheinland website at: http://www.tuv.com

Safety Parameters as verified by TüV Rheinland:

According to IEC 61508-1 to 07 / EN 61800-5-2 / EN 62061

Туре	Value	Percentage of SIL 3 allowance	Frame sizes		
Proof test interval	20 years		All		
High demand or a d	continuous mode of	f operation			
PFH (1/h)	9.61 x 10 ⁻¹¹ 1/h	< 1 %	1 to 4		
PFH (1/h)	4.16 x 10 ⁻¹¹ 1/h	< 1 %	5 to 9		
Low demand mode of operation (not EN61800-5-2)					
PFDavg	8.4 x 10 ⁻⁶	< 1 %	1 to 4		
PFDavg	3.64 x 10 ⁻⁶	< 1 %	5 to 9		

According to EN ISO 13849-1

Туре	Value	Classification
Category	4	
Performance Level (PL)	е	
MTTF _D (STO1)	>2500 years	High
MTTF _D (STO2)	>2500 years	High
MTTF _D (Single channel STO)	>2500 years	High
DC _{avg}	≥99 %	High
Mission time	20 years	

NOTE

Logic levels comply with IEC 61131-2:2007 for type 1 digital inputs rated at 24 V. Maximum level for logic low to achieve SIL3 and PL e 5 V and 0.5 mA

Lift (Elevator) Applications

The Safe Torque function has been independently assessed for use as a safety component in lift (elevator) applications by Notified Body, TüV Nord:

The drives Unidrive M series with safe torque off (STO) function if applied according to the "Conditions of application" fulfil the safety requirements of the standards EN81-1, EN81-2, EN 81-50 and EN60664-1 and are in conformity with all relevant requirements of the Directive 95/16/EC.

Certificate of Conformity number	Date of issue	Models
44 799 13196202	2015-04-08	M300

The Safe Torque Off function can be used to eliminate electromechanical contactors, including special safety contactors, which would otherwise be required for safety applications.

For further information contact the supplier of the drive.

UL Approval

The Safe Torque Off function has been independently assessed by Underwriters Laboratories (UL). The on-line certification (yellow card) reference is: FSPC.E171230.

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Safety Parameters as verified by UL:

According to IEC 61508-1 to 7

Туре	Value
Safety Rating	SIL 3
SFF	> 99%
PFH (1/h)	4.43 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1/h (< 1% of SIL 3 allowance)
HFT	1
Beta Factor	2 %
CCF	Not applicable

According to EN ISO 13849-1

Туре	Value
Category	4
Performance Level (PL)	е
MTTF _D	2574 years
Diagnostic coverage	High
CCF	65

Two-channel Safe Torque Off

The M300 models have dual channel STO.

The dual channel STO has two fully independent channels.

Each input meets the requirements of the standards as defined above.

If either or both inputs are set at a logic low state, there are no single faults in the drive which can permit the motor to be driven.

It is not necessary to use both channels to meet the requirements of the standards. The purpose of the two channels is to allow connection to machine safety systems where two channels are required, and to facilitate protection against wiring faults.

For example, if each channel is connected to a safety-related digital output of a safety related controller, computer or PLC, then on detection of a fault in one output the drive can still be disabled safely through the other output.

Under these conditions, there are no single wiring faults which can cause a loss of the safety function, i.e. inadvertent enabling of the drive.

In the event that the two-channel operation is not required, the two inputs can be connected together to form a single Safe Torque Off input.

In this case it is important to note that a single short-circuit from the Safe Torque Off input to a DC supply > 5 V could cause the drive to be enabled.

This might occur through a fault in the wiring. This can be excluded according to EN ISO 13849-2 by the use of protected wiring. The wiring can be protected by either of the following methods:

- By placing the wiring in a segregated cable duct or other enclosure. ${\bf or}$
- By providing the wiring with a grounded shield in a positive-logic grounded control circuit. The shield is provided to avoid a hazard from an electrical fault. It may be grounded by any convenient method; no special EMC precautions are required.

Note on response time of Safe Torque Off, and use with safety controllers with self-testing outputs:

Safe Torque Off has been designed to have a response time of greater than 1 ms so that it is compatible with safety controllers whose outputs are subject to a dynamic test with a pulse width not exceeding 1 ms.



The design of safety-related control systems must only be done by personnel with the required training and experience. The Safe Torque Off function will only ensure the safety of a machine if it is correctly incorporated into a complete safety system. The system must be subject to a risk assessment to confirm that the residual risk of an unsafe event is at an acceptable level for the application



Safe Torque Off does not provide electrical isolation. The supply to the drive must be disconnected by an approved isolation device before gaining access to power connections



Safe Torque Off inhibits the operation of the drive, this includes inhibiting braking. If the drive is required to provide both braking and Safe Torque Off in the same operation (e.g. for emergency stop) then a safety timer relay or similar device must be used to ensure that the drive is disabled a suitable time after braking. The braking function in the drive is provided by an electronic circuit which is not fail-safe. If braking is a safety requirement, it must be supplemented by an independent fail-safe braking mechanism.



It is essential to observe the maximum permitted voltage of 5 V for a safe low (disabled) state of Safe Torque Off. The connections to the drive must be arranged so that voltage drops in the 0V wiring cannot exceed this value under any loading condition. It is strongly recommended that the Safe Torque Off circuits be provided with a dedicated 0V conductors which should be connected to terminals 32 and 33 (sizes 1 to 4) and terminals 32 and 36 (sizes 5 to 9) at the drive.

Safe Torque Off over-ride

The drive does not provide any facility to over-ride the Safe Torque Off function, for example for maintenance purposes.

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5 Getting started

This chapter introduces the user interfaces, menu structure and security levels of the drive.

5.1 Understanding the display

5.1.1 Keypad

The keypad display consists of a 6 digit LED display. The display shows the drive status or the menu and parameter number currently being edited

The option module menu (S.mm.ppp) is only displayed if the option module is installed. Where S signifies the option module slot number and the mm.ppp signifies the menu and parameter number of the option module's internal menus and parameter.

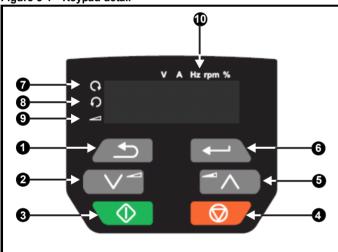
The display also includes LED indicators showing units and status as shown in Figure 5-1.

When the drive is powered up, the display will show the power up parameter defined by *Parameter Displayed At Power-Up* (11.022).

NOTE

The values in the *Status Mode Parameters* (Pr **22** and Pr **23**) shown on the display when the drive is running, can be toggled by using the escape button.

Figure 5-1 Keypad detail



- 1. Escape button
- 2. Down button
- Start button (green)
- 4. Stop / Reset button (red)
- 5. Up button
- 6. Enter button
- 7. Run forward indicator
- 8. Run reverse indicator
- 9. Keypad reference indicator
- 10. Unit indicators

NOTE

The red stop button is also used to reset the drive.

The parameter value is correctly displayed on the keypad display as shown in Table 5-1.

Table 5-1 Keypad display formats

Display formats	Value
Standard	100.99
Date	31.12.11 or 12.31.11
Time	12.34.56
Character	ABCDEF
Binary	5
IP Address	192.168 88.1*
MAC Address	01.02.03 04.05.06*
Version number	01.23.45

^{*}Alternate display

5.2 Keypad operation

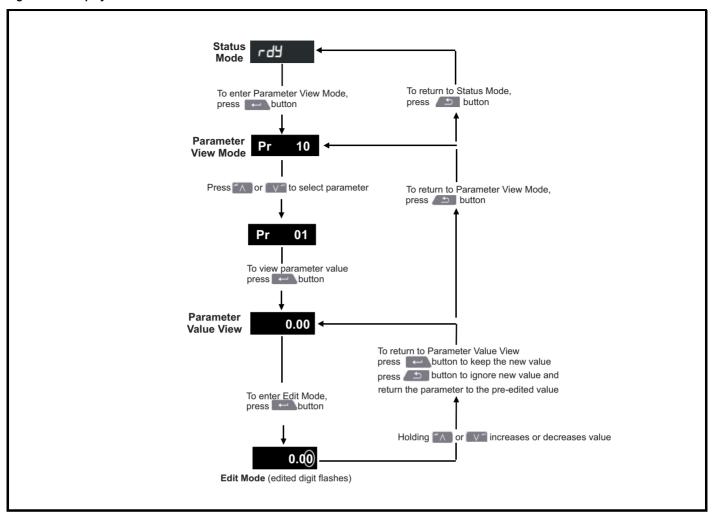
5.2.1 Control buttons

The keypad consists of:

- Up and down button Used to navigate the parameter structure and change parameter values.
- Enter button Used to change between parameter edit and view mode, as well as entering data. This button can also be used to select between slot menu and parameter display.
- Escape button Used to exit from parameter edit or view mode. In parameter edit mode, if parameter values are edited and the escape button pressed, the parameter value will be restored to the value it had on entry to edit mode.
- Start button Used to provide a 'Run' command if keypad mode is selected
- Stop / Reset button Used to reset the drive. In keypad mode can be used for 'Stop'.

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information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

Figure 5-2 Display modes



NOTE

The up and down buttons can only be used to move between menus if Pr 10 has been set to show 'ALL'. Refer to section 5.9 Parameter access level and security on page 30.

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Figure 5-3 Mode examples



- 1 Parameter view mode: Read write or Read only
- 2 Status mode: Drive OK status

If the drive is ok and the parameters are not being edited or viewed, the display will show one of the following:

inh', 'rdy' or status mode parameter value.

3 Status mode: Trip status

When the drive is in trip condition, the display will indicate that the drive has tripped and the display will show the trip code. For further information regarding trip codes, refer to section 12.4 *Trips, Sub-trip numbers* on page 131.

4 Status mode: Alarm status

During an 'alarm' condition the display flashes between the drive status parameter value and the alarm.



Do not change parameter values without careful consideration; incorrect values may cause damage or a safety hazard.

NOTE

When changing the values of parameters, make a note of the new values in case they need to be entered again.

NOTE

New parameter values must be saved to ensure that the new values apply after the drive has been power cycled. Refer to section 5.7 *Saving parameters* on page 30.

5.3 Menu structure

The drive parameter structure consists of menus and parameters.

The drive initially powers up so that only Menu 0 can be viewed. The up and down arrow buttons are used to navigate between parameters and once Pr 10 has been set to 'All' the up and down buttons are used to navigate between menus.

For further information refer to section 5.9 Parameter access level and security on page 30.

The menus and parameters rollover in both directions i.e. if the last parameter is displayed, a further press will cause the display to rollover and show the first parameter.

When changing between menus, the drive remembers which parameter was last viewed in a particular menu and thus displays that parameter.

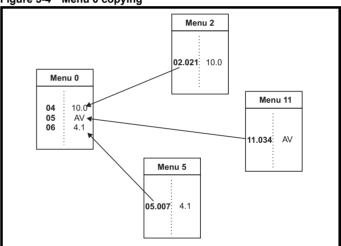
5.4 Menu 0

Menu 0 is used to bring together various commonly used parameters for basic easy set up of the drive. The parameters displayed in Menu 0 can be configured in Menu 22.

Appropriate parameters are copied from the advanced menus into Menu 0 and thus exist in both locations.

For further information, refer to Chapter 6 Basic parameters on page 32.

Figure 5-4 Menu 0 copying



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard DLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing

5.5 Advanced menus

The advanced menus consist of groups or parameters appropriate to a specific function or feature of the drive. Menus 0 to 24 can be viewed on the Keypad.

The option module menu (1.mm.ppp) is only displayed if the option module is installed. Where 1 signifies the option module slot number and the mm.ppp signifies the menu and parameter number of the option module's internal menus and parameters.

Table 5-2 Advanced menu descriptions

Menu	Description
0	Commonly used basic set up parameters for quick / easy
Ů	programming
1	Frequency reference
2	Ramps
3	Frequency control
4	Torque and current control
5	Motor control
6	Sequencer and clock
7	Analog I/O
8	Digital I/O
9	Programmable logic, motorized pot, binary sum, timers
10	Status and trips
11	Drive set-up and identification, serial communications
12	Threshold detectors and variable selectors
14	User PID controller
15	Option module slot 1 set-up menu
18	General option module application menu 1
20	General option module application menu 2
21	Second motor parameters
22	Menu 0 set-up
24	Option module slot 1 application menu
Slot 1	Slot 1 option menus*

^{*} Only displayed when the option module is installed.

5.5.1 Display messages

The following tables indicate the various possible mnemonics which can be displayed by the drive and their meaning.

Table 5-3 Status indications

String	Description	Drive output stage
inh	The drive is inhibited and cannot be run. The Safe Torque Off signal is not applied to Safe Torque Off terminals or Pr 06.015 is set to 0. The other conditions that can prevent the drive from enabling are shown as bits in <i>Enable Conditions</i> (06.010)	Disabled
rdy	The drive is ready to run. The drive enable is active, but the drive inverter is not active because the final drive run is not active	Disabled
Stop	The drive is stopped / holding zero speed.	Enabled
S.Loss	Supply loss condition has been detected	Enabled
dc inj	The drive is applying dc injection braking	Enabled
Er	The drive has tripped and no longer controlling the motor. The trip code appears on the display.	Disabled
UV	The drive is in the under voltage state either in low voltage or high voltage mode.	Disabled
HEAt	The motor pre-heat function is active	Enabled

5.5.2 Alarm indications

An alarm is an indication given on the display by alternating the alarm string with the drive status string on the display. Alarms strings are not displayed when a parameter is being edited.

Table 5-4 Alarm indications

Alarm string	Description
br.res	Brake resistor overload. <i>Braking Resistor Thermal Accumulator</i> (10.039) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip.
OV.Ld	Motor Protection Accumulator (04.019) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip and the load on the drive is >100 %.
d.OV.Ld	Drive over temperature. <i>Percentage Of Drive Thermal Trip Level</i> (07.036) in the drive is greater than 90 %.
tuning	The autotune procedure has been initialized and an autotune in progress.
LS	Limit switch active. Indicates that a limit switch is active and that is causing the motor to be stopped.
Opt.Al	Option slot alarm.
Lo.AC	Low voltage mode. See Low AC Alarm (10.107).
I.AC.Lt	Current limit active. See <i>Current Limit Active</i> (10.009).
24.LoSt	24V Backup not present. See 24V Alarm Loss Enable (11.098)

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5.6 Changing the operating mode

Procedure

Use the following procedure only if a different operating mode is required:

- Ensure the drive is not enabled, i.e. drive is in inhibit or under voltage state.
- 2. Change the setting of Pr 79 as follows:

Pr 79 setting	Operating mode	
OPENLP	1	Open-loop
[FEE-8]	2	RFC-A

The figures in the second column apply when serial communications are used.

NOTE

When the operating mode is changed, a parameter save is carried out.

- Either
- Press the red reset button
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr 10.038 to 100.

5.7 Saving parameters

When changing a parameter in Menu 0, the new value is saved when pressing the Enter button to return to parameter view mode from parameter edit mode.

If parameters have been changed in the advanced menus, then the change will not be saved automatically. A save function must be carried out.

Procedure

- Select 'Save' in Pr 00 or Pr mm.000 (alternatively enter a value of 1001 in Pr 00 or Pr mm.000)
- 2. Either:
- Press the red reset button
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr 10.038 to 100

5.8 Restoring parameter defaults

Restoring parameter defaults by this method saves the default values in the drives memory. *User security status* (Pr **10**) and *User security code* (Pr **25**) are not affected by this procedure).

Procedure

- Ensure the drive is not enabled, i.e. drive is in inhibit or under voltage state.
- Select 'Def.50' or 'Def.60' in Pr 00 or Pr mm.000. (alternatively, enter 1233 (50 Hz settings) or 1244 (60 Hz settings) in Pr 00 or Pr mm.000).
- 3. Either:
- Press the red reset button
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr 10.038 to 100

5.9 Parameter access level and security

The parameter access level determines whether the user has access to Menu 0 only or to all the advanced menus (Menus 1 to 24) in addition to Menu 0.

The User Security determines whether the access to the user is read only or read write.

Both the User Security and Parameter Access Level can operate independently of each other as shown in Table 5-5.

Table 5-5 Parameter access level and security

User security status (Pr 10)	Access level	Menu 0 status	Advanced menu status
0	LEVEL.1	RW	Not visible
1	LEVEL.2	RW	Not visible
2	ALL	RW	RW
3	StAtUS	RW	Not visible
4	no.Acc	RW	Not visible

The default settings of the drive are Parameter Access Level: LEVEL.1 and user Security Open i.e. read / write access to Menu 0 with the advanced menus not visible.

5.9.1 User Security Level / Access Level

The drive provides a number of different levels of security that can be set by the user via *User Security Status* (Pr **10**); these are shown in the table below.

User Security Status (Pr 10)	Description
LEVEL.1 (0)	Access to first 10 parameters in Menu 0 only.
LEVEL.2 (1)	Access to all parameters in Menu 0.
ALL (2)	Access to all menus.
StAtUS (3)	The keypad remains in status mode and only first 10 parameters in Menu 0 can be viewed or edited.
no.Acc (4)	The keypad remains in status mode and only first 10 parameters in Menu 0 can be viewed or edited. Drive parameters cannot be accessed via a comms interface.

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5.9.2 Changing the User Security Level /Access Level

The security level is determined by the setting of Pr 10 or Pr 11.044. The Security Level can be changed through the keypad even if the User Security Code has been set.

5.9.3 User Security Code

The User Security Code, when set, prevents write access to any of the parameters in any menu.

Setting User Security Code

Enter a value between 1 and 9999 in Pr 25 and press the button; the security code has now been set to this value. In order to activate the security, the Security level must be set to desired level in Pr 10. When the drive is reset, the security code will have been activated and the drive returns to LEVEL.1. The value of Pr 25 will return to 0 in order to hide the security code.

Unlocking User Security Code

Select a parameter that need to be edited and press the button, the display will now show 'Co'. Use the arrow buttons to set the security code and press the button. With the correct security code entered, the display will revert to the parameter selected in edit mode. If an incorrect security code is entered, the following message 'Co.Err' is displayed, and the display will revert to parameter view mode.

Disabling User Security

Unlock the previously set security code as detailed above. Set Pr 25 to 0 and press the button. The User Security has now been disabled, and will not have to be unlocked each time the drive is powered up to allow read / write access to the parameters.

5.10 Displaying parameters with nondefault values only

By selecting 'diff.d' in Pr **00** (Alternatively, enter 12000 in Pr **00**), the only parameters that will be visible to the user will be those containing a non-default value. This function does not require a drive reset to become active. In order to deactivate this function, return to Pr **00** and select 'none' (alternatively enter a value of 0). Please note that this function can be affected by the access level enabled, refer to section 5.9 *Parameter access level and security* on page 30 for further information regarding access level

5.11 Displaying destination parameters only

By selecting 'dest' in Pr 00 (Alternatively enter 12001 in Pr 00), the only parameters that will be visible to the user will be destination parameters. This function does not require a drive reset to become active. In order to deactivate this function, return to Pr 00 and select 'none' (alternatively enter a value of 0).

Please note that this function can be affected by the access level enabled, refer to section 5.9 *Parameter access level and security* on page 30 for further information regarding access level.

5.12 Communications

Installing an Al-485 Adaptor provides the drive with a 2 wire EIA 485 serial communications interface. This enables the drive set-up, operation and monitoring to be carried out with a PC or controller as required.

5.12.1 EIA 485 Serial communications

Communication is via the RJ45 connector or screw terminals (parallel connection). The drive only supports Modbus RTU protocol.

The communications port applies a 1.25 unit load to the communications network.

USB to EIA485 Communications

An external USB hardware interface such as a PC cannot be used directly with the 2-wire EIA485 interface of the drive. Therefore a suitable converter is required.

A suitable USB to EIA485 isolated converter is available from Control Techniques as follows:

CT USB Comms cable (CT Part No. 4500-0096)

When using the above converter or any other suitable converter with the drive, it is recommended that no terminating resistors be connected on the network. It may be necessary to 'link out' the terminating resistor within the converter depending on which type is used. The information on how to link out the terminating resistor will normally be contained in the user information supplied with the converter.

Serial communications set-up parameters

The following parameters need to be set according to the system requirements.

Seria	I communications	set-up parameters
Serial Mode (11.024)	8 2 NP (0), 8 1 NP (1), 8 1 EP (2), 8 1 OP (3), 8 2 NP M (4), 8 1 NP M (5), 8 1 EP M (6), 8 1 OP M (7), 7 1 EP (8), 7 1 OP (9), 7 1 OP M (10),	The drive only supports the Modbus RTU protocol and is always a slave. This parameter defines the supported data formats used by the EIA 485 comms port (if installed) on the drive. This parameter can be changed via the drive keypad, via a option module or via the comms interface itself.
Serial Baud Rate (Pr 43)	600 (1), 1200 (2), 2400 (3), 4800 (4), 9600 (5), 19200 (6), 38400 (7), 57600(8), 76800(9), 115200 (10)	This parameter can be changed via the drive keypad, via a option module or via the comms interface itself. If it is changed via the comms interface, the response to the command uses the original baud rate. The master should wait at least 20 ms before sending a new message using the new baud rate.
Serial Address (Pr 44)	1 to 247	This parameter defines the serial address and an addresses between 1 and 247 are permitted.
Reset Serial Communications (Pr 45)	Off (0) or On (1)	When the above parameters are modified the changes do not have an immediate effect on the serial communication system. The new values are used after the next power up or if Reset Serial Communications is set to 1.

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6 Basic parameters

Menu 0 is used to bring together various commonly used parameters for basic easy set up of the drive. All the parameters in Menu 0 appear in other menus in the drive (denoted by {...}). Menu 22 can be used to configure the parameters in Menu 0.

6.1 Parameter ranges and Variable minimum/maximums:

Some parameters in the drive have a variable range with a variable minimum and a variable maximum value which is dependent on one of the following:

- · The settings of other parameters
- The drive rating
- The drive mode
- · Combination of any of the above

For more information please see section 11.1 Parameter ranges and Variable minimum/maximums: on page 72.

6.2 Menu 0: Basic parameters

Paramatan.		Range	Defa	ılt (⇔)	Type							
	Parameter		OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A	Type					
01	Minimum Speed	{01.007}	0.00 to Pr	02 Hz	0.00) Hz	RW	Num				US
02	Maximum Speed	{01.006}	0.00 to 550	0.00 Hz	50Hz default: 50.00 Hz 60Hz default: 60.00 Hz		RW	Num				US
03	Acceleration Rate 1	{02.011}	0.0 to 32000.0	s / 100 Hz	5.0 s / 100 Hz		RW	Num				US
04	Deceleration Rate 1	{02.021}	0.0 to 32000.0	10.0 s / 100 Hz		RW	Num				US	
05	Drive Configuration	{11.034}	AV (0), AI (1), AV.Pr (2), AI.P PAd.rEF (6), E.Pot (7)	AV (0)		RW	Txt			PT	US	
06	Motor Rated Current	{05.007}	0.00 to Drive	Rating A	Maximum Heav	y Duty Rating A	RW	Num		RA		US
07	Motor Rated Speed*	{05.008}	0.0 to 3300	0.0 rpm	50Hz default: 1500.0 rpm 60Hz default: 1800.0 rpm	50Hz default: 1450.0 rpm 60Hz default: 1750.0 rpm	RW	Num				US
08	Motor Rated Voltage	{05.009}	0 to 76	200V drive 9 400V drive 9 400V drive 9 575V driv	ve: 230 V ve: 230 V 50 Hz: 400 V 60 Hz: 460 V ve: 575 V ve: 690 V	RW	Num		RA		US	
09	Motor Rated Power Factor**	{05.010}	0.00 to	1.00	0.	85	RW	Num		RA		US
10	User Security Status	{11.044}	LEVEL.1 (0), LEVEL.2 (1), ALI	LEVEL.1 (0)			Num	ND		PT		
11	Start/Stop Logic Select	{06.004}	0 to	6	5			Num				US
15	Jog Reference	{01.005}	0.00 to 30	0.00 Hz	1.50 Hz		RW	Num				US
16	Analog Input 1 Mode	{07.007}	4-20.S (-6), 20-4.S 20-4.L (-3), 4-20.H (-2), 20-4 4-20.tr (2), 20-4.tr (3), 4-2	.H (-1), 0-20 (0), 20-0 (1),	Volt (6)		RW	Txt				US
17	Bipolar Reference Enable	{01.010}	Off (0) or	On (1)	Off (0)			Bit				US
18	Preset Reference 1	{01.021}	0.00 to Pr	02 Hz	0.00) Hz	RW	Num				US
19	Preset Reference 2	{01.022}	0.00 to Pr	02 Hz	0.00 Hz			Num				US
20	Preset Reference 3	{01.023}	0.00 to Pr	02 Hz	0.00) Hz	RW	Num				US
21	Preset Reference 4	{01.024}	0.00 to Pr) Hz	RW	Num				US
22	Status Mode Parameter 2	{11.019}	0.000 to 3		4.020			Num			PT	US
23	Status Mode Parameter 1	{11.018}	0.000 to 3		2.001			Num			PT	US
24 25	Customer Defined Scaling	{11.021}	0.000 to ² 0 to 99		1.000 0			Num	ND		PT	US
4	User Security Code Power-up Keypad Control Mode	{11.030}					RW	Num	ND		гІ	US
27	Reference	{01.051}	Reset (0), Last (1), Preset (2)	Res	et (0)	RW	Txt	L		_	US
28	Ramp Mode Select	{02.004}	Fast (0), Std (1), Std.		Std	(1)	RW	Txt				US
29	Ramp Enable	{02.002}		Off (0) or On (1)		On (1)	RW	Bit				US
30	Parameter Cloning	{11.042}	NonE (0), rEAd (1), Prog		Non	E (0)	RW	Txt		NC		US
31	Stop Mode	{06.001}	Coast (0), rp (1), rp.dc I (2), dc I (3), td.dc I (4), dis (5)	Coast (0), rp (1), rp.dc I (2), dc I (3), td.dc I (4), dis (5), No.rp (6)	rp	(1)	RW	Txt				US
32	Dynamic V to F Select	{05.013}	0 to 1		0		RW	Num				US
	Flux Optimisation Select	{05.013}	0 to 1			0	RW	Num	L			US
33	Catch A Spinning Motor	{06.009}	dis (0), Enable (1), Fr.0		(0)	RW	Txt				US	
34	Digital Input 5 Select	{08.035}	Input (0), th.Sct (1), th (ıt (0)	RW	Txt				US
35	Digital Output 1 Control	{08.091}	0 to 2		0			Num				US
36	Analog Output 1 Control	{07.055}	0 to 1			0	RW	Txt			لــــا	US
37	Maximum Switching Frequency	{05.018}	0.667 (0), 1 (1), 2 (2), 3 (3), 4 (4), 6 (5), 8 (6), 12 (7), 16 (8) kHz	2 (2), 3 (3), 4 (4), 6 (5), 8 (6), 12 (7), 16 (8) kHz	3 (3) kHz			Txt				US

Safety information	Product Mechanical information installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboa	rd PLC	Advanced parameter		Diagno	stics	U	IL Lis	ting
Pour 1			Ran	Default (⇒)				_								
	Parameter			OL		RFC-A	OL		RFC	:-A	- Type					
38	Autotune	{05.012}	0	to 2		0 to 3		0		F	RW	Num	NC			US
39	Motor Rated Frequency	{05.006}		0.0 to	550.00 Hz		50Hz: 50.00 Hz 60Hz: 60.00 Hz			F	RW	Num		RA		US
40	Number of Motor Poles***	{05.011}	Auto (0) to 32 (16)				Auto (0)			F	RW	Num				US
41	Control Mode	{05.014}	Ur.S (0), Ur (1), Fd (2), Ur.Auto (3), Ur.I (4), SrE (5), Fd.tAP (6)					Ur.I (4)		F	RW	Txt				US
42	Low Frequency Voltage Boost	{05.015}	0.0 to 25.0 %			3.0 %		F	RW	Num				US		
43	Serial Baud Rate	{11.025}		(2), 2400 (3), (7), 57600 (8)		00 (5), 19200 (6), 15200 (10)		19200 ((6)	F	RW	Txt				US
44	Serial Address	{11.023}	1 to 247					1		F	RW	Num				US
45	Reset Serial Communications	{11.020}			Off (0)	F	RW		ND	NC					
46	BC Upper Current Threshold	{12.042}			50 %	1	F	RW	Num				US			
47	BC Lower Current Threshold	{12.043}			200 % 20.00 Hz		10 %				RW					US
48	BC Brake Release Frequency	{12.044}		1.00 Hz				RW	Num				US			
49	BC Brake Apply Frequency	{12.045}		2.00 Hz 1.0 s				RW	Num				US			
50	BC Brake Delay	{12.046}				SW.	Num				US					
51	BC Post-brake Release Delay	` ,		0.0 to 25.0 s Ref (0), For (1), Rev (2)		1.0 s Ref (0)				RW.	Num				US	
53	BC Initial Direction	{12.050}	Ref (0), For (1), Rev (2)		` '		1	RW	Txt				US			
54	BC Brake Apply Through Zero Threshold	{12.051}	0.00 to 25.00 Hz				1.00 Hz			RW	Num				US	
55	BC Enable	{12.041}	dis (0), Relay (1), dig IO (2), User (3)					dis (0)			RW	Txt				US
56	Trip 0	{10.020}	0 to 255							RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS	
57	Trip 1	{10.021}		0 to 255 0 to 255							२०	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
58 59	Trip 2 OUP Enable	{10.022}			D (4	1)		RO RW	Txt Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS US			
60	OUP Status	{11.047} {11.048}			or Run (1) to 21474836	47	Run (1)				RVV RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	03
	Frequency Controller	` '		-2147403040		0.000 to							ND	NC	FI	
65	Proportional Gain Kp1	{03.010}				0.000 s/rad			0.100	s/rad F	RW	Num				US
66	Frequency Controller Integral Gain Ki1	{03.011}				0.00 to 5.35 s ² /rad			0.10 s	² /rad F	RW	Num				US
67	Sensorless Mode Filter	{03.079}				(1), 6 (2), 8 (3), 4), 20 (5) ms			4 (0)	ms F	RW	Txt				US
69	Spin Start Boost	{05.040}	0.0 to 10.0			1.0		F	RW	Num				US		
70	PID1 Output	{14.001}		± 100.00 %							30	Num	ND	NC	PT	
71	PID1 Proportional Gain	{14.010}			to 4.000		1.000				RW	Num				US
72	PID1 Integral Gain	{14.011}	0.000 to 4.000		0.500			RW	Num				US			
73	PID1 Feedback Invert	{14.006}	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)			RW	Bit				US			
74	PID1 Output Upper Limit	{14.013}	0.00 to 100.00 % ± 100.00 %		100.00 %			RW.	Num				US			
75	PID1 Output Lower Limit	{14.014}	± 100.00 % 0 to 31		-100.00 %				RW.	Num				US		
76	, ,							0			RW	Num				US
77	Maximum Heavy Duty Curren Rating	{11.032}	0.00 to Drive HD Current Rating A								Ю.	Num	ND	NC	PT	
78	Software Version	{11.029}			99.99.99						₹0	Num	ND	NC	PT	110
79	User Drive Mode	{11.031}	_		(1), RFC-A (2)	<u> </u>	OPEn.LP (1)	RFC-A		RW	Txt	ND	NC	PT	US
81	Reference Selected	{01.001}		Pr 02 to Pr 02 o							२०	Num	ND	NC	PT	
82	Pre-ramp Reference	{01.003}	-F					30	Num	ND	NC	PT				

-Pr 02 to Pr 02 or Pr 01 to Pr 02 Hz

0 to 1190 V

± 550.00 Hz

0 to 930 V

± 33000.0 rpm

0 to Drive Maximum Current A

± Drive Maximum Current A

0 to 2047

Off (0) or On (1)

Off (0) or On (1)

Off (0) or On (1)

± 100.00 %

± 100.00 %

{03.001}

{05.005}

{05.001}

{05.002}

{05.004}

{04.001}

{04.002}

{08.020}

{01.011}

{01.012}

{01.013}

{07.001}

{07.002}

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter						

RO Num ND NC PT

RO

RO

RO Num ND NC PT FI

RO

RO

RO

RO Bin

RO Bit ND NC

RO

RO

RO

RO

Num ND NC PT FI

Num

Num

Num ND NC PT

Num

ND

ND NC PT

ND NC PT

ND NC PT

ND

ND NC

ND NC PT

ND

NC PT

NC PT

NC PT

FI

Final Demand Reference

D.C. Bus Voltage

Output Frequency

Current Magnitude

Digital I/O Read Word

Torque Producing Current

Output Voltage

Motor Rpm

Reference On

Reverse Select

Analog Input 1

Analog Input 2

Jog Select

84

85

86

87

88

89

90

91

92

93

94

95

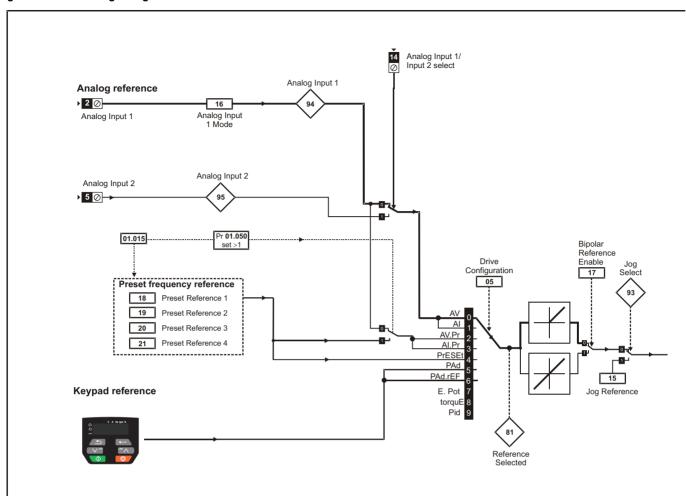
^{*} Setting Pr 07 to 0.0 will disable slip compensation.

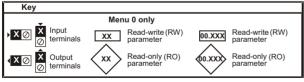
^{**} Following a rotating autotune Pr **09** {05.010} is continuously written by the drive, calculated from the value of *Stator Inductance* (Pr **05.025**). To manually enter a value into Pr **09** {05.010}, Pr **05.025** will need to be set to 0. Refer to the description of Pr **05.010** in the *Parameter Reference Guide* for further details.

^{***} If this parameter is read via serial communications, it will show pole pairs.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Oliboald FLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISHING

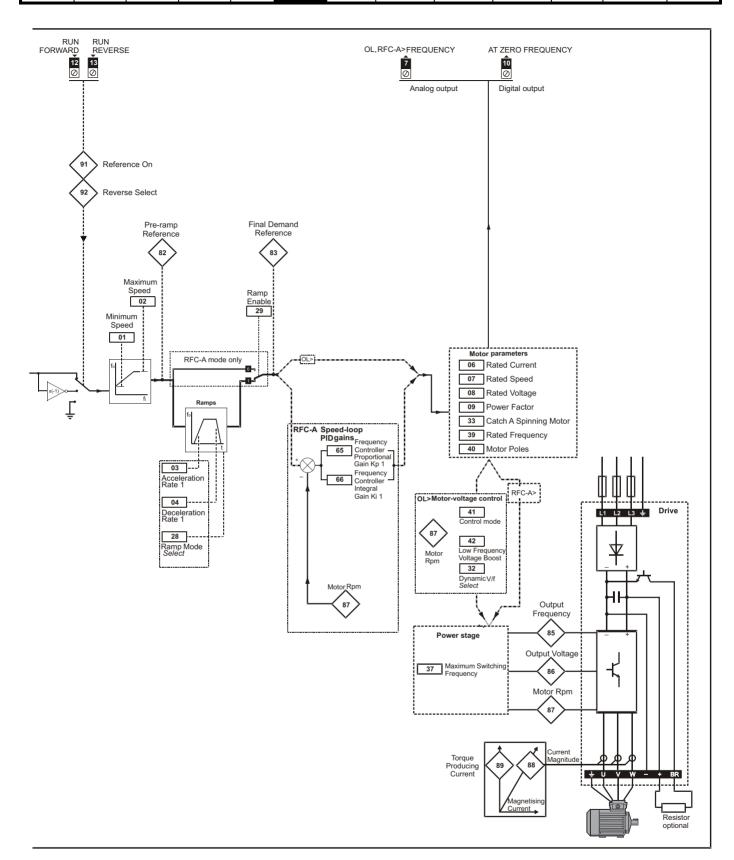
Figure 6-1 Menu 0 logic diagram





The parameters are all shown in their default settings

Safety Electrical Getting NV Media Advanced Product Mechanical Basic Running UL Listing Onboard PLC Diagnostics Optimization information information installation installation started parameters the motor Card parameters



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Oliboard FLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISHING

6.3 Parameter descriptions

6.3.1 Pr 00

Pr **00** is available in all menus, commonly used functions are provided as text strings in Pr **00** shown in Table 6-1. The functions in Table 6-1 can also be selected by entering the appropriate numeric values (as shown in Table 6-2) in Pr **00**. For example, enter 4001 in Pr **00** to store drive parameters on an NV media card.

Table 6-1 Commonly used functions in Pr 00

Value	Equivalent value	String	Action
0	0	None	No action
1001	1	SAVE	Save drive parameters to non-volatile memory
6001	2	LOAd.1	Load the data from file 1 on a non-volatile media card into the drive provided it is a parameter file
4001	3	SAVE.1	Store the drive parameters in file 1 on a non-volatile media card
6002	4	LOAd.2	Load the data from file 2 on a non-volatile media card into the drive provided it is a parameter file
4002	5	SAVE.2	Store the drive parameters in file 2 on a non-volatile media card
6003	6	LOAd.3	Load the data from file 3 on a non-volatile media card into the drive provided it is a parameter file
4003	7	SAVE.3	Store the drive parameters in file 3 on a non-volatile media card
12000	8	diff.d	Only display parameters that are different from their default value
12001	9	dest	Only display parameters that are used to set-up destinations
1233	10	def.50	Load 50 Hz defaults
1244	11	def.60	Load 60 Hz defaults
1070	12	rst.opt	Reset option module

Table 6-2 Functions in Pr 00

Value	Action							
1000	Save parameters when <i>Under Voltage Active</i> (Pr 10.016) is not active.							
1001	Save parameters under all conditions							
1070	Reset option module							
1233	Load standard (50 Hz) defaults							
1234	Load standard (50 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menu 15							
1244	Load US (60 Hz) defaults							
1245	Load US (60 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menu 15							
1299	Reset {St.HF} trip.							
2001*	Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters							
4yyy*	NV media card: Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file yyy							
6ууу*	NV media card: Load the drive parameters from parameter file yyy							
7yyy*	NV media card: Erase file yyy							
8ууу*	NV Media card: Compare the data in the drive with file yyy							
9555*	NV media card: Clear the warning suppression flag							
9666*	NV media card: Set the warning suppression flag							
9777*	NV media card: Clear the read-only flag							
9888*	NV media card: Set the read-only flag							
12000**	Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset.							
12001**	Only display parameters that are used to set-up destinations (i.e. DE format bit is 1). This action does not require a drive reset.							

 $^{^{\}star}$ See Chapter 9 NV Media Card on page 62 for more information on these functions.

All other functions require a drive reset to initiate the function. Equivalent values and strings are also provided in the table above.

^{**} These functions do not require a drive reset to become active.

information information installation installation started parameters the motor Optimization Card Original Parameters Diagnostics October	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing
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6.4 Control terminal configurations and wiring

	05		Drive Configuration									
RW		Txt							PT	US		
OL	\$, AI (1), AV Et (4), PAd			Û			AV (0	١		
RFC-A	*		ot (7), torq	>	AV (0)							

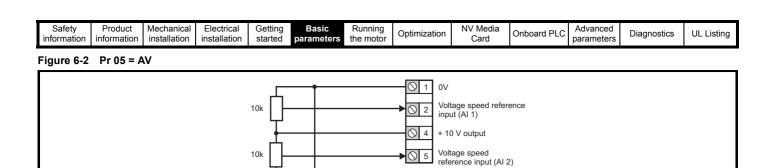
Table 6-3 Parameter changes when drive configuration is changed

Parameter	Description					Drive Cor	nfiguratio	n			
number	Description	AV	Al	AV.Pr	Al.Pr	PrESEt	PAd	PAd.rEF	E.Pot	torquE	Pid
01.014	Reference select	0	0	1	1	3	4	6	3	0	1
06.004	Start/stop logic	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
07.007	Analog input 1 mode	6	4	6	4	6	6	6	6	4	4
07.010	Analog input 1 destination	01.036	01.036	01.036	01.036	01.036	01.036	01.036	01.036	01.036	0.000
07.011	Analog input 2 mode	6	6	7	7	7	6	6	7	6	6
07.014	Analog input 2 destination	01.037	01.037	01.046	01.046	01.046	01.037	01.037	09.027	04.008	0.000
07.051	Analog input 1 control	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
07.052	Analog input 2 control	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
08.022	Digital input 2 destination	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
08.025	Digital input 5 destination	01.041	01.041	01.045	01.045	01.045	01.041	01.041	09.026	04.011	14.008
08.085	DI 5 Control	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
09.025	Motorized pot destination	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	01.021	0.000	0.000
14.003	PID 1 reference source	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	07.002
14.004	PID 1 feedback source	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	07.001
14.016	PID 1 destination	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	01.036

The setting of Pr 05 automatically sets the drive configuration.

Value	Text	Description
0	AV	Analog input 1 (voltage) or Analog input 2 (voltage) selected by terminal (Local/Remote)
1	Al	Analog input 1 (current) or Analog input 2 (voltage) selected by terminal (Local/Remote)
2	AV.Pr	Analog input 1 (voltage) or 3 presets selected by terminal
3	Al.Pr	Analog input 1 (current) or 3 presets selected by terminal
4	PrESEt	Four presets selected by terminal
5	PAd	Keypad reference
6	PAd.rEF	Keypad reference with terminal control
7	E.Pot	Electronic Potentiometer
8	torquE	Torque mode, Analog input 1 (current frequency reference) or Analog input 2 (voltage torque reference) selected by terminal
9	Pid	PID mode, Analog input 1 (current feedback source) and Analog input 2 (voltage reference source)

Action will only occur if the drive is inactive and no User Actions are running. Otherwise, the parameter will return to its pre altered value on exit from edit mode. All parameters are saved if this parameter changes.



Analog output 1 (motor frequency)

+ 24 V output
Digital output
(zero frequency)
Unassigned
Run forward
Run reverse
Analog input 1/
input 2 select

○ 9

Eigung 6.2 Dr 05 - Al

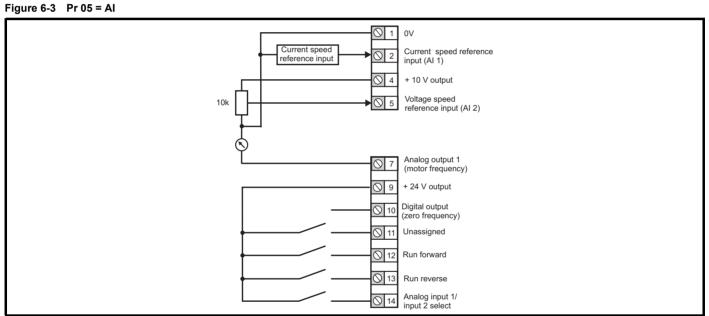
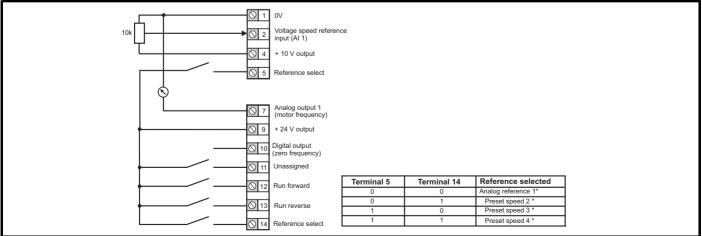


Figure 6-4 Pr 05 = AV.Pr



^{*} Refer to section 11.2 Menu 1: Frequency reference on page 78.

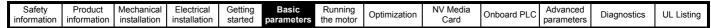


Figure 6-5 Pr 05 = Al.Pr

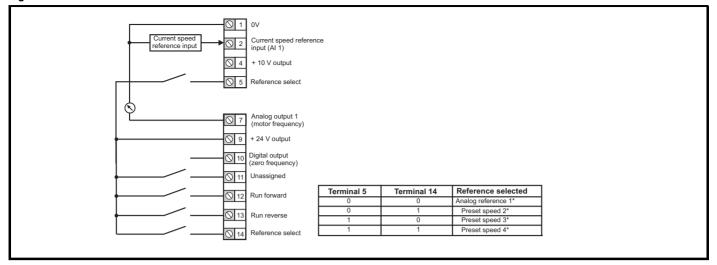
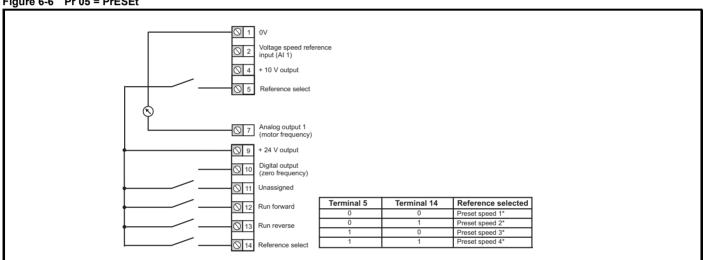
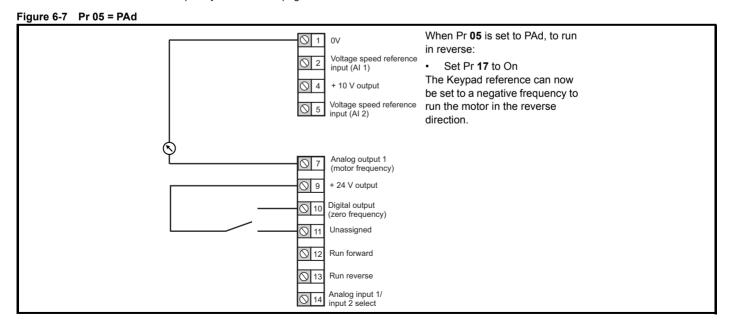


Figure 6-6 Pr 05 = PrESEt



^{*} Refer to section 11.2 Menu 1: Frequency reference on page 78.



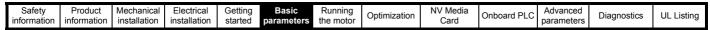


Figure 6-8 Pr 05 = PAd.rEF

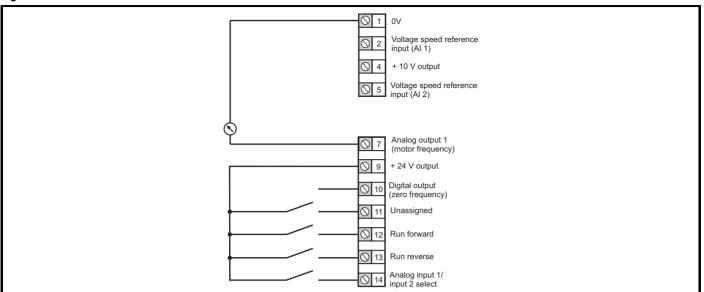
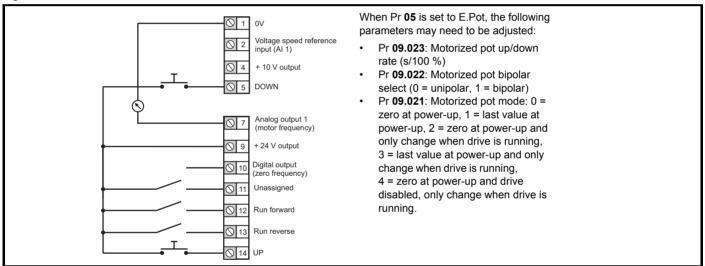


Figure 6-9 Pr 05 = E.Pot



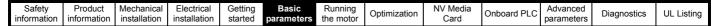


Figure 6-10 Pr 05 = torquE

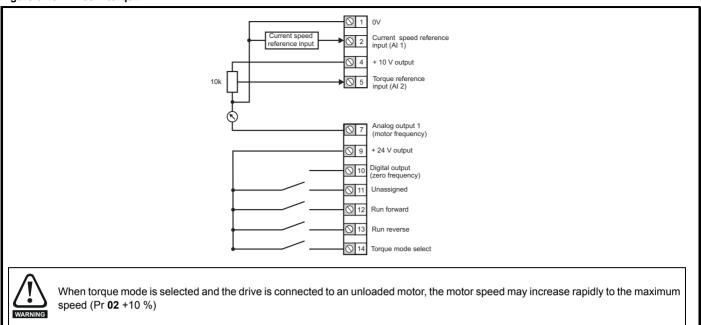
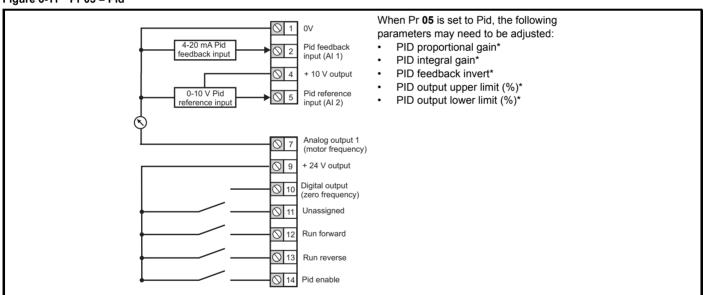


Figure 6-11 Pr 05 = Pid



^{*} Refer to section 11.14 Menu 14: User PID controller on page 120.

Safety Product information installation inst

7 Running the motor

This chapter takes the new user through all the essential steps to running a motor for the first time, in each of the possible operating modes.

For information on tuning the drive for the best performance, see Chapter 8 Optimization on page 49.



Ensure that no damage or safety hazard could arise from the motor starting unexpectedly.



The values of the motor parameters affect the protection of the motor.

The default values in the drive should not be relied upon. It is essential that the correct value is entered in Pr **06** *Motor Rated Current*. This affects the thermal protection of the motor.



If the drive is started using the keypad it will run to the speed defined by the keypad reference (Pr 01.017). This may not be acceptable depending on the application. The user must check in Pr 01.017 and ensure that the keypad reference has been set to 0.



If the intended maximum speed affects the safety of the machinery, additional independent over-speed protection must be used.

7.1 Quick start connections

7.1.1 Basic requirements

This section shows the basic connections which must be made for the drive to run in the required mode. For minimal parameter settings to run in each mode please see the relevant part of section 7.3 *Quick start commissioning / start-up* on page 47.

Table 7-1 Minimum control connection requirements for each control mode

Drive control method	Requirements
Terminal mode	Drive enable Speed / Torque reference Run forward / Run reverse
Keypad mode	Drive enable
Serial communications	Drive enable Serial communications link

7.2 Changing the operating mode

Procedure

Use the following procedure only if a different operating mode is required:

- Ensure that the drive is not enabled, i.e. drive is in inhibit or under voltage state.
- 2. Change the setting of Pr 79 as follows:

Pr 79 setting		Operating mode
OPEALP	1	Open-loop
TFC-8	2	RFC-A

The figures in the second column apply when serial communications are used.

- 3. Either:
- Press the red reset button
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr 10.038 to 100.

NOTE

When the operating mode is changed, a parameter save is carried out.



Figure 7-1 Minimum connections to get the motor running in any operating mode (size 1 to 4)

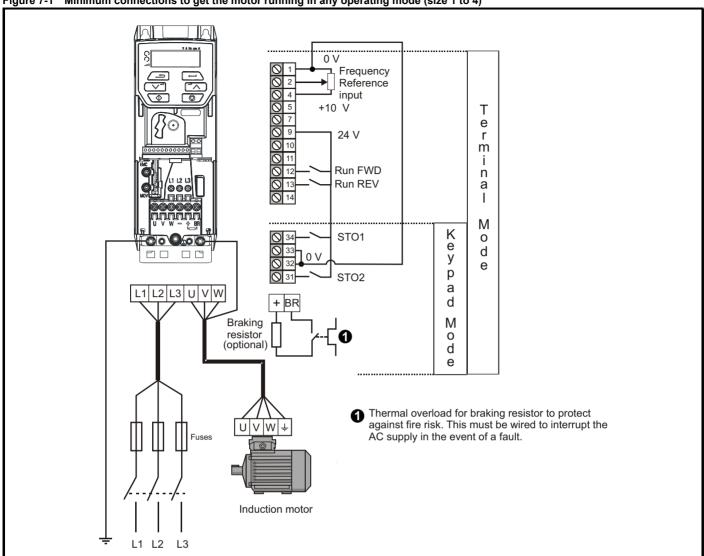


Figure 7-2 Minimum connections to get the motor running in any operating mode (size 5)

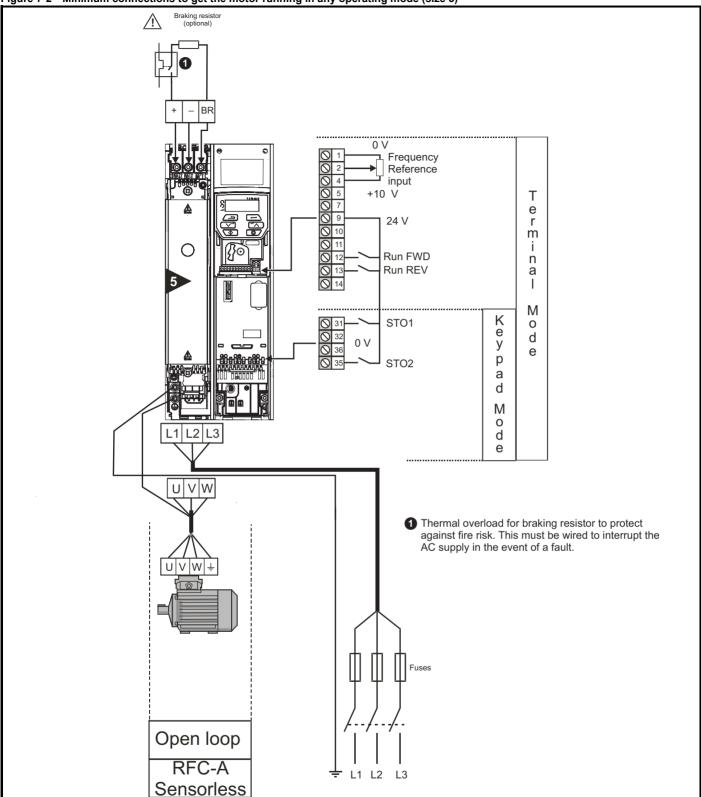




Figure 7-3 Minimum connections to get the motor running in any operating mode (size 6) BR 0 V Frequency Reference input +10 V Т е 24 V r m Run FWD n Run REV а Μ STO1 0 e y d 0 V е р STO2 а d M L2 L3 U 0 d е 1 Thermal overload for braking resistor to protect against fire risk. This must be wired to interrupt the AC supply in the event of a fault. U V W + Fuses Open loop RFC-A Sensorless

Figure 7-4 Minimum connections to get the motor running in any operating mode (size 7 onwards) L1 L2 Frequency reference input L1 L2 L3 -10V Т е r m 24 V n а 12 Run FWD M 13 Run REV 0 d е STO1 31 K 32 е У 36 VW +DC BRAKE p 35 STO2 а d Braking resistor (optional) M U V W ÷ 0 d е Open Loop

RFC-A

Sensorless

1 Thermal overload for braking resistor

event of a fault.

to protect against fire risk. This must be wired to interrupt the AC supply in the

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Oliboalu FLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

Quick start commissioning / start-up Open loop 7.3

7.3.1

Action	Detail	
Before power-up	 Ensure: The drive enable signal is not given (terminals 31 & 34 on size 1 to 4 or terminals 31 & 35 on size 5 to 9 is open) Run signal is not given, terminal 12/13 is open. Motor is connected to the drive. The motor connection is correct for the drive	X
Power-up the drive	Verify that open loop mode is displayed as the drive powers up. If the mode is incorrect see section 5.6 Changing the operating mode on page 30. Ensure: Drive displays 'inh' (enable terminals are open). If the drive trips, see Chapter 12 Diagnostics on page 129.	7
Enter motor nameplate details	 Motor rated current in Pr 06 (Amps) Motor rated speed in Pr 07 (rpm / min⁻¹) Motor rated voltage in Pr 08 (Volts) Motor rated power factor (cos φ) in Pr 09 	MOT. 3 \(\sigma\) LS 80 L T P 55 CIF \(\frac{M\chi^2 \text{ M\chi}^2 \text{ M\chi}^2 \text{ M\chi} \text{ M\chi}^2
Set maximum speed	Enter: • Maximum speed in Pr 02 (Hz)	Pr 02
Set acceleration / deceleration rates	 Enter: Acceleration rate in Pr 03 (s/100 Hz) Deceleration rate in Pr 04 (s/100 Hz) (If braking resistor is installed, set Pr 28 = FAST. Also ensure Pr 10.030 and Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 are set correctly, otherwise premature 'lt.br' trips may be seen). 	100Hz
	The drive is able to perform either a stationary or a rotating autotune. The motor must be at a standstill before an autotune is enabled. A rotating autotune should be used whenever possible so the measured value of power factor of the motor is used by the drive. A rotating autotune will cause the motor to accelerate up to $^2/_3$ base speed in the direction selected regardless of the reference provided. Once complete the motor will coast to a stop. The enable signal must be removed before the drive can be made to run at the	
	required reference. WARNING The drive can be stopped at any time by removing the run signal or removing the drive enable. • A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to uncouple the	↑ cos Ø
Autotune	load from the motor shaft. A stationary autotune measures the stator resistance of the motor and the dead time compensation for the drive. These are required for good performance in vector control modes. A stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 09. • A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is uncoupled. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune before rotating the motor at ² / ₃ base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune measures the power factor of the motor. To perform an autotune:	R ₀ oL _s
	 Set Pr 38 = 1 for a stationary autotune or set Pr 38 = 2 for a rotating autotune Close the Drive Enable signal (apply +24 V to terminal 31 & 34 on size 1 to 4 or terminals 31 & 35 on size 5 to 9). The drive will display 'rdy'. Give a run command (apply +24 V to terminal 12 - Run forward or terminal 13 - Run reverse). The display will flash 'tuning' while the drive is performing the autotune. Wait for the drive to display 'inh' and for the motor to come to a standstill. If the drive trips, see Chapter 12 Diagnostics on page 129. Remove the drive enable and run signal from the drive. 	
Save parameters	Select 'Save' in Pr 00 or Pr mm.000 (alternatively enter a value of 1001) and press the red button.	
Run	Drive is now ready to run	•

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	OptZation	Card	01100010120	parameters	Diagnosios	02 2.00.19

7.3.2 RFC - A mode

Action	Detail	
Before power-up	 Ensure: The drive enable signal is not given (terminal 31 & 34 on size 1 to 4 or terminals 31 & 35 on size 5 to 9 is open) Run signal is not given, terminal 12/13 is open. Motor is connected to the drive. The motor connection is correct for the drive or connection. The correct supply voltage is connected to the drive. 	*
Power-up the drive	Verify that RFC-A mode is displayed as the drive powers up. If the mode is incorrect see section 5.6 Changing the operating mode on page 30. Ensure: Drive displays 'inh' (enable terminals are open). If the drive trips, see Chapter 12 Diagnostics on page 129.	Į.
Enter motor nameplate details	 Motor rated current in Pr 06 (Amps) Motor rated speed in Pr 07 (rpm / min⁻¹)* Motor rated voltage in Pr 08 (Volts) Motor rated power factor (cos φ) in Pr 09 	MOT.3 ¬2, LS 80.L T N
Set maximum speed	Enter: • Maximum speed in Pr 02 (Hz)	Pr 02
Set acceleration / deceleration rates	 Enter: Acceleration rate in Pr 03 (s/100 Hz) Deceleration rate in Pr 04 (s/100 Hz) (If braking resistor is installed, set Pr 28 = FAST. Also ensure Pr 10.030, Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061 are set correctly, otherwise premature 'It.br' trips may be seen). 	100Hz
Autotune	The drive is able to perform either a stationary or a rotating autotune. The motor must be at a standstill before an autotune is enabled. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance whereas a rotating autotune will give improved performance as it measures the actual values of the motor parameters required by the drive. A rotating autotune will cause the motor to accelerate up to ² / ₃ base speed in the direction selected regardless of the reference provided. Once complete the motor will coast to a stop. The enable signal must be removed before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be stopped at any time by removing the run signal or removing the drive enable. A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to uncouple the load from the motor shaft. The stationary autotune measures the stator resistance and transient inductance of the motor. These are used to calculate the current loop gains, and at the end of the test the values in Pr 04.013 and Pr 04.014 are updated. A stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 09. A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is uncoupled. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune before rotating the motor at 2/ ₃ base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune measures the stator inductance of the motor and calculates the power factor. To perform an autotune: Set Pr 38 = 1 for a stationary autotune or set Pr 38 = 2 for a rotating autotune Close the drive enable signal (apply +24 V terminal 31 & 34 on size 1 to 4 or terminals 31 & 35 on size 5 to 9). The drive will display 'rdy'. Give a run command (apply +24 V to terminal 12 - Run forward or terminal 13 - Run reverse). The display will flash 'tuning' while the drive is performing the autotune. Wait for the drive to display 'inh' and for the motor to come to a standstill lift the drive trips, see Chapter 12 <i>Diagnostics</i> on	R _s oL _s T Mm break-points N rpm
Save parameters	Select 'Save' in Pr 00 or Pr mm.000 (alternatively enter a value of 1001) and press red reset button.	
Run	The drive is now ready to run	

^{*} Slip is required for RFC-A mode.

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8 Optimization

This chapter takes the user through methods of optimizing the drive set-up and maximize the performance. The auto-tuning features of the drive simplify the optimization tasks.

8.1 Motor map parameters

8.1.1 Open loop motor control

Pr 06 {05.007} Motor Rated Current

Defines the maximum continuous motor current

- The rated current parameter must be set to the maximum continuous current of the motor. The motor rated current is used in the following:
- Current limits (see section section 8.3 Current limits on page 55, for more information)
- · Motor thermal overload protection (see section section 8.4 Motor thermal protection on page 55, for more information)
- · Vector mode voltage control (see Control Mode later in this table)
- Slip compensation (see Enable Slip Compensation (05.027), later in this table)
- Dynamic V/F control

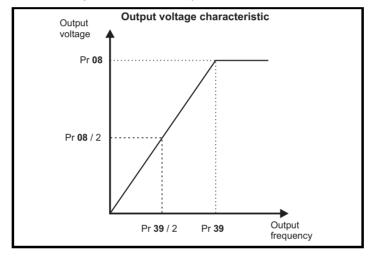
Pr 08 {05.009} Motor Rated Voltage

Defines the voltage applied to the motor at rated frequency

Pr 39 {05.006} Motor Rated Frequency

Defines the frequency at which rated voltage is applied

The Motor Rated Voltage (Pr **08**) and the Motor Rated Frequency (Pr **39**) are used to define the voltage to frequency characteristic applied to the motor (see Control Mode, later in this table). The Motor Rated Frequency is also used in conjunction with the motor rated speed to calculate the rated slip for slip compensation (see Motor Rated Speed, later in this table).



Pr 07 {05.008} Motor Rated Speed

Defines the full load rated speed of the motor

Pr 40 {05.011} Number of Motor Poles

Defines the number of motor poles

The motor rated speed and the number of poles are used with the motor rated frequency to calculate the rated slip of induction machines in Hz.

Rated slip (Hz) = Motor rated frequency - (Number of pole pairs x [Motor rated speed / 60]) = $Pr39 = \left(\frac{Pr40}{2} \times \frac{Pr07}{60}\right)$

If Pr 07 is set to 0 or to synchronous speed, slip compensation is disabled. If slip compensation is required this parameter should be set to the nameplate value, which should give the correct rpm for a hot machine. Sometimes it will be necessary to adjust this when the drive is commissioned because the nameplate value may be inaccurate. Slip compensation will operate correctly both below base speed and within the field-weakening region. Slip compensation is normally used to correct for the motor speed to prevent speed variation with load. The rated load rpm can be set higher than synchronous speed to deliberately introduce speed droop. This can be useful to aid load sharing with mechanically coupled motors.

Pr 40 is also used in the calculation of the motor speed display by the drive for a given output frequency. When Pr 40 is set to 'Auto', the number of motor poles is automatically calculated from the rated frequency Pr 39, and the motor rated speed Pr 07.

Number of poles = 120 x (Rated Frequency (Pr 39) / Rated Speed (Pr 07)) rounded to the nearest even number.

Pr 43 {05.010} Motor Rated Power Factor

Defines the angle between the motor voltage and current

The power factor is the true power factor of the motor, i.e. the angle between the motor voltage and current. The power factor is used in conjunction with the *Motor Rated Current* (Pr **06**), to calculate the rated active current and magnetising current of the motor. The rated active current is used extensively to control the drive, and the magnetising current is used in vector mode stator resistance compensation. It is important that this parameter is set up correctly. The drive can measure the motor rated power factor by performing a rotating autotune (see Autotune (Pr **38**), overleaf).

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Pr 38 {05.012} Auto-tune

There are two autotune tests available in open loop mode, a stationary and a rotating test. A rotating autotune should be used whenever possible so the measured value of power factor of the motor is used by the drive.

- A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to remove the load from the motor shaft. The stationary test measures the Stator Resistance (05.017), Transient Inductance (05.024), Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.059) and Current At Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.060) which are required for good performance in vector control modes (see Control Mode later in this table). The stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 09. To perform a Stationary autotune, set Pr 38 to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminals 31 & 34 on size 1 to 4 or terminals 31 & 35 on size 5 to 9) and a run signal (on terminals 12 or 13).
- A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is unloaded. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune, as above, then a rotating test is performed in which the motor is accelerated with currently selected ramps up to a frequency of *Motor Rated Frequency* (Pr 39) x 2/3, and the frequency is maintained at that level for 4 seconds. *Stator Inductance* (05.025) is measured and this value is used in conjunction with other motor parameters to calculate *Motor Rated Power Factor* (Pr 09). To perform a Rotating autotune, set Pr 38 to 2, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminals 31 & 34 on size 1 to 4 or terminals 31 & 35 on size 5 to 9) and a run signal (on terminals 12 or 13).

Following the completion of an autotune test the drive will go into the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the Safe Torque Off signal from terminals 31 & 34 on size 1 to 4 or terminals 31 & 35 on size 5 to 9, setting the *Drive Enable* (06.015) to OFF (0) or disabling the drive via the *Control Word* (06.042) and *Control Word Enable* (06.043).

Pr 41 {05.014} Control Mode

There are several voltage modes available which fall into two categories, vector control and fixed boost.

Vector control

Vector control mode provides the motor with a linear voltage characteristic from 0 Hz to *Motor Rated Frequency*, and then a constant voltage above motor rated frequency. When the drive operates between motor rated frequency/50 and motor rated frequency/4, full vector based stator resistance compensation is applied. When the drive operates between motor rated frequency/4 and motor rated frequency/2 the stator resistance compensation is gradually reduced to zero as the frequency increases. For the vector modes to operate correctly the *Motor Rated Power Factor* (Pr 09), *Stator Resistance* (05.017), *Maximum Deadtime Compensation* (05.059) and current at *Maximum Deadtime Compensation* (05.060) are all required to be set up accurately. The drive can be made to measure these by performing an autotune (see Pr 38 *Autotune*). The drive can also be made to measure the stator resistance automatically every time the drive is enabled or the first time the drive is enabled after it is powered up, by selecting one of the vector control voltage modes.

- (0) **Ur S** = The stator resistance is measured and the parameters for the selected motor map are over-written each time the drive is made to run. This test can only be done with a stationary motor where the flux has decayed to zero. Therefore this mode should only be used if the motor is guaranteed to be stationary each time the drive is made to run. To prevent the test from being done before the flux has decayed there is a period of 1 second after the drive has been in the ready state during which the test is not done if the drive is made to run again. In this case, previously measured values are used. Ur S mode ensures that the drive compensates for any change in motor parameters due to changes in temperature. The new value of stator resistance is not automatically saved to the drive's EEPROM.
- (4) **Ur I** = The stator resistance is measured when the drive is first made to run after each power-up. This test can only be done with a stationary motor. Therefore this mode should only be used if the motor is guaranteed to be stationary the first time the drive is made to run after each power-up. The new value of stator resistance is not automatically saved to the drive's EEPROM.
- (1) **Ur** = The stator resistance and voltage offset are not measured. The user can enter the motor and cabling resistance into the *Stator Resistance* (05.017). However this will not include resistance effects within the drive inverter. Therefore if this mode is to be used, it is best to use an autotune test initially to measure the stator resistance.
- (3) **Ur_Auto**= The stator resistance is measured once, the first time the drive is made to run. After the test has been completed successfully the *Control Mode* (Pr **41**) is changed to Ur mode. The *Stator Resistance* (05.017) parameter is written to, and along with the *Control Mode* (Pr **41**), are saved in the drive's EEPROM. If the test fails, the voltage mode will stay set to Ur Auto and the test will be repeated next time the drive is made to run.

Fixed boost

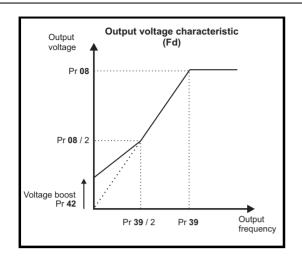
The stator resistance is not used in the control of the motor, instead a fixed characteristic with low frequency voltage boost as defined by Pr 42, is used. Fixed boost mode should be used when the drive is controlling multiple motors. There are three settings of fixed boost available:

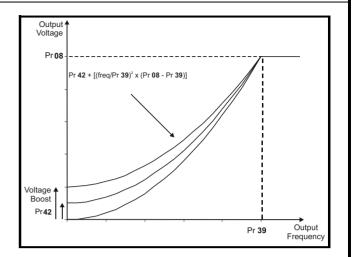
- (2) **Fixed** = This mode provides the motor with a linear voltage characteristic from 0 Hz to *Motor Rated Frequency* (Pr **39**), and then a constant voltage above rated frequency.
- (5) **Square** = This mode provides the motor with a square law voltage characteristic from 0 Hz to *Motor Rated Frequency* (Pr **39**), and then a constant voltage above rated frequency. This mode is suitable for variable torque applications like fans and pumps where the load is proportional to the square of the speed of the motor shaft. This mode should not be used if a high starting torque is required.
- (6) Fixed Tapered = This mode provides the motor with a linear voltage characteristic with a tapered slip limit.

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Pr 41 {05.014} Control Mode (cont)

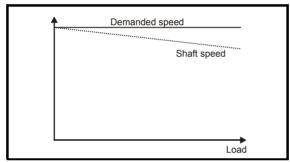
For mode 2 and 5, at low frequencies (from 0 Hz to ½ x Pr 39) a voltage boost is applied as defined by Pr 42 as shown below:





Pr 05.027 Enable Slip Compensation

When a motor, being controlled in open loop mode, has load applied a characteristic of the motor is that the output speed droops in proportion to the load applied as shown:



In order to prevent the speed droop shown above slip compensation should be enabled. To enable slip compensation Pr **05.027** must be set to 100 % (this is the default setting), and the motor rated speed must be entered in Pr **07** (Pr **05.008**).

The motor rated speed parameter should be set to the synchronous speed of the motor minus the slip speed. This is normally displayed on the motor nameplate, i.e. for a typical 18.5 kW, 50 Hz, 4 pole motor, the motor rated speed would be approximately 1465 rpm. The synchronous speed for a 50 Hz, 4 pole motor is 1500 rpm, so therefore the slip speed would be 35 rpm. If the synchronous speed is entered in Pr 07, slip compensation will be disabled. If too small a value is entered in Pr 07, the motor will run faster than the demanded frequency. The synchronous speeds for 50 Hz motors with different numbers of poles are as follows:

2 pole = 3000 rpm, 4 pole = 1500 rpm, 6pole =1000 rpm, 8 pole = 750 rpm

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8.1.2 RFC-A mode

Pr 06 {05.007} Motor Rated Current

Defines the maximum motor continuous current

The motor rated current parameter must be set to the maximum continuous current of the motor. The motor rated current is used in the following:

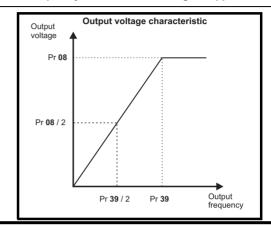
- Current limits (see section 8.3 Current limits on page 55, for more information).
- Motor thermal overload protection (see section 8.4 Motor thermal protection on page 55, for more information)
- Vector control algorithm

Pr 08 {05.009} Motor Rated Voltage

Pr 39 {05.006} Motor Rated Frequency

The Motor Rated Voltage (Pr 08) and the Motor Rated Frequency (Pr 39) are used to define the voltage to frequency characteristic applied to the motor (see Control Mode (Pr 41), later in this table). The motor rated frequency is also used in conjunction with the motor rated speed to calculate the rated slip for slip compensation (see Motor Rated Speed (Pr 07), later in this table).

Defines the voltage applied to the motor at rated frequency
Defines the frequency at which rated voltage is applied



Pr 07 {05.008} Motor Rated Speed

Pr 40 {05.011} Number of Motor Poles

Defines the full load rated speed of the motor and slip

Defines the number of motor poles

The motor rated speed and motor rated frequency are used to determine the full load slip of the motor which is used by the vector control algorithm. Incorrect setting of this parameter has the following effects:

- · Reduced efficiency of motor operation
- Reduction of maximum torque available from the motor
- Reduced transient performance
- · Inaccurate control of absolute torque in torque control modes

The nameplate value is normally the value for a hot motor; however, some adjustment may be required when the drive is commissioned if the nameplate value is inaccurate. A fixed value can be entered in this parameter.

When Pr 40 is set to 'Auto', the number of motor poles is automatically calculated from the *Motor Rated Frequency* (Pr 39), and the *Motor Rated Speed* (Pr 07).

Number of poles = 120 x (Motor Rated Frequency (Pr 39 / Motor Rated Speed (Pr 07) rounded to the nearest even number.

Pr 09 {05.010} Motor Rated Power Factor

Defines the angle between the motor voltage and current

The power factor is the true power factor of the motor, i.e. the angle between the motor voltage and current. If the *Stator Inductance* (05.025) is set to zero then the power factor is used in conjunction with the *Motor Rated Current* (Pr **06**) and other motor parameters to calculate the rated active and magnetising currents of the motor, which are used in the vector control algorithm. If the stator inductance has a non-zero value this parameter is not used by the drive, but is continuously written with a calculated value of power factor. The stator inductance can be measured by the drive by performing a rotating autotune (see *Autotune* (Pr **38**), later in this table).

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Pr 38 {05.012} Autotune

There are three autotune tests available in RFC-A mode, a stationary test, a rotating test and a mechanical load measurement test. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance whereas a rotating autotune will give improved performance as it measures the actual values of the motor parameters required by the drive. An inertia measurement test should be performed separately to a stationary or rotating autotune.

NOTE

It is highly recommended that a rotating autotune is performed (Pr 38 set to 2).

- A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to remove the load from the motor shaft. The stationary autotune measures the Stator Resistance (05.017) and Transient Inductance (05.024) of the motor. These are used to calculate the current loop gains, and at the end of the test the values in Pr 04.013 and Pr 04.014 are updated. A stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 09. To perform a Stationary autotune, set Pr 38 to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 31 & 34) and a run signal (on terminal 12 or 13).
- A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is unloaded. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune, a rotating test is then performed which the motor is accelerated with currently selected ramps up to a frequency of *Motor Rated Frequency* (Pr 39) x 2/3, and the frequency is maintained at the level for up to 40 s. During the rotating autotune the *Stator Inductance* (05.025), and the motor saturation breakpoints (Pr 05.029, Pr 05.030, Pr 05.062 and Pr 05.063) are modified by the drive. The power factor is also modified for user information only, but is not used after this point as the stator inductance is used in the vector control algorithm instead. To perform a Rotating autotune, set Pr 38 to 2, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 31 & 34) and a run signal (on terminal 12 or 13).
- The mechanical load test can measure the total inertia of the load and the motor. A series of progressively larger torque levels are applied to the motor (20 %, 40 % ... 100 % of rated torque) to accelerate the motor up to ¾ x Motor Rated Speed (Pr 07) to determine the inertia from the acceleration/deceleration time. The test attempts to reach the required speed within 5s, but if this fails, the next torque level is used. When 100 % torque is used, the test allows 60 s for the required speed to be reached, but if this is unsuccessful, a tun.1 trip is initiated. To reduce the time taken for the test, it is possible to define the level of torque to be used for the test by setting Mechanical Load Test Level (05.021) to a non-zero value. When the test level is defined, the test is only carried out at the defined test level and 60 s is allowed for the motor to reach the required speed. It should be noted that if the maximum speed allows for flux weakening then it may not be possible to achieve the required torque level to accelerate the motor fast enough. If this is the case, the maximum speed reference should be reduced.
 - 1. The motor must be stationary at the start of the test.
 - 2. The motor is accelerated in the required direction up to ¾ of the maximum speed reference and then decelerated to zero speed.
 - 3. The test is repeated with progressively higher torque until the required speed is reached.

To perform a mechanical load measurement autotune, set Pr **38** to 3, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 31 & 34) and a run signal (on terminal 12 or 13). Following the completion of an autotune test the drive will go into the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the Safe Torque Off signal from terminal 31 & 34, setting the *Drive Enable* (06.015) to OFF (0) or disabling the drive via the control word (Pr **06.042** & Pr **06.043**).

{04.013} / {04.014} Current Loop Gains

The current loop gains proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) gains control the response of the current loop to a change in current (torque) demand. The default values give satisfactory operation with most motors. However, for optimal performance in dynamic applications it may be necessary to change the gains to improve the performance. The *Current Controller Kp Gain* (04.013) is the most critical value in controlling the performance. The values for the current loop gains can be calculated by performing a stationary or rotating autotune (see *Autotune Pr* 38, earlier in this table) the drive measures the *Stator Resistance* (05.017) and *Transient Inductance* (05.024) of the motor and calculates the current loop gains.

This will give a step response with minimum overshoot after a step change of current reference. The proportional gain can be increased by a factor of 1.5 giving a similar increase in bandwidth; however, this gives a step response with approximately 12.5 % overshoot. The equation for the integral gain gives a conservative value. In some applications where it is necessary for the reference frame used by the drive to dynamically follow the flux very closely (i.e. high speed Sensorless RFC-A induction motor applications) the integral gain may need to have a significantly higher value.

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Frequency Loop Gains (00.065 {03.010}, Pr 00.066 {03.011}

The frequency loop gains control the response of the frequency controller to a change in frequency demand. The frequency controller includes proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) feed forward terms, and a differential (Kd) feedback term. The drive holds two sets of these gains and either set may be selected for use by the frequency controller with Pr 03.016. If Pr 03.016 = 0, gains Kp1, Ki1 and Kd1 (Pr 03.010 to Pr 03.012) are used, and if Pr 03.016 = 1, gains Kp2, Ki2 and Kd2 (Pr 03.013 to Pr 03.015) are used. Pr 03.016 may be changed when the drive is enabled or disabled.

Frequency Controller Proportional Gain (Kp), Pr 65 (03.010) and Pr 03.013

If the proportional gain has a value and the integral gain is set to zero the controller will only have a proportional term, and there must be a frequency error to produce a torque reference. Therefore as the motor load increases there will be a difference between the reference and actual frequencies. This effect, called regulation, depends on the level of the proportional gain, the higher the gain the smaller the frequency error for a given load. If the proportional gain is too high either the acoustic noise produced by numerical quantization becomes unacceptable, or the stability limit is reached.

Frequency Controller Integral Gain (Ki), Pr 66 (03.011) and Pr 03.014

The integral gain is provided to prevent frequency regulation. The error is accumulated over a period of time and used to produce the necessary torque demand without any frequency error. Increasing the integral gain reduces the time taken for the frequency to reach the correct level and increases the stiffness of the system, i.e. it reduces the positional displacement produced by applying a load torque to the motor. Unfortunately increasing the integral gain also reduces the system damping giving overshoot after a transient. For a given integral gain, the damping can be improved by increasing the proportional gain. A compromise must be reached where the system response, stiffness and damping are all adequate for the application. For RFC-A Sensorless mode, it is unlikely that the integral gain can be increased much above 0.50.

Differential Gain (Kd), Pr 03.012 and Pr 03.015

The differential gain is provided in the feedback of the frequency controller to give additional damping. The differential term is implemented in a way that does not introduce excessive noise normally associated with this type of function. Increasing the differential term reduces the overshoot produced by under-damping, however, for most applications the proportional and integral gains alone are sufficient.

Gain Change Threshold, Pr 03.017

If the Frequency Controller Gain Select (03.016) = 2, gains Kp1, Ki1 and Kd1 (Pr **03.010** to Pr **03.012**) are used while the modulus of the frequency demand is less than the value held by Gain Change Threshold (03.017), else gains Kp2, Ki2 and Kd2 (Pr **03.013** to Pr **03.015**) will be used.

Tuning the frequency loop gains:

This involves the connecting of an oscilloscope to analog output 1 to monitor the frequency feedback.

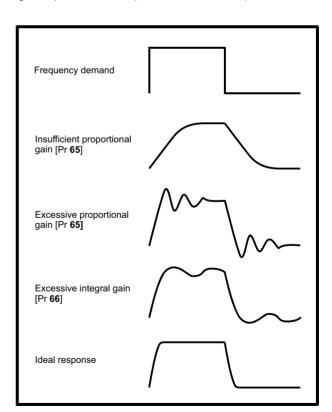
Give the drive a step change in frequency reference and monitor the response of the drive on the oscilloscope.

The proportional gain (Kp) should be set up initially. The value should be increased up to the point where the frequency overshoots and then reduced slightly.

The integral gain (Ki) should then be increased up to the point where the frequency becomes unstable and then reduced slightly.

It may now be possible to increase the proportional gain to a higher value and the process should be repeated until the system response approaches the ideal response as shown.

The diagram shows the effect of incorrect P and I gain settings as well as the ideal response.



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8.2 Maximum motor rated current

Size 1 to 4:

The maximum motor rated current is the *Maximum Heavy Duty Current Rating* (Pr 77).

The values for the Heavy Duty rating can be found in the *Power Installation Guide*.

Size 5 onwards:

The maximum motor rated current allowed by the drive is greater than the *Maximum Heavy Duty Current Rating* (Pr 77). The ratio between the Normal Duty rating and the *Maximum Heavy Duty Current Rating* (Pr 77) varies between drive sizes. The values for the Normal and Heavy Duty rating can be found in the *Power Installation Guide*. If the *Motor Rated Current* (Pr 06) is set above the *Maximum Heavy Duty Current Rating* (Pr 77), the current limits and the motor thermal protection scheme are modified (see section 8.3 *Current limits* and section 8.4 *Motor thermal protection* below for further information).

8.3 Current limits

The default setting for the current limit parameters is:

- 165 % x motor rated torque producing current for open loop mode.
- 175 % x motor rated torque producing current for RFC-A mode.

There are three parameters which control the current limits:

- · Motoring current limit: power flowing from the drive to the motor
- · Regen current limit: power flowing from the motor to the drive
- Symmetrical current limit: current limit for both motoring and regen operation

The lowest of either the motoring and regen current limit, or the symmetrical current limit applies.

The maximum setting of these parameters depends on the values of motor rated current, drive rated current and the power factor.

With size 5 upwards, increasing the motor rated current (Pr 06 / Pr 05.007) above the Heavy Duty rating (default value), will automatically reduce the current limits in Pr 04.005 to Pr 04.007. If the motor rated current is then set to or below the Heavy Duty rating, the current limits will be left at their reduced values.

The drive can be oversized to permit a higher current limit setting to provide higher accelerating torque as required up to a maximum of 1000 %.

8.4 Motor thermal protection

A time constant thermal model is provided to estimate the motor temperature as a percentage of its maximum allowed temperature.

The motor thermal protection is modelled using losses in the motor. The losses in the motor are calculated as a percentage value, so that under these conditions the *Motor Protection Accumulator* (04.019) would eventually reach 100 %.

Percentage losses = 100 % x [Load related losses]

Where:

Load related losses = $[I / (K_1 \times I_{Rated})]^2$

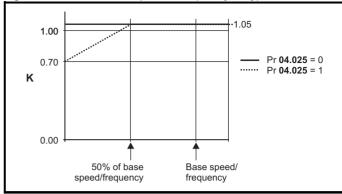
Where:

I = Current Magnitude (Pr 88)

I_{Rated} = Motor Rated Current (Pr **06**)

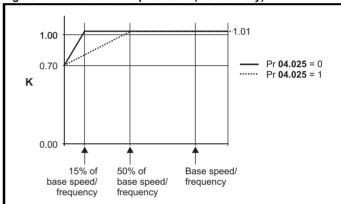
If Motor Rated Current (Pr 06) ≤ Maximum Heavy Duty Current (Pr 77)

Figure 8-1 Motor thermal protection (Heavy Duty)



If Pr **04.025** is 0 the characteristic is for a motor which can operate at rated current over the whole speed range. Induction motors with this type of characteristic normally have forced cooling. If Pr **04.025** is 1 the characteristic is intended for motors where the cooling effect of motor fan reduces with reduced motor speed below 50 % of base speed/ frequency. The maximum value for K1 is 1.05, so that above the knee of the characteristics the motor can operate continuously up to 105 % current.

Figure 8-2 Motor thermal protection (Normal Duty)



Both settings of Pr **04.025** are intended for motors where the cooling effect of the motor fan reduces with reduced motor speed, but with different speeds below which the cooling effect is reduced. If Pr **04.025** is 0 the characteristic is intended for motors where the cooling effect reduces with motor speed below 15 % of base speed/frequency. If Pr **04.025** is 1 the characteristic is intended for motors where the cooling effect reduces with motor speed below 50 % of base speed/frequency. The maximum value for K1 is 1.01, so that above the knee of the characteristics the motor can operate continuously up to 101 % current.

When the estimated temperature in Pr **04.019** reaches 100 % the drive takes some action depending on the setting of Pr **04.016**. If Pr **04.016** is 0, the drive trips when Pr **04.019** reaches 100 %. If Pr **04.016** is 1, the current limit is reduced to (K - 0.05) x 100 % when Pr **04.019** reaches 100 %.

The current limit is set back to the user defined level when Pr **04.019** falls below 95 %. The thermal model temperature accumulator accumulates the temperature of the motor while the drive remains powered-up. By default, the accumulator is set to the power down value at power up. If the rated current defined by Pr **06** is altered, the accumulator is reset to zero.

The default setting of the thermal time constant (Pr **04.015**) is 179 s which is equivalent to an overload of 150 % for 120 s from cold.

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8.5 Switching frequency

The default switching frequency is 3 kHz, however this can be increased up to a maximum of 16 kHz by Pr 37.

If switching frequency is increased from 3 kHz the following apply:

- Increased heat loss in the drive, which means that derating to the output current must be applied.
 See the derating tables for switching frequency and ambient
- Reduced heating of the motor due to improved output waveform quality.
- 3. Reduced acoustic noise generated by the motor.

temperature in the Power Installation Guide.

Increased sample rate on the speed and current controllers. A trade
off must be made between motor heating, drive heating and the
demands of the application with respect to the sample time required.

NOTE

Lowest switching frequency in RFC-A mode is 2 kHz.

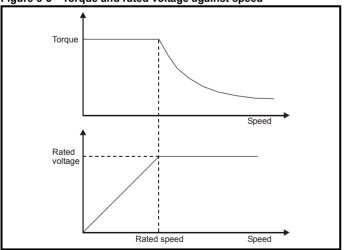
Table 8-1 Sample rates for various control tasks at each switching frequency

	0.667 1 kHz	3, 6, 12 kHz	2, 4, 8, 16 kHz	Open loop	RFC-A
Level 1	250 μs	167 μs	2 kHz = 250 μs 4 kHz = 125 μs 8 kHz = 125 μs 16 kHz = 125 μs	Peak limit	Current controllers
Level 2		250	μs	Current limit and ramps	Speed controller and ramps
Level 3	1 ms			Voltage	controller
Level 4	4 ms			Time critical	user interface
Background					critical user erface

8.5.1 Field weakening (constant power) operation

The drive can be used to run an induction machine above synchronous speed into the constant power region. The speed continues to increase and the available shaft torque reduces. The characteristics below show the torque and output voltage characteristics as the speed is increased above the rated value.

Figure 8-3 Torque and rated voltage against speed



Care must be taken to ensure the torque available above base speed is sufficient for the application to run satisfactorily.

The saturation breakpoint parameters (Pr 05.029, Pr 05.030, Pr 05.062 and Pr 05.063) found during the autotune in RFC-A mode ensure the magnetizing current is reduced in the correct proportion for the specific motor. (In open loop mode the magnetizing current is not actively controlled).

8.5.2 Maximum frequency

In all operating modes the maximum output frequency is limited to 550 Hz.

8.5.3 Over-modulation (open-loop only)

The maximum output voltage level of the drive is normally limited to an equivalent of the drive input voltage minus voltage drops within the drive (the drive will also retain a few percent of the voltage in order to maintain current control). If the motor rated voltage is set at the same level as the supply voltage, some pulse deletion will occur as the drive output voltage approaches the rated voltage level. If Pr 05.020 (Over-modulation enable) is set to 1 the modulator will allow over modulation, so that as the output frequency increases beyond the rated frequency the voltage continues to increase above the rated voltage.

This can be used for example:

 To obtain high output frequencies with a low switching frequency which would not be possible with space vector modulation limited to unity modulation depth.

ΩI

 In order to maintain a higher output voltage with a low supply voltage

The disadvantage is that the machine current will be distorted as the modulation depth increases above unity, and will contain a significant amount of low order odd harmonics of the fundamental output frequency. The additional low order harmonics cause increased losses and heating in the motor.

8.5.4 Switching frequency/Output frequency ratio

With a default switching frequency of 3 kHz, the maximum output frequency should be limited to 250 Hz. Ideally, a minimum ratio of 12:1 should be maintained between the switching frequency and the output frequency. This ensures the number of switchings per cycle is sufficient to ensure the output waveform quality is maintained at a minimum level.

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8.6 CT Modbus RTU specification

This section describes the adaptation of the MODBUS RTU protocol offered on Control Techniques' products. The portable software class which implements this protocol is also defined.

MODBUS RTU is a master slave system with half-duplex message exchange. The Control Techniques (CT) implementation supports the core function codes to read and write registers. A scheme to map between MODBUS registers and CT parameters is defined. The CT implementation also defines a 32 bit extension to the standard 16 bit register data format.

8.6.1 MODBUS RTU

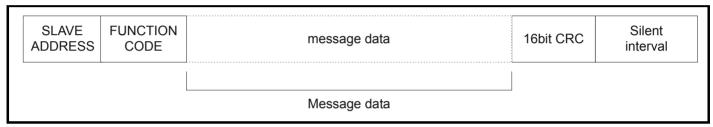
Physical laver

Attribute	Description
Normal physical layer for multi-drop operation	EIA485 2 wire
Bit stream	Standard UART asynchronous symbols with Non Return to Zero (NRZ)
Symbol	Each symbol consists of:- 1 start bit 8 data bits (transmitted least significant bit first) 2 stop bits*
Baud rates	600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 76800, 115200

^{*} The drive will accept a packet with 1 or 2 stop bits but will always transmit 2 stop bits

RTU framing

The frame has the following basic format

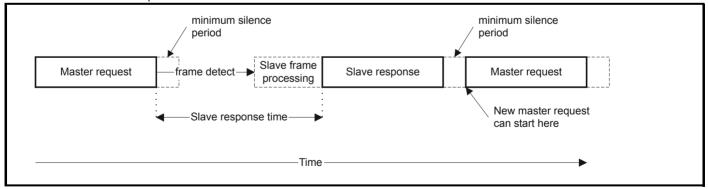


The frame is terminated with a minimum silent period of 3.5 character times (for example, at 19200 baud the minimum silent period is 2 ms). Nodes use the terminating silence period to detect the end of frame and begin frame processing. All frames must therefore be transmitted as a continuous stream without any gaps greater or equal to the silence period. If an erroneous gap is inserted then receiving nodes may start frame processing early in which case the CRC will fail and the frame will be discarded.

MODBUS RTU is a master slave system. All master requests, except broadcast requests, will lead to a response from an individual slave. The slave will respond (i.e. start transmitting the response) within the quoted maximum slave response time (this time is quoted in the data sheet for all Control Techniques products). The minimum slave response time is also quoted but will never be less that the minimum silent period defined by 3.5 character times

If the master request was a broadcast request then the master may transmit a new request once the maximum slave response time has expired.

The master must implement a message time out to handle transmission errors. This time out period must be set to the maximum slave response time + transmission time for the response.



8.6.2 Slave address

The first byte of the frame is the slave node address. Valid slave node addresses are 1 through 247 decimal. In the master request this byte indicates the target slave node; in the slave response this byte indicates the address of the slave sending the response.

Global addressing

Address zero addresses all slave nodes on the network. Slave nodes suppress the response messages for broadcast requests.

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8.6.3 MODBUS registers

The MODBUS register address range is 16 bit (65536 registers) which at the protocol level is represented by indexes 0 through 65535.

PLC registers

Modicon PLCs typically define 4 register 'files' each containing 65536 registers. Traditionally, the registers are referenced 1 through 65536 rather than 0 through 65535. The register address is therefore decremented on the master device before passing to the protocol.

File type	Description
1	Read only bits ("coil")
2	Read / write bits ("coil")
3	Read only 16bit register
4	Read / write 16bit register

The register file type code is NOT transmitted by MODBUS and all register files can be considered to map onto a single register address space. However, specific function codes are defined in MODBUS to support access to the "coil" registers.

All standard CT drive parameters are mapped to register file '4' and the coil function codes are not required.

CT parameter mapping

The Modbus register address is 16 bits in size, of which the upper two bits are used for data type selection leaving 14 bits to represent the parameter address, taking into account the slave increments the address value by 1, this results in a theoretical maximum parameter address of 163.84 (limited to 162.99 in software) when the default standard addressing mode (see *Serial Mode* (11.024)) is used.

To access a parameter number above 99 in any drive menu then the modified addressing mode must be used (see *Serial Mode* (11.024)), this will allow access to parameter numbers up to 255 but also limit the maximum menu number to 63.

The Modbus slave device increments the register address by 1 before processing the command, this effectively prevents access to parameter Pr 00.000 in the drive or option module.

The table below shows how the start register address is calculated for both addressing modes.

Parameter	Addressing mode		Protocol	register		
0 mm nnn	Standard	mm x 100 + ppp - 1				
0.mm.ppp	Modified		mm x 256	+ ppp - 1		
	1	Examples				
		16-k	oit	32 -b	oit	
		Decimal	Hex (0x)	Decimal	Hex (0x)	
0.04.004	Standard	120	00 78	16504	40 78	
0.01.021	Modified	276	01 14	16660	41 14	
0.01.000	Standard	99	00 63	16483	40 63	
0.01.000	Modified	255	00 FF	16639	40 FF	
0.03.161	Standard	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Modified	928	03 A0	17312	43 A0	

Data types

The MODBUS protocol specification defines registers as 16 bit signed integers. All CT devices support this data size.

Refer to the section 8.6.7 Extended data types on page 60 for detail on accessing 32 bit register data.

8.6.4 Data consistency

All CT devices support a minimum data consistency of one parameter (16 bit or 32 bit data). Some devices support consistency for a complete multiple register transaction.

8.6.5 Data encoding

MODBUS RTU uses a 'big-endian' representation for addresses and data items (except the CRC, which is 'little-endian'). This means that when a numerical quantity larger than a single byte is transmitted, the MOST significant byte is sent first. So for example

16 - bits 0x1234 would be 0x12 0x34 32 - bits 0x12345678 would be 0x12 0x34 0x56 0x78

8.6.6 Function codes

The function code determines the context and format of the message data. Bit 7 of the function code is used in the slave response to indicate an exception.

The following function codes are supported:

Code	Description					
3	Read multiple 16 bit registers					
6	Write single register					
16	Write multiple 16 bit registers					
23	Read and write multiple 16 bit registers					

FC03 Read multiple

Read a contiguous array of registers. The slave imposes an upper limit on the number of registers, which can be read. If this is exceeded the slave will issue an exception code 2.

-												
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	III Lieting
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Table 8-2 Master request

Byte	Description
0	Slave destination node address 1 through 247, 0 is global
1	Function code 0x03
2	Start register address MSB
3	Start register address LSB
4	Number of 16 bit registers MSB
5	Number of 16 bit registers LSB
6	CRC LSB
7	CRC MSB

Table 8-3 Slave response

Byte	Description
0	Slave source node address
1	Function code 0x03
2	Length of register data in read block (in bytes)
3	Register data 0 MSB
4	Register data 0 LSB
3+byte count	CRC LSB
4+byte count	CRC MSB

FC06 Write single register

Writes a value to a single 16 bit register. The normal response is an echo of the request, returned after the register contents have been written. The register address can correspond to a 32 bit parameter but only 16 bits of data can be sent.

Table 8-4 Master request

Byte	Description
0	Slave node address 1 through 247, 0 is global
1	Function code 0x06
2	Register address MSB
3	Register address LSB
4	Register data MSB
5	Register data LSB
6	CRC LSB
7	CRC MSB

Table 8-5 Slave response

Byte	Description
0	Slave source node address
1	Function code 0x06
2	Register address MSB
3	Register address LSB
4	Register data MSB
5	Register data LSB
6	CRC LSB
7	CRC MSB

FC16 Write multiple

Writes a contiguous array of registers. The slave imposes an upper limit on the number of registers which can be written. If this is exceeded the slave will discard the request and the master will time out.

Table 8-6 Master request

Byte	Description
0	Slave node address 1 through 247, 0 is global
1	Function code 0x10
2	Start register address MSB
3	Start register address LSB
4	Number of 16 bit registers MSB
5	Number of 16 bit registers LSB
6	Length of register data to write (in bytes)
7	Register data 0 MSB
8	Register data 0 LSB
7+byte count	CRC LSB
8+byte count	CRC MSB

Table 8-7 Slave response

Byte	Description
0	Slave source node address
1	Function code 0x10
2	Start register address MSB
3	Start register address LSB
4	Number of 16 bit registers written MSB
5	Number of 16 bit registers written LSB
6	CRC LSB
7	CRC MSB

FC23 Read/Write multiple

Writes and reads two contiguous arrays of registers. The slave imposes an upper limit on the number of registers which can be written. If this is exceeded the slave will discard the request and the master will time out.

Table 8-8 Master request

Byte	Description
•	•
0	Slave node address 1 through 247, 0 is global
1	Function code 0x17
2	Start register address to read MSB
3	Start register address to read LSB
4	Number of 16 bit registers to read MSB
5	Number of 16 bit registers to read LSB
6	Start register address to write MSB
7	Start register address to write LSB
8	Number of 16 bit registers to write MSB
9	Number of 16 bit registers to write LSB
10	Length of register data to write (in bytes)
11	Register data 0 MSB
12	Register data 0 LSB
11+byte count	CRC LSB
12+byte count	CRC MSB

Table 8-9 Slave response

Byte	Description						
0	Slave source node address						
1	Function code 0x17						
2	Length of register data in read block (in bytes)						
3	Register data 0 MSB						
4	Register data 0 LSB						
3+byte count	CRC LSB						
4+byte count	CRC MSB						

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8.6.7 Extended data types

Standard MODBUS registers are 16bit and the standard mapping maps a single #X.Y parameter to a single MODBUS register. To support 32 bit data types (integer and float) the MODBUS multiple read and write services are used to transfer a contiguous array of 16bit registers.

Slave devices typically contain a mixed set of 16 bit and 32 bit registers. To permit the master to select the desired 16 bit or 32 bit access the top two bits of the register address are used to indicate the selected data type.

NOTE

The selection is applied for the whole block access.

bit 15 TYP1	bit 14 TYP0	bits 0 - 13
Type	select	Parameter address X x 100+Y-1

The 2bit type field selects the data type according to the table below:

Type field bits 15-14	Selected data type	Comments
00	INT16	backward compatible
01	INT32	
10	Float32	IEEE754 standard Not supported on all slaves
11	Reserved	

If a 32 bit data type is selected then the slave uses two consecutive 16 bit MODBUS registers (in 'big endian'). The master must also set the correct 'number of 16 bit registers'.

Example, read Pr **20.021** through Pr **20.024** as 32 bit parameters using FC03 from node 8:

Table 8-10 Master request

Byte	Value	Description
0	0x08	Slave destination node address
1	0x03	FC03 multiple read
2	0x47	Start register address Pr 20.021
3	0xE4	(16384 + 2021 - 1) = 18404 = 0x47E4
4	0x00	Number of 16bit registers to read
5	0x08	Pr 20.021 through Pr 20.024 is 4x32 bit registers = 8x16 bit registers
6	CRC LSB	
7	CRC MSB	

Table 8-11 Slave response

Byte	Value	Description
0	0x08	Slave destination node address
1	0x03	FC03 multiple read
2	0x10	Length of data (bytes) = 4x32 bit registers = 16 bytes
3-6		Pr 20.021 data
7-10		Pr 20.022 data
11-14		Pr 20.023 data
15-18		Pr 20.024 data
19	CRC LSB	
20	CRC MSB	

Reads when actual parameter type is different from selected

The slave will send the least significant word of a 32 bit parameter if that parameter is read as part of a 16 bit access.

The slave will sign extend the least significant word if a 16 bit parameter is accessed as a 32 bit parameter. The number of 16 bit registers must be even during a 32 bit access.

Example, If Pr **01.028** is a 32 bit parameter with a value of 0x12345678, Pr **01.029** is a signed 16 bit parameter with a value of 0xABCD, and Pr **01.030** is a signed 16 bit parameter with a value of 0x0123.

Read	Start register address	Number of 16 bit registers	Response	Comments
Pr 01.028	127	1	0x5678	Standard 16 bit access to a 32 bit register will return low 16 bit word of truncated data
Pr 01.028	16511*	2	0x12345678	Full 32 bit access
Pr 01.028	16511*	1	Exception 2	Number of words must be even for 32 bit access
Pr 01.029	9 128 1 0xABCD		0xABCD	Standard 16 bit access to a 32 bit register will return low 16 bit word of data
Pr 01.029	16512*	2	0xFFFFABCD	32 bit access to a 16 bit register will return 32 bit sign extended data
Pr 01.030	16513*	2	0x00000123	32 bit access to a 16 bit register will return 32 bit sign extended data
Pr 01.028 to Pr 01.029	127	2	0x5678, 0xABCD	Standard 16 bit access to a 32 bit register will return low 16 bit word of truncated data
Pr 01.028 to Pr 01.029	16511*	4	0x12345678, 0xFFFFABCD	Full 32 bit access

^{*} Bit 14 is set to allow 32 bit access.

Writes when actual parameter type is different from selected

The slave will allow writing a 32 bit value to a 16 bit parameter as long as the 32 bit value is within the normal range of the 16 bit parameter.

The slave will allow a 16 bit write to a 32 bit parameter. The slave will sign extend the written value, therefore the effective range of this type of write will be -32768 to +32767.

Examples, if Pr 01.028 has a range of ± 100000 , and Pr 01.029 has a range of ± 10000 .

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Write	Start register address	Number of 16 bit registers	Data	Comments
Pr 01.028	127	1	0x1234	Standard 16 bit write to a 32bit register. Value written = 0x00001234
Pr 01.028	127	1	0xABCD	Standard 16 bit write to a 32 bit register. Value written = 0xFFFFABCD
Pr 01.028	16511	2	0x00001234	Value written = 0x00001234
Pr 01.029	128	1	0x0123	Value written = 0x0123
Pr 01.029	16512	2	0x00000123	Value written = 0x00000123

^{*} Bit 14 is set to allow 32 bit access

8.6.8 Exceptions

The slave will respond with an exception response if an error is detected in the master request. If a message is corrupted and the frame is not received or the CRC fails then the slave will not issue an exception. In this case the master device will time out. If a write multiple (FC16 or FC23) request exceeds the slave maximum buffer size then the slave will discard the message. No exception will be transmitted in this case and the master will time out.

Exception message format

The slave exception message has the following format.

Byte	Description					
0	Slave source node address					
1	Original function code with bit 7 set					
2	Exception code					
3	CRC LSB					
4	CRC MSB					

Exception codes

The following exception codes are supported.

Code	Description							
1	Function code not supported							
2	Register address out of range, or request to read too many registers							

Parameter over range during block write FC16

The slave processes the write block in the order the data is received. If a write fails due to an out of range value then the write block is terminated. However, the slave does not raise an exception response, rather the error condition is signalled to the master by the number of successful writes field in the response.

Parameter over range during block read/write FC23

There will be no indication that there has been a value out of range during a FC23 access.

8.6.9 CRC

The CRC is a 16bit cyclic redundancy check using the standard CRC-16 polynomial x16+x15+x2+1. The 16 bit CRC is appended to the message and transmitted LSB first.

The CRC is calculated on ALL the bytes in the frame.

8.6.10 Device compatibility parameters

All devices have the following compatibility parameters defined:

Parameter	Description
Device ID	Unique device identification code
Minimum slave response time	The minimum delay between the end of a message from the master and the time at which the master is ready to receive a response from the slave. Refer to para 11-26
Maximum slave response time	When global addressing, the master must wait for this time before issuing a new message. In a network of devices, the slowest time must be used
Maximum baud rate	
32 bit float data type supported	If this data type is not supported then an over range error will be raised if this data type is used
Maximum buffer size	Determines the maximum block size.

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9 NV Media Card

9.1 Introduction

The Non-Volatile Media Card feature enables simple configuration of parameters, parameter back-up and drive cloning using an SD card.

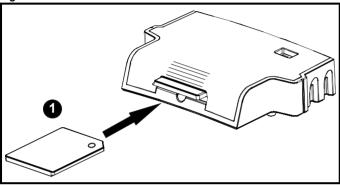
The SD card can be used for:

- · Parameter copying between drives
- · Saving drive parameter sets

The NV Media Card (SD card) is located in the Al-Backup adaptor.

The card is not hot swappable, but the Al-Backup adaptor is "hot swapped" only when the five unit LEDs on the display are not flashing. The unit LEDs flash during the data transfer.

Figure 9-1 Installation of the SD card



1. Installing the SD card

NOTE

A flat bladed screwdriver or similar tool is required in order to insert / remove the SD card fully into the Al-Backup adaptor.

Before inserting / removing the SD card into / from the Al-Backup adaptor, the Al-Backup adaptor must be removed from the drive.

NOTE

The drive supports SD cards formatted with the FAT32 file system only.

9.2 SD card support

An SD memory card can be inserted in the Al-Backup adaptor in order to transfer data to the drive, however the following limitations should be noted:

If a parameter from the source drive does not exist in the target drive then no data is transferred for that parameter.

If the data for the parameter in the target drive is out of range then the data is limited to the range of the target parameter.

If the target drive has a different rating to the source drive then the normal rules for this type of transfer apply as described later.

No checking is possible to determine if the source and target product types are the same, and so no warning is given if they are different.

If an SD card is used then the drive will recognise the following file types through the drive parameter interface.

File Type	Description
Parameter file	A file that contains all copied user save parameters from the drive menus (1 to 30) in difference from default format
Macro file	The same as a parameter file, but defaults are not loaded before the data is transferred from the card

These files can be created on a card by the drive and then transferred to any other drive including derivatives. If the Drive Derivative (11.028) is different between the source and target drives then the data is transferred but a {C.Pr} trip is initiated.

It is possible for other data to be stored on the card, but this should not be stored in the <MCDF> folder and it will not be visible via the drive parameter interface.

9.2.1 Changing the drive mode

If the source drive mode is different from the target drive mode then the mode will be changed to the source drive mode before the parameters are transferred. If the required drive mode is outside the allowed range for the target then a {C.typ} trip is initiated and no data is transferred.

9.2.2 Different voltage ratings

If the voltage rating of the source and target drives is different then all parameters except those that are rating dependent (i.e. attribute RA=1) are transferred to the target drive. The rating dependent parameters are left at their default values. After the parameters have been transferred and saved to non-volatile memory a {C.rtg} trip is given as a warning. The table below gives a list of the rating dependent parameters.

Parameters
Standard Ramp Voltage (02.008)
Motoring Current Limit (04.005)
M2 Motoring Current Limit (21.027)
Regenerating Current Limit (04.006)
M2 Regenerating Current Limit (21.028)
Symmetrical Current Limit (04.007)
M2 Symmetrical Current Limit (21.029)
User Current Maximum Scaling (04.024)
Motor Rated Current (05.007)
M2 Motor Rated Current (21.007)
Motor Rated Voltage (05.009)
M2 Motor Rated Voltage (21.009)
Motor Rated Power Factor (05.010)
M2 Motor Rated Power Factor (21.010)
Stator Resistance (05.017)
M2 Stator Resistance (21.012)
Maximum Switching Frequency (05.018)
Transient Inductance /Ld (05.024)
M2 Transient Inductance /Ld (21.014)
Stator Inductance (05.025)
M2 Stator Inductance (21.024)
Injection Braking Level (06.006)
Supply Loss Detection Level (06.048)

9.2.3 Different option modules installed

If the option module ID code (15.001) is different for any option module installed to the source drive compared to the destination drive, then the parameters for the set-up for that option module are not transferred, but and are instead set to their default values. After the parameters have been transferred and saved to non-volatile memory, a {C.OPt} trip is given as a warning.

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9.2.4 Different current ratings

If any of the current rating parameters (Maximum Heavy Duty Rating (Pr 77), Maximum Rated Current (11.060) or Full Scale Current Kc (11.061)) are different between the source and target then all parameters are still written to the target drive, but some may be limited by their allowed range. To give similar performance in the target compared to the source drive the frequency and current controller gains are modified as shown below. Note that this does not apply if the file identification number is larger than 500.

Gains	Multiplier
Frequency Controller Proportional Gain Kp1 (03.010)	[Source Full Scale Current Kc (11.061)] /
Frequency Controller Integral Gain Ki1 (03.011)	[Target Full Scale Current Kc (11.061)]
Frequency Controller Proportional Gain Kp2 (03.013)	
Frequency Controller Integral Gain Ki2 (03.014)	
M2 Frequency Controller Proportional Gain Kp (21.017)	
M2 Frequency Controller Integral Gain Ki (21.018)	
Current Controller Kp Gain (04.013)	
Current Controller Ki Gain (04.014)	
M2 Current Controller Kp Gain (21.022)	
M2 Current Controller Ki Gain (21.023)	

9.2.5 Different variable maximums

It should be noted that if ratings of the source and target drives are different, it is possible that some parameters with variable maximums may be limited and not have the same values as in the source drive.

9.2.6 Macro files

Macro files are created in the same way as parameter files except that *NV Media Card Create Special File* (11.072) must be set to 1 before the file is created on the NV media card. *NV Media Card Create Special File* (11.072) is set to zero after the file has been created or the transfer fails. When a macro file is transferred to a drive the drive mode is not changed even if the actual mode is different to that in the file and defaults are not loaded before the parameters are copied from the file to the drive.

The table below gives a summary of the values used in Pr **00** for NV media card operations. The yyy represents the file identification number.

Table 9-1 Functions in Pr 00

Value	Action
2001	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file 001 and sets the block as bootable. This will include the parameters from any attached option module.
4ууу	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file yyy. This will include the parameters from any attached option module.
6ууу	Load the drive parameters from parameter file yyy.
7ууу	Erase file yyy.
8ууу	Compare the data in the drive with the file yyy. The data in the drive is compared to the data in the file yyy. If the files are the same then Pr 00 is simply reset to 0 when the compare is complete. If the files are different a {Card Compare} trip is initiated. All other NV media card trips also apply.
9555	Clear the warning suppression flag.
9666	Set the warning suppression flag.
9777	Clear the read-only flag.
9888	Set the read-only flag.

9.2.7 Writing to the NV Media Card

4yyy - Writes defaults differences to the NV Media Card

The data block only contains the parameter differences from the last time default settings were loaded.

All parameters except those with the NC (Not copied) coding bit set are transferred to the NV Media Card. In addition to these parameters all menu 20 parameters (except Pr **20.000**), can be transferred to the NV Media Card.

Writing a parameter set to the NV Media Card (Pr 30 = Prog (2))

Setting Pr **30** to Prog (2) and resetting the drive will save the parameters to the NV Media Card, i.e. this is equivalent to writing 4001 to Pr **00**. All NV Media Card trips apply. If the data block already exists it is automatically overwritten. When the action is complete this parameter is automatically reset to NonE (0).

9.2.8 Reading from the NV Media Card 6yyy - Reading from NV Media Card

When the data is transferred back to the drive, using 6yyy in Pr 00, it is transferred to the drive RAM and the EEPROM. A parameter save is not required to retain the data after-power down. Set up data for any option module installed stored on the card are transferred to the drive. If the option module installed is different between source and destination drives, the menu for the option module slot where the option module category is different is not updated from the card and will contain its default values after the copying action. The drive will produce a 'C.OPt' trip if the option module installed to the source and the destination drives are different. If the data is being transferred to the drive with different voltage or current rating a

is being transferred to the drive with different voltage or current rating a 'C.rtg' trip will occur.

The following drive rating dependant parameters (RA coding bit set) will not be transferred to the destination drive by a NV Media Card when the voltage rating of the destination drive is different from the source drive

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and the file is a parameter file.

However, drive rating dependent parameters will be transferred if only the current rating is different. If drive rating dependant parameters are not transferred to the destination drive they will contain their default values.

Pr 02.008 Standard Ramp Voltage

Pr **04.005** to Pr **04.007** and Pr **21.027** to Pr **21.029** Motoring Current Limits

Pr 04.024, User Current Maximum Scaling

Pr 04.041 User Over Current Trip Level

Pr 05.007. Pr 21.007 Rated Current

Pr 05.009. Pr 21.009 Rated Voltage

Pr 05.010, Pr 21.010 Rated Power Factor

Pr 05.017, Pr 21.012 Stator Resistance

Pr 05.018 Maximum Switching Frequency

Pr 05.024, Pr 21.014 Transient Inductance

Pr 05.025, Pr 21.024 Stator Inductance

Pr 06.006 Injection Braking Level

Pr 06.048 Supply Loss Detection Level

Pr 06.073 Braking IGBT Lower Threshold

Pr 06.074 Braking IGBT Upper Threshold

Pr 06.075 Low Voltage Braking IGBT Threshold

Reading a parameter set from the NV Media Card (Pr 30 = rEAd (1))

Setting Pr **30** to rEAd (1) and resetting the drive will transfer the parameters from the card into the drive parameter set and the drive EEPROM, i.e. this is equivalent to writing 6001 to Pr **00**.

All NV Media Card trips apply. Once the parameters are successfully copied this parameter is automatically reset to NonE (0). Parameters are saved to the drive EEPROM after this action is complete.

9.2.9 Auto saving parameter changes (Pr 30 = Auto (3))

This setting causes the drive to automatically save any changes made to menu 0 parameters on the drive to the NV Media Card. The latest menu 0 parameter set in the drive is therefore always backed up on the NV Media Card. Changing Pr 30 to Auto (3) and resetting the drive will immediately save the complete parameter set from the drive to the card, i.e. all parameters except parameters with the NC coding bit set. Once the whole parameter set is stored only the individual modified menu 0 parameter setting is updated.

Advanced parameter changes are only saved to the NV Media Card when Pr **00** is set to 'SAVE' or a 1001 and the drive reset.

All NV Media Card trips apply. If the data block already contains information it is automatically overwritten. If the card is removed when Pr **30** is set to 3, Pr **30** is then automatically set to NonE (0).

When a new NV Media Card is installed Pr 30 must be set back to Auto (3) by the user and the drive reset so the complete parameter set is rewritten to the new NV Media Card if auto mode is still required. When Pr 30 is set to Auto (3) and the parameters in the drive are saved, the NV Media Card is also updated, and therefore the NV Media

Card becomes a copy of the drives stored configuration.

At power up, if Pr **30** is set to Auto (3), the drive will save the complete parameter set to the NV Media Card. The 5 unit LEDs will flash during this operation. This is done to ensure that if a user puts a new NV Media Card in during power down the new NV Media Card will have the correct data.

NOTE

When Pr **30** is set to Auto (3) the setting of Pr **30** itself is saved to the drive EEPROM but not the NV Media Card.

9.2.10 Booting up from the NV Media Card on every power up (Pr 30 = boot (4))

When Pr **30** is set to boot (4) the drive operates the same as Auto mode except when the drive is powered-up. The parameters on the NV Media Card will be automatically transferred to the drive at power up if the following are true:

- · A card is inserted in the drive
- · Parameter data block 1 exists on the card
- The data in block 1 is type 1 to 4 (as defined in Pr 11.038)
- Pr 30 on the card set to boot (4)

The 5 unit LEDs will flash during this operation. If the

drive mode is different from that on the card, the drive gives a 'C.tyP' trip and the data is not transferred.

If 'boot' mode is stored on the copying NV Media Card this makes the copying NV Media Card the master device. This provides a very fast and efficient way of re-programming a number of drives.

'boot' mode is saved to the card, but when the card is read, the value of Pr **30** is not transferred to the drive.

9.2.11 Booting up from the NV Media Card on every power up (Pr 00 = 2001)

It is possible to create a bootable parameter data block by setting Pr **00** to 2001 and initiating a drive reset. This data block is created in one operation and is not updated when further parameter changes are made

Setting Pr **00** to 2001 will overwrite the data block 1 on the card if it already exists.

9.2.12 8yyy - Comparing the drive full parameter set with the NV Media Card values

Setting 8yyy in Pr **00**, will compare the NV Media Card file with the data in the drive. If the compare is successful Pr **00** is simply set to 0. If the compare fails a 'C.cPr' trip is initiated.

9.2.13 7yyy - Erasing data from the NV Media Card values

Data can be erased from the NV Media Card either one block at a time or all blocks in one go.

Setting 7yyy in Pr 00 will erase NV Media Card data block yyy

9.2.14 9666 / 9555 - Setting and clearing the NV Media Card warning suppression flag

If the option module installed to the source and destination drive are different the drive will produce a 'C.OPt' trip.

If the data is being transferred to a drive of a different voltage or current

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rating a 'C.rtg' trip will occur. It is possible to suppress these trips by setting the warning suppression flag. If this flag is set the drive will not trip if the option module or drive ratings are different between the source and destination drives. The option module or rating dependent parameters will not be transferred.

- Setting 9666 in Pr 00 will set the warning suppression flag
- Setting 9555 in Pr 00 will clear the warning suppression flag

9.2.15 9888 / 9777 - Setting and clearing the NV Media Card read only flag

The NV Media Card may be protected from writing or erasing by setting the read only flag. If an attempt is made to write or erase a data block when the read only flag is set, a 'C.rdo' trip is initiated. When the read only flag is set only codes 6yyy or 9777 are effective.

- Setting 9888 in Pr 00 will set the read only flag
- Setting 9777 in Pr 00 will clear the read only flag

9.3 NV Media Card parameters

Table 9-2 Key to parameter table coding

RW	Read / Write	ND	No default value
RO	Read only	NC	Not copied
Num	Number parameter	PT	Protected parameter
Bit	Bit parameter	RA	Rating dependant
Txt	Text string	US	User save
Bin	Binary parameter	PS	Power-down save
FI	Filtered	DE	Destination

11.0	036	NV Media Card File Previously Loaded				
RO	Num		NC	PT		
\$	0 to 999			\Rightarrow	0	

This parameter shows the number of the data block last transferred from an SD card to the drive. If defaults are subsequently reloaded this parameter is set to 0.

11.	037	NV Media Card File Number				
RW	Num					
Û		0 to 999		\Rightarrow		0

This parameter should have the data block number which the user would like the information displayed in Pr 11.038, Pr 11.039.

11.	038	NV Media Card File Type			
RO	Txt	Txt ND NC			
Û	0 to 2			\Rightarrow	0

Displays the type of data block selected with Pr 11.037.

Pr 11.038	String	Type / mode
0	None	No file selected
1	Open-loop	Open loop mode parameter file
2	RFC-A	RFC-A mode parameter file

11.039		NV Media	a Card Fi	le Versior	1
RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
\$	0 to 9999			\Rightarrow	0

Displays the version number of the file selected in Pr 11.037.

11.04	2 {30}	Paramet	er Clonin	g		
RW	Txt		NC			US
\$,	0), rEAd (′ 2), Auto (3 boot (4)	,. •	\Rightarrow	(0

9.4 NV Media Card trips

After an attempt to read, write or erase data from a NV Media Card a trip is initiated if there has been a problem with the command.

See Chapter 12 *Diagnostics* on page 129 for more information on NV Media Card trips.

9.5 Data block header information

Each data block stored on a NV Media Card has header information detailing the following:

- NV Media Card File Number (11.037)
- NV Media Card File Type (11.038)
- NV Media Card File Version (11.039)

The header information for each data block which has been used can be viewed in Pr 11.038 to Pr 11.039 by increasing or decreasing the data block number set in Pr 11.037. If there is no data on the card Pr 11.037 can only have a value of 0.

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10 Onboard PLC

10.1 Onboard PLC and Machine Control Studio

The drive has the ability to store and execute a 16 kB (less 4 kB of proxy) Onboard PLC user program without the need for additional hardware in the form of an option module.

Machine Control Studio is an IEC61131-3 development environment designed for use with Unidrive M and compatible application modules. Machine Control Studio is based on CODESYS from 3S-Smart Software Solutions.

All of the programming languages defined in the IEC standard IEC 61131-3 are supported in the Machine Control Studio development environment.

- ST (Structured text)
- · LD (Ladder diagram)
- · FBD (Function block diagram)
- IL (Instruction list)
- · SFC (Sequential function chart)
- CFC (Continuous Function Chart). CFC is an extension to the standard IEC programming languages

Machine Control Studio provides a complete environment for the development of user programs. Programs can be created, compiled and downloaded to a Unidrive M for execution, via the communications port on the front of the drive. The run-time operation of the compiled program on the target can also be monitored using Machine Control Studio and facilities are provided to interact with the program on the target by setting new values for target variables and parameters.

The Onboard PLC and Machine Control Studio form the first level of functionality in a range of programmable options for Unidrive M.

Machine Control Studio can be downloaded from www.controltechniques.com.

See the Machine Control Studio help file for more information regarding using Machine Control Studio, creating user programs and downloading user programs to the drive.

10.2 Benefits

The combination of the Onboard PLC and Machine Control Studio, means that the drive can replace nano and some micro PLCs in many applications

Machine Control Studio benefits from access to the standard CODESYS function and function block libraries as well as those from third parties. Functions and function blocks available as standard in Machine Control Studio include, but not limited to, the following:

- · Arithmetic blocks
- · Comparison blocks
- Timers
- Counters
- Multiplexers
- Latches
- Bit manipulation

Typical applications for the Onboard PLC include:

- · Ancillary pumps
- Fans and control valves
- Interlocking logic
- · Sequence routines
- Custom control words.

10.3 Features

The Unidrive M Onboard PLC user program has the following features:

10.3.1 Tasks

The Onboard PLC allows use of two tasks.

- Clock: A high priority real time task. The clock task interval can be set from 16 ms to 262 s in multiples of 16 ms. The parameter Onboard User Program: Clock Task Time Used (11.051) shows the percentage of the available time used by clock task. A read or write of a drive parameter by the user program takes a finite period of time. It is possible to select up to 10 parameters as fast access parameter which reduced the amount of time it takes for the user program to read from or write to a drive parameter. This is useful when using a clock task with a fast update rate as selecting a parameter for fast access reduces the amount of the clock task resource required to access parameters.
- Freewheeling: A non-real time background task. The freewheeling task is scheduled for a short period once every 256 ms. The time for which the task is scheduled will vary depending on the loading of the drive's processor. When scheduled, several scans of the user program may be performed. Some scans may execute in microseconds. However, when the main drive functions are scheduled there will be a pause in the execution of the program causing some scans to take many milliseconds. The parameter Onboard User Program: Freewheeling Tasks Per Second (11.050) shows the number of times the freewheeling task has started per second.

10.3.2 Variables

The Onboard PLC supports the use of variables with the data types of Boolean, integer (8 bit, 16 bit and 32 bit, signed and unsigned), floating point (64 bit only), strings and time.

10.3.3 Custom menu

Machine Control Studio can construct a custom drive menu to reside in menu 30 on the drive. The following properties of each parameter can be defined using Machine Control Studio:

- Parameter name
- · Number of decimal places
- The units for the parameter to be display on the keypad.
- · The minimum, maximum and default values
- Memory handling (i.e. power down save, user save or volatile)
- Data type. The drive provides a limited set of 1 bit, 8 bit, 16 bit and 32 bit integer parameters to create the customer menu.

Parameters in this customer menu can be accessed by the user program and will appear on the keypad.

10.3.4 Limitations

The Onboard PLC user program has the following limitations:

- The flash memory allocated to the Onboard PLC is 16 kB which includes the user program and its header which results in a maximum user program size of about 12 kB
- The Onboard PLC is provided with 2 kB of RAM.
- The drive is rated for 100 program downloads. This limitation is imposed by the flash memory used to store the program within the drive.
- There is only one real-time task with a minimum period of 16 ms.
- The freewheeling background task runs at a low priority. The drive is
 prioritized to perform the clock task and its major functions first, e.g.
 motor control, and will use any remaining processing time to execute
 the freewheeling task as a background activity. As the drive's
 processor becomes more heavily loaded, less time is spent
 executing the freewheeling task.
- Breakpoints, single stepping and online program changes are not possible.
- The Graphing tool is not supported.
- The variable data types REAL (32 bit floating point), LWORD (64 bit integer) and WSTRING (Unicode string), and retained variables are not supported.

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10.4 Onboard PLC parameters

The following parameters are associated with the Onboard PLC user program.

11.047		Onboard	User Pro	ogram: Er	nable	
RW	Txt	Txt			US	
\$	Stop (0) or Run (1)			\Diamond	Rui	n (1)

This parameter stops and starts the user program.

0 - Stop the User Program

The onboard user program is stopped.

1 - Run the User Program

The user program will execute. Background task starts from the beginning.

11.048		Onboard User Program: Status				
RO	Txt		NC	PT		
\$	-2147483648 to 2147483647			\Rightarrow		

This parameter is read-only and indicates the status of the user program in the drive. The user program writes the value to this parameter.

- 0: Stopped
- 1: Running
- 2: Exception
- 3: No user program present

11.049		Onboard	User Pro	ogram: Pr	ogrammin	g Events
RO	Uni	Uni		PT	PS	
\$	0 to 65535			\Rightarrow		

This parameter holds the number of times an Onboard PLC user program download has taken place and is 0 on dispatch from the factory. The drive is rated for one hundred program downloads. This parameter is not altered when defaults are loaded.

11.0	11.050 Onboard U Second			gram: Fr	eewheeling	Tasks Per
RO	Uni		NC	PT		
Û		0 to 65535				

This parameter shows the number of times the freewheeling task has started per second.

11.0	11.051		User Pro	ogram: Cl	ock Task T	ime Used
RO			NC	PT		
\$	0.0	0 to 100.0	%	ightharpoons		

This parameter shows the percentage of the available time used by the user program clock task.

11.0	055	Onboard Interval	d User Program: Clock Task Scheduled				
RO			NC	PT			
\$	0 t	o 262128	ms	ightharpoons			

This parameter shows the interval at which the clock task is scheduled to run at in ms.

10.5 Onboard PLC trips

If the drive detects an error in the user program it will initiate a User Program trip. The sub-trip number for the User Program trip details the reason for the error. See Chapter 12 *Diagnostics* on page 129 for more information on the User Program trip.

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11 Advanced parameters

This is a quick reference to all parameters in the drive showing units, ranges limits etc, with block diagrams to illustrate their function. Full descriptions of the parameters can be found in the *Parameter Reference Guide*.



These advanced parameters are listed for reference purposes only. The lists in this chapter do not include sufficient information for adjusting these parameters. Incorrect adjustment can affect the safety of the system, and damage the drive and or external equipment. Before attempting to adjust any of these parameters, refer to the *Parameter reference guide*.

Table 11-1 Menu descriptions

Menu	Description
	Commonly used basic set up parameters for quick / easy
0	programming
1	Frequency reference
·	
2	Ramps
3	Frequency control
4	Torque and current control
5	Motor control
6	Sequencer and clock
7	Analog I/O
8	Digital I/O
9	Programmable logic, motorized pot, binary sum, timers
10	Status and trips
11	Drive set-up and identification, serial communications
12	Threshold detectors and variable selectors
14	User PID controller
15	Option module slot 1 set-up menu
18	General option module application menu 1
20	General option module application menu 2
21	Second motor parameters
22	Menu 0 set-up
24	Option module slot 1 application menu
Slot 1	Slot 1 option menus**

^{**} Only displayed when the option module is installed.

Operation mode abbreviations:

Open-loop: Sensorless control for induction motors

RFC-A: Asynchronous Rotor Flux Control for induction motors

Default abbreviations:

Standard default value (50 Hz AC supply frequency)

USA default value (60 Hz AC supply frequency)

NOTE

Parameter numbers shown in brackets {...} are the equivalent Menu 0 parameters. Some Menu 0 parameters appear twice since their function depends on the operating mode.

In some cases, the function or range of a parameter is affected by the setting of another parameter. The information in the lists relates to the default condition of any parameters affected in this way.

Table 11-2 Key to parameter table coding

Coding	Attribute
RW	Read/Write: can be written by the user
RO	Read only: can only be read by the user
Bit	1 bit parameter. 'On' or 'Off' on the display
Num	Number: can be uni-polar or bi-polar
Txt	Text: the parameter uses text strings instead of numbers.
Bin	Binary parameter
IP	IP Address parameter
Mac	Mac Address parameter
Date	Date parameter
Time	Time parameter
Chr	Character parameter
FI	Filtered: some parameters which can have rapidly changing values are filtered when displayed on the drive keypad for easy viewing.
DE	Destination: This parameter selects the destination of an input or logic function.
RA	Rating dependent: this parameter is likely to have different values and ranges with drives of different voltage and current ratings. Parameters with this attribute will be transferred to the destination drive by non-volatile storage media when the rating of the destination drive is different from the source drive and the file is a parameter file. However, the values will be transferred if only the current rating is different and the file is a difference from default type file.
ND	No default: The parameter is not modified when defaults are loaded
NC	Not copied: not transferred to or from non-volatile media during copying.
PT	Protected: cannot be used as a destination.
US	User save: parameter saved in drive EEPROM when the user initiates a parameter save.
PS	Power-down save: parameter automatically saved in drive EEPROM when the under volts (UV) state occurs.

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Table 11-3 Feature look-up table

Features					Re	lated par	ameters	(Pr)					
Acceleration rates	02.010	02.011 t	o 02.019	02.032	02.033	02.034	02.002						
Analog I/O	Menu 7												
Analog input 1	07.001	07.007	07.008	07.009	07.010	07.028	07.051	07.030	07.061	07.062	07.063	07.064	
Analog input 2	07.002	07.011	07.012	07.013	07.014		07.031	07.052	07.065	07.066	07.067	07.068	
Analog output 1	07.019	07.020			07.055	07.099							
Analog reference 1	01.036	07.010	07.001	07.007	07.008	07.009	07.028	07.051	07.030	07.061	07.062	07.063	07.064
Analog reference 2	01.037	07.014	01.041	07.002	07.011	07.012	07.013	07.032	07.031	07.065	07.066	07.067	07.068
Application menu	Men	u 18			Men	u 20							
At frequency indicator bit	03.006	03.007	03.009	10.006	10.005	10.007							
Auto reset	10.034	10.035	10.036	10.001									
Autotune	05.012		05.017	05.021	05.024	05.025	05.010	05.029	05.030	05.062	05.063	05.059	05.060
Binary sum	09.029	09.030	09.031	09.032	09.033	09.034							
Bipolar reference	01.010												
Brake control	12.040 to	12.047		12.050	12.051								
Braking	10.011	10.010	10.030	10.031	06.001	02.004	02.002	10.012	10.039	10.040			
Catch a spinning motor	06.009	05.040											
Coast to stop	06.001												
Copying	11.042	11.036 1	to 11.039										
Cost - per kWh electricity	06.016	06.017	06.024	06.025	06.026		06.027						
Current controller	04.013	04.014											
Current feedback	04.001	04.002	04.017	04.004		04.020		04.024	04.026	10.008	10.009	10.017	
Current limits	04.005	04.006	04.007	04.018	04.015	04.019	04.016	05.007	05.010	10.008	10.009	10.017	
DC bus voltage	05.005	02.008											
DC injection braking	06.006	06.007	06.001										
Deceleration rates	02.020	02.021 t	to 02.029	02.004	02.035 t	02.037	02.002	02.008	06.001	10.030	10.031	10.039	02.009
Defaults	11.043	11.046											
Digital I/O	Menu 8												
Digital I/O read word	08.020												
Digital I/O T10	08.001	08.011	08.021	08.031	08.081	08.091	08.121						
Digital Input T11	08.002	08.012	08.022		08.082	08.122							
Digital Input T12	08.003	08.013	08.023		08.083	08.123							
Digital input T13	08.004	08.014	08.024	08.084	08.124								
Digital input T14	08.005	08.015	08.025		08.035	08.085	08.125						
Direction	10.013	06.030	06.031	01.003	10.014	02.001	03.002	08.003	08.004	10.040			
Drive active	10.002	10.040											
Drive derivative	11.028												
Drive OK	10.001	08.028	08.008	08.018	10.036	10.040							
Dynamic performance	05.026												
Dynamic V/F	05.013												
Enable	06.015				06.038								
Estimated frequency	03.002	03.003	03.004										
External trip	10.032												
Fan speed	06.045												
Field weakening - induction motor	05.029	05.030	01.006	05.028	05.062	05.063							
Filter change	06.019	06.018	06.021	06.022	06.023								
Firmware version	11.029	11.035											

nformation information installation installation started paramete **Features** Related parameters (Pr) Frequency controller 03.010 to 03.017 Frequency reference 01 014 01 015 selection Frequency slaving 03.001 03.013 03.014 03.015 03.016 03.017 03.018 Hard frequency reference 03 022 03 023 05.007 11.032 Heavy duty rating High stability space vector 05.019 modulation I/O sequencer 06.004 06.030 06.031 06.032 06.033 06.034 06.042 06.043 06.041 Inertia compensation 02.038 04.022 03.018 02.029 Jog reference 01.005 02.019 Keypad reference 01.017 01.014 01.043 01.051 06.012 06.013 Limit switches 06.035 06.036 Line power supply loss 06.003 10.015 10.016 05.005 06.046 06.048 06.051 _ogic function 1 09.001 09.004 09.005 09.006 09.007 09.008 09.009 09.010 Logic function 2 09.002 09.014 09.015 09.016 09.017 09.018 09.019 09.020 01.006 Maximum speed Menu 0 set-up Menu 22 Minimum speed 01.007 10.004 05.006 05.007 05.008 05.009 05.010 05.011 Motor map Motor map 2 Menu 21 11.045 Motorized potentiometer 09.021 09.023 09.024 09.025 09.026 09.027 09.028 09.003 09.022 NV media card 11.036 to 11.039 11.042 Offset reference 01.004 01.038 01.009 Open loop vector mode 05.014 05.017 05.088 Operating mode 11.031 05.014 05.002 05.004 Output 05.001 05.003 03.008 Over frequency threshold 05.020 Over modulation enable PID controller Menu 14 11.022 Power up parameter 01.045 to 01.047 Preset speeds 01.015 01.021 to 01.028 01.014 01.042 01.050 Menu 9 Programmable logic Ramp (accel / decel) mode 02.004 02.008 06.001 02.002 02.003 10.030 10.031 10.039 Reference selection 01.014 01.015 01.049 01.050 01.001 02.002 10.040 10.010 10.011 10.030 10.031 06.001 02.004 10.012 10.039 Regenerating Relay output 08.008 08.018 08.028 Reset 10.001 10.033 10.034 10.035 10.036 10.038 RFC mode 05.040 02.007 S ramp 02.006 Sample rates 05.018 11.030 11.044 Security code Serial comms 11.023 to 11.027 11.099 11.020 Skip references 01.029 01 030 01.031 01 032 01.033 01.034 01.035 05.027 05.008 05.033 05.036 05.084 Slip compensation Status word 10.040 05.005 06.046 06.048 06.051 06.058 06.059 06.003 Supply 05.018 07.035 05.035 07.034 Switching frequency

Safety

Product

Mechanical

Electrical

Getting

Basic

Running

Optimization

NV Media

Advanced

Diagnostics

Onboard PLC

UL Listing

Safety Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing

Features				Related parameters (Pr)									
Thermal protection - drive	05.018	05.035	07.004	07.005			07.035	10.018					
Thermal protection - motor	04.015	05.007	04.019	04.016	04.025		08.035						
Thermistor input	07.046	07.047	07.048	07.049	07.050	08.035							
Threshold detector 1	12.001	12.003 t	o 12.007										
Threshold detector 2	12.002	12.023 t	to 12.027										
Time - filter change	06.019	06.018	06.021	06.022	06.023								
Time - powered up log	06.020			06.019	06.017	06.018	06.084						
Time - run log				06.019	06.017	06.018	06.084						
Torque	04.003	04.026	05.032										
Torque mode	04.008	04.011											
Trip detection	10.037	10.038	10.020 t	o 10.029									
Trip log	10.020 to	10.029	10.041 to 10.060				10.070 to	10.079					
Under voltage	05.005	10.016	10.015	10.068									
V/F mode	05.015	05.014											
Variable selector 1	12.008 to	12.016											
Variable selector 2	12.028 to	12.036											
Voltage controller	05.031												
Voltage mode	05.014	05.017		05.015									
Voltage rating	11.033	05.009	05.005										
Voltage supply		06.046	05.005										
Warning	10.019	10.012	10.017	10.018	10.040								
Zero frequency indicator bit	03.005	10.003											

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	'	Card		parameters	ŭ	Ŭ

11.1 Parameter ranges and Variable minimum/maximums:

Some parameters in the drive have a variable range with a variable minimum and a variable maximum value which is dependent on one of the following:

- The settings of other parameters
- The drive rating
- · The drive mode
- Combination of any of the above

The tables below give the definition of variable minimum/maximum and the maximum range of these.

VM_AC_V	COLTAGE Range applied to parameters showing AC voltage
Units	V
Range of [MIN]	0
Range of [MAX]	0 to 930
Definition	VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MAX] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 11-4
Deminion	VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MIN] = 0

VM_AC_VOL	TAGE_SET	Range applied to the AC voltage set-up parameters
Units	V	
Range of [MIN]	0	
Range of [MAX]	0 to 765	
Definition	VM_AC_VOLTAGE_SET[M	IAX] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 11-4
Delililition	VM_AC_VOLTAGE_SET[M	1IN] = 0

VM_ACC	EL_RATE Maximum applied to the ramp rate parameters
Units	s / 100 Hz, s/1000 Hz, s/Max Frequency
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: 0.0 RFC-A: 0.0
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 0.0 to 32000.0 RFC-A: 0.0 to 32000.0
	A maximum needs to be applied to the ramp rate parameters because the units are a time for a change of speed from zero to a defined level or to maximum speed. If the change of speed is to the maximum speed then changing the maximum speed changes the actual ramp rate for a given ramp rate parameter value. The variable maximum calculation ensures that longest ramp rate (parameter at its maximum value) is not slower than the rate with the defined level, i.e. 32000.0 s/100 Hz.
Definition	The maximum frequency is taken from Maximum Speed (01.006) if Select Motor 2 Parameters (11.045) = 0, or M2 Maximum Speed (21.001) if Select Motor 2 Parameters (11.045) = 1.
	VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN] = 0.0
	If Ramp Rate Units (02.039) = 0:
	VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX] = 32000.0
	Otherwise:
	VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX] = 32000.0 x Maximum frequency / 100.00

VM_	DC_VOLTAGE	Range applied to DC voltage reference parameters
Units	V	
Range of [MIN]	0	
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1190	
Definition		GE[MAX] is the full scale DC bus voltage feedback (over voltage trip level) for the drive. This level is ng dependent. See Table 11-4 GEIMINI = 0

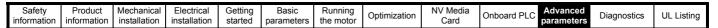
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard DLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	III Liotina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing

VM_DC_VOI	Range applied to DC voltage reference parameters
Units	V
Range of [MIN]	0
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1150
Definition	VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 11-4 VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MIN] = 0

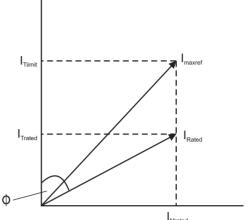
VM_DRIVE	CURRENT	Range applied to parameters showing current in A
Units	Α	
Range of [MIN]	-9999.99 to 0.00	
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 9999.99	
Definition	Scale Current Kc (11.061)	IAX] is equivalent to the full scale (over current trip level) for the drive and is given by Full IIN] = - VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[MAX]

	VM_FREQ	Range applied to parameters showing frequency
Units	Hz	
Range of [MIN]	-1100.00	
Range of [MAX]	1100.00	
Definition	the range is set to VM_FREQ[MIN] =	mum/maximum defines the range of speed monitoring parameters. To allow headroom for overshoot twice the range of the speed references. = 2 x VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MIN] = 2 x VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]

VM_MAX_SW	CHING_FREQUENCY Range applied to the maximum switching frequency parameters	
Units	User units	
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: 0 (0.667 kHz) RFC-A: 2 (2 kHz)	
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 8 (16kHz) RFC-A: 8 (16kHz)	
Definition	VM_SWITCHING_FREQUENCY[MAX] = Power stage dependent VM_SWITCHING_FREQUENCY[MIN] = 0 This variable maximum is used by the <i>Minimum Switching Frequency</i> (05.038) to define the minimum frequency used if the inverter thermal model is actively reducing the switching frequency due to temperature. Note that parameter <i>Maximum Switching Frequency</i> (05.018) takes priority over parameter <i>Minimum Switching Frequency</i> (05.038) so is not limited by parameter <i>Minimum Switching Frequency</i> (05.038). The actual minimum switching frequency (imit used is the lower of <i>Maximum Switching Frequency</i> (05.018) and <i>Minimum Switching Frequency</i> (05.038).	imit



VM_MOTOR1_C	URRENT_LIMIT	Range applied to current limit parameters (motor 1)
Units	%	
Range of [MIN]	0.0	
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0	
		_



VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX] is dependent on the drive rating and motor set-up parameters. VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MIN] = 0.0

Open-loop

VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX] = (I_{Tlimit} / I_{Trated}) x 100 %

Where:

 $I_{Tlimit} = I_{MaxRef} \times cos(sin^{-1}(I_{Mrated} / I_{MaxRef}))$

 I_{Mrated} = Pr **05.007** sin ϕ

I_{Trated} = Pr **05.007** x cos φ

cos 6 = Pr 05.010

I_{MaxRef} is 0.7 x Pr **11.061** when the motor rated current set in Pr **05.007** is less than or equal to Pr **11.032** (i.e. Heavy duty), otherwise it is the lower of 0.7 x Pr **11.061** or 1.1 x Pr **11.060** (i.e. Normal Duty).

Definition

$$\label{eq:motor1} \begin{aligned} \text{MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT_MAX} \ = \ \frac{\sqrt{\left[\left[\frac{\text{Maximum current}}{\text{Motor rated current}}\right]^2 + \left(\text{PF}\right)^2 - 1\right]}}{\text{PF}} \times 100\% \end{aligned}$$

Where:

Motor rated current is given by Pr 05.007

PF is motor rated power factor given by Pr 05.010

(MOTOR2_CURRENT_LIMIT_MAX is calculated from the motor map 2 parameters)

The Maximum current is (1.5 x Rated drive current) when the rated current set by Pr **05.007** is less than or equal to the Maximum Heavy Duty current rating specified in Pr **11.032**, otherwise it is (1.1 x Maximum motor rated current).

For example, with a motor of the same rating as the drive and a power factor of 0.85, the maximum current limit is 165.2%.

The rated active and rated magnetising currents are calculated from the power factor (Pr **05.010**) and motor rated current (Pr **05.007**) as:

rated active current = power factor x motor rated current

rated magnetising current = $\sqrt{(1 - power factor^2)} \times motor rated current$

RFC-A

VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX] = (I_{Tlimit} / I_{Trated}) x 100 %

Where

 $I_{Tlimit} = I_{MaxRef} \times cos(sin^{-1}(I_{Mrated} / I_{MaxRef}))$

 I_{Mrated} = Pr **05.007** x sin ϕ_1

 $I_{Trated} = Pr 05.007 \times cos \phi_1$

 $\phi_1 = \cos^{-1} (\text{Pr } \mathbf{05.010}) + \phi_2. \ \phi_1 \text{ is calculated during an autotune. See the variable minimum / maximum calculations in the$ *Parameter Reference Guide* $for more information regarding <math>\phi_2$.

 I_{MaxRef} is 0.9 x Pr **11.061** when the motor rated current set in Pr **05.007** is less than or equal to Pr **11.032** (i.e. Heavy duty), otherwise it is the lower of 0.9 x Pr **11.061** or 1.1 x Pr **11.060** (i.e. Normal Duty).

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard DLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	III Liotina
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VM_MOTOR2_0	URRENT_LIMIT	Range applied to current limit parameters (motor 2)
Units	%	
Range of [MIN]	0.0	
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0	
Definition	VM_MOTOR2_CURRENT Refer to VM_MOTOR1_C	_LIMIT[MAX] is dependent on the drive rating and motor set-up parametersLIMIT[MIN] = 0.0 URRENT_LIMIT for more information. For VM_MOTOR2_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX] use .007 and Pr 21.010 instead of Pr 05.010.

VM_NEGATIVE	E_REF_CLAMP1	Limits applie	ed to the negative frequency clamp (motor	1)			
Units	Hz						
Range of [MIN]	-550.00 to 0.00	-550.00 to 0.00					
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 550.00						
	(Minimum Speed (01 Enable (01.008), Bip Negative Reference Clamp	.007)). The minimu olar Reference Ena Bipolar Reference	es the range of the negative frequency clar am and maximum are affected by the settir able (01.010) and Maximum Speed (01.00 VM_NEGATIVE_REF_ CLAMP1[MIN]	ngs of the Negative Reference Clam			
Definition	Enable (01.008)	Enable (01.010)	OLAMI I [IMM]				
Definition	, ,	Litable (01.010)					
Definition	0	0	0.00	Pr 01.006			
Definition	, ,	0 1	0.00	Pr 01.006 0.00			

VM_NEGATIV	E_REF_CLAMP2 Limits applied to the negative frequency clamp (motor 2)
Units	Hz
Range of [MIN]	-550.00 to 0.00
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 550.00
Definition	This variable maximum/minimum defines the range of the negative frequency clamp associated with motor map 2 (<i>M2 Minimum Speed</i> (21.002)). It is defined in the same way as VM_NEGATIVE_REF_CLAMP1 except that the <i>M2 Maximum Speed</i> (21.001) is used instead of <i>Maximum Speed</i> (01.006).

VM_POSITIVE	REF_CLAMP Limits applied to the positive frequency reference clamp
Units	Hz
Range of [MIN]	0.00
Range of [MAX]	550.00
Definition	VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP[MAX] defines the range of the positive reference clamp, <i>Maximum Speed</i> (01.006), which in turn limit the references.

	VM_POWER	Range applied to parameters that either set or display power
Units	kW	
Range of [MIN]	-9999.99 to 0.00	
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 9999.99	
Definition	with maximum AC of VM_POWER[MAX]	is rating dependent and is chosen to allow for the maximum power that can be output by the drive output voltage, at maximum controlled current and unity power factor. = √3 x VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MAX] x VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[MAX] / 1000 = -VM_POWER[MAX]

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing

VM_RATED	CURRENT	Range applied to rated current parameters
Units	Α	
Range of [MIN]	0.00	
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 9999.99	
Definition	VM_RATED_CURRENT [N VM_RATED_CURRENT [N	MAX] = Maximum Rated Current (11.060) and is dependent on the drive rating. MIN] = 0.00

VM_SPE	ED_FREQ_REF	Range applied to the frequency reference	parameters				
Units	Hz						
Range of [MIN]	-550.00 to 0.00						
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 550.00						
	This variable minimum/maximum is applied throughout the frequency and speed reference system so that the references can vary in the range from the minimum to maximum clamps.						
	Negative Reference Clamp Enable (01.008)	VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX] if Select Motor 2 Parameters (11.045) = 0	VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX] if Select Motor 2 Parameters (11.045) = 1				
Definition	0	Maximum Speed (01.006)	M2 Maximum Speed (21.001)				
	1	Maximum Speed (01.006) or Minimum Speed (01.007) whichever the larger	M2 Maximum Speed (21.001) or M2 Minimum Speed (21.002) whichever the larger				
	VM_SPEED_FREQ_	REF[MIN] = -VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX].					

VM_SPEED_FREQ	_REF_UNIPOLAR Unipolar version of VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF
Units	Hz
Range of [MIN]	0.00
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 550.00
Definition	VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX] VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF_UNIPOLAR[MIN] = 0.00

VM_SPEED_FR	EQ_USER_REFS	Range applied t	o analog reference parameters				
Units	Hz						
Range of [MIN]	-550.00 to 550.00						
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 550.00						
	This variable maximum is applied to <i>Analog Reference 1</i> (01.036), <i>Analog Reference 2</i> (01.037) and <i>Keypad Reference</i> (01.017). The maximum applied to these parameters is the same as other frequency reference parameters. VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_REFS [MAX] = VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX] However the minimum is dependent on <i>Negative Reference Clamp Enable</i> (01.008) and <i>Bipolar Reference Enable</i> (01.010).						
Definition	Negative Reference Clamp Enable (01.008)	Bipolar Reference Enable (01.010)	VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_REFS[MIN]				
	0	0	If Select Motor 2 Parameters (11.045) = 0 Minimum Speed (01.007), otherwise M2 Minimum Speed (21.002)				
	0	1	-VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]				
	1	0	0.00				
	1	1	-VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]				

VM_SUPPLY_	Range applied to the supply loss threshold
Units	V
Range of [MIN]	0 to 1150
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1150
Definition	VM_SUPPLY_LOSS_LEVEL[MAX] = VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX] VM_SUPPLY_LOSS_LEVEL[MIN] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 11-4

Safety	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing
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VM_TOR	QUE_CURRENT Range applied	Range applied to torque and torque producing current parameters					
Units	%						
Range of [MIN]	-1000.0 to 0.0						
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0						
	Select Motor 2 Parameters (11.045)	VM_TORQUE_CURRENT[MAX]					
Definition	0	VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX]					
	1	VM_MOTOR2_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX]					
	VM_TORQUE_CURRENT[MIN] = -VM_TO	DRQUE_CURRENT[MAX]					

VM_TORQUE	CURRENT_UNIPOLAR Unipolar version of VM_TORQUE_CURRENT
Units	%
Range of [MIN]	0.0
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0
Definition	VM_TORQUE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = VM_TORQUE_CURRENT[MAX] VM_TORQUE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MIN] = 0.0 User Current Maximum Scaling (04.024) defines the variable maximum/minimums VM_USER_CURRENT which is applied to Percentage Load (04.020) and Torque Reference (04.008). This is useful when routing these parameters to an analog output as it allows the full scale output value to be defined by the user. This maximum is subject to a limit of MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT or MOTOR2_CURRENT_LIMIT depending on which motor map is currently active. The maximum value (VM_TORQUE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR [MAX]) varies between drive sizes with default parameters loaded. For some drive sizes the default value may be reduced below the value given by the parameter range limiting.

VM_USER	_CURRENT	Range applied to torque reference and percentage load parameters with one decimal place
Units	%	
Range of [MIN]	-1000.0 to 0.0	
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0	
Definition	VM_USER_CURRENT[M] User Current Maximum So applied to Percentage Loa an analog output as it allo MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIM The maximum value (VM_	AX] = User Current Maximum Scaling (04.024) IN] = -VM_USER_CURRENT[MAX] caling (04.024) defines the variable maximum/minimums VM_USER_CURRENT which is ad (04.020) and Torque Reference (04.008). This is useful when routing these parameters to ws the full scale output value to be defined by the user. This maximum is subject to a limit of MIT or MOTOR2_CURRENT_LIMIT depending on which motor map is currently activeTORQUE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR [MAX]) varies between drive sizes with default ome drive sizes the default value may be reduced below the value given by the parameter

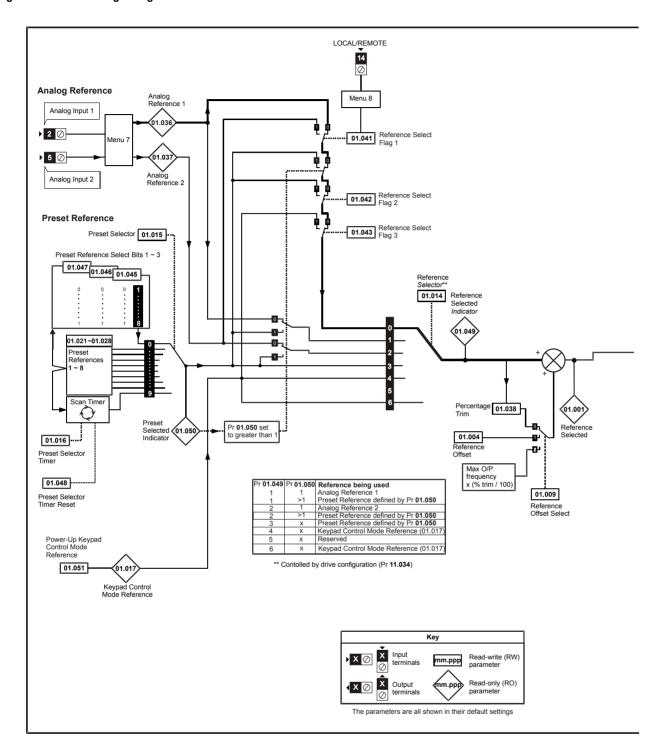
Table 11-4 Voltage ratings dependant values

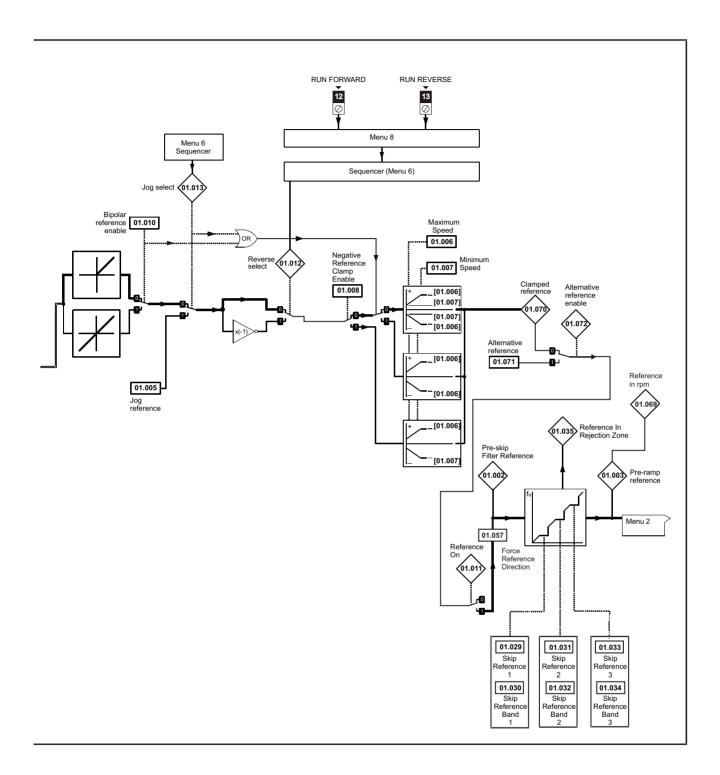
Variable min/max	Voltage level								
variable IIIII/IIIax	100 V 200 V		400 V	575 V	690 V				
VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET(MAX]	40	00	800	955	1150				
VM_DC_VOLTAGE(MAX] Frame 1 to 4	5	10	870	N/A	N/A				
VM_DC_VOLTAGE(MAX] Frame 5 to 9	4	15	830	990	1190				
VM_AC_VOLTAGE_SET(MAX] Frame 1 to 4	24	40	480	N/A	N/A				
VM_AC_VOLTAGE_SET(MAX] Frame 5 to 9	265		530	635	765				
VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MAX]	32	25	650	780	930				
VM_STD_UNDER_VOLTS[MIN]	175		330	435	435				
VM_SUPPLY_LOSS_LEVEL{MIN]	20)5	410	540	540				

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Oliboald FLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

11.2 Menu 1: Frequency reference

Figure 11-1 Menu 1 logic diagram





Safety Product Mechanical Electrical information installation installation and installation inst

		Range	(\$)	Defau	ılt (⇔)	I		_			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Тур	е		
01.001	Reference Selected	0.00 to Pr 0 ′	.006 Hz			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
01.002	Pre-skip Filter Reference	0.00 to Pr 0	.006 Hz			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
01.003	Pre-ramp Reference	0.00 to Pr 0	.006 Hz			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
01.004	Reference Offset	0.00 to Pr 0	.006 Hz	0.00) Hz	RW	Num				US
01.005	Jog Reference	0.00 to 300	0.00 Hz	1.50	0 Hz	RW	Num				US
01.006	Maximum Speed	0.00 to 550	1.00 Hz		50.00 Hz 50.00 Hz	RW	Num				US
01.007	Minimum Speed	0.00 to Pr 0	.006 Hz	0.00) Hz	RW	Num				US
01.008	Negative Reference Clamp Enable	Off (0) or	On (1)	Off	(0)	RW	Bit				US
01.009	Reference Offset Select	0 to :	2		0	RW	Num				US
01.010	Bipolar Reference Enable	Off (0) or	On (1)	Off	(0)	RW	Bit				US
01.011	Reference On	Off (0) or	On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
01.012	Reverse Select	Off (0) or	On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
01.013	Jog Select	Off (0) or	On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
01.014	Reference Selector	A1.A2 (0), A1.Pr (1), A2 PAd (4), rES (5),		A1. <i>A</i>	A2 (0)	RW	Txt				US
01.015	Preset Selector	0 to	9		0	RW	Num				US
01.016	Preset Selector Timer	0 to 400	.0 s	10	.0 s	RW	Num				US
01.017	Keypad Control Mode Reference	VM_SPEED_FREQ_	USER_REFS Hz	0.0) Hz	RO	Num		NC	PT	PS
01.021	Preset Reference 1	0.00 to Pr 0	.006 Hz	0.0) Hz	RW	Num				US
01.022	Preset Reference 2	0.00 to Pr 0	.006 Hz	0.0	0 Hz	RW	Num				US
01.023	Preset Reference 3	0.00 to Pr 0	.006 Hz	0.0	0 Hz	RW	Num				US
01.024	Preset Reference 4	0.00 to Pr 0	.006 Hz	0.0	0 Hz	RW	Num				US
01.025	Preset Reference 5	0.00 to Pr 0 ′	.006 Hz	0.0	0 Hz	RW	Num				US
01.026	Preset Reference 6	0.00 to Pr 0 ′	.006 Hz	0.0	0 Hz	RW	Num				US
01.027	Preset Reference 7	0.00 to Pr 0 ′			0 Hz	RW	Num				US
01.028	Preset Reference 8	0.00 to Pr 0 ′	.006 Hz		0 Hz	RW	Num				US
01.029	Skip Reference 1	0.00 to 550			0 Hz	RW	Num				US
01.030	Skip Reference Band 1	0.00 to 25			0 Hz	RW	Num				US
01.031	Skip Reference 2	0.00 to 550			0 Hz	RW	Num				US
01.032	Skip Reference Band 2	0.00 to 25) Hz	RW	Num				US
01.033	Skip Reference 3	0.00 to 550			0 Hz	RW	Num				US
01.034	Skip Reference Band 3	0.00 to 25			0 Hz	RW	Num				US
01.035	Reference In Rejection Zone	Off (0) or		0.0	J	RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	-
01.036	Analog Reference 1	VM SPEED FREQ		0.0) Hz	RO	Num		NC	<u> </u>	\vdash
01.037	Analog Reference 2	VM_SPEED_FREQ	_		0 Hz	RO	Num		NC		\vdash
01.038	Percentage Trim	± 100.0			0 %	RW	Num		NC		\vdash
01.041	Reference Select Flag 1	Off (0) or			f (0)	RW	Bit		NC		-
01.042	Reference Select Flag 2	Off (0) or	, ,		f(0)	RW	Bit		NC		\vdash
01.043	Reference Select Flag 3	Off (0) or	, ,		f (0)	RW	Bit	 	NC	 	$\vdash\vdash$
01.045	Preset Select Flag 1	Off (0) or	. ,		(0)	RW	Bit		NC		\vdash
01.046	Preset Select Flag 2	Off (0) or	()		(0)	RW	Bit	 	NC	 	$\vdash\vdash$
01.047	Preset Select Flag 3	Off (0) or			(0)	RW	Bit	-	NC	-	\vdash
01.047	Preset Selector Timer Reset	Off (0) or			(0)	RW	Bit	1	NC	1	$\vdash\vdash\vdash$
01.049	Reference Selected Indicator	1 to			\-/	RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	$\vdash\vdash$
01.050	Preset Selected Indicator	1 to				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	$\vdash\vdash$
01.050	Power-up Keypad Control Mode Reference	rESEt (0), LASt (rESI	Et (0)	RW	Txt	140	140	+	US
01.057	Force Reference Direction	NonE (0), For			E (0)	RW	Txt	 	-	 	
01.069	Reference in rpm	± 33000.0	, , , ,	14011	- (0)	RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	$\vdash\vdash$
01.009	Clamped Reference	0.00 to Pr 0	•			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	$\vdash\vdash$
01.070	Alternative Reference	0.00 to Pr 0		0.00	0 Hz	RW	Num	140	NC	PT	$\vdash\vdash$
01.071	Alternative Reference Enable	Off (0) or		5.00	· · · ·	RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	\vdash
01.072	Uncomprise Describe Flight	■ Oii (0) 0i ·	Jii (1)			I KU	ווט	שויו	INC	1.5	ı "

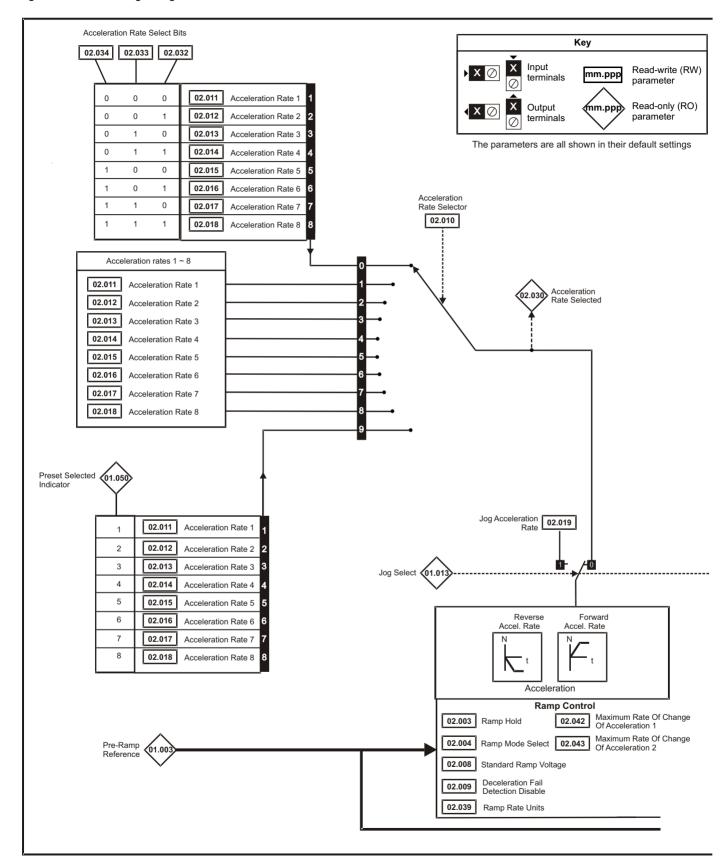
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety Product information installation inst

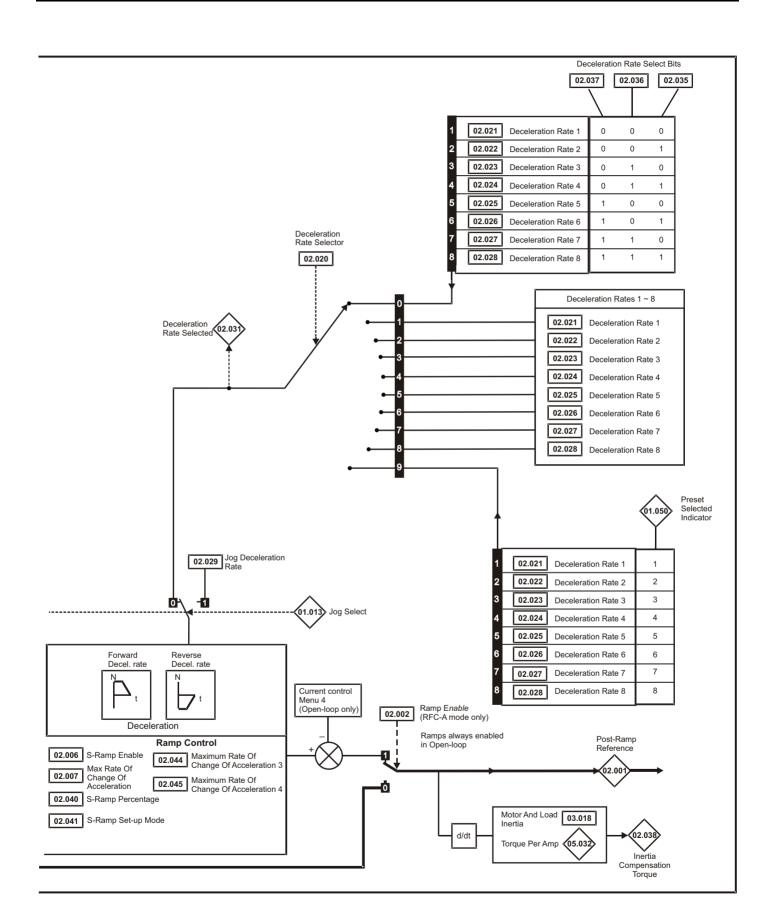
Safety	Product	Mechanical installation	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Card		parameters	. 3	

11.3 Menu 2: Ramps

Figure 11-2 Menu 2 logic diagram



Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Runnina NV Media Advanced **UL** Listing Optimization Onboard PLC Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameter the motor Card parameters



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing
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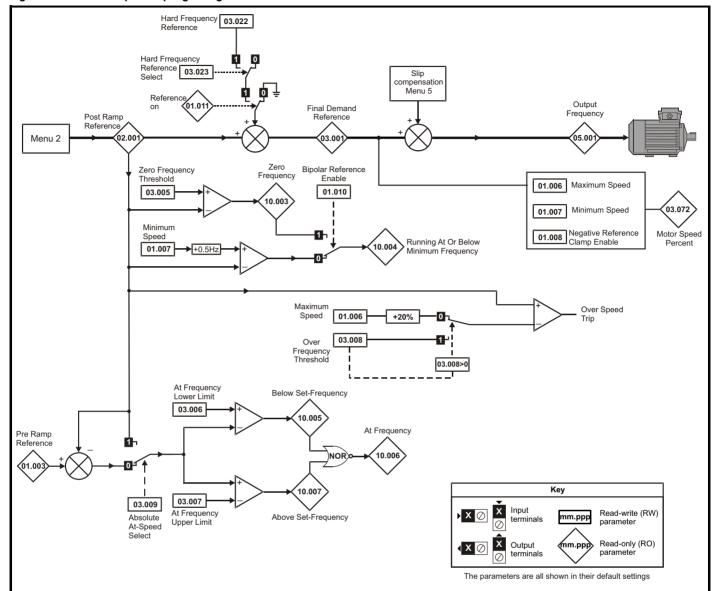
		Ran	ge (�)	Default	(⇔)			_			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A	1		Тур	е		
02.001	Post Ramp Reference	0.00 to P	r 01.006 Hz			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
02.002	Ramp Enable		Off (0) or On (1)		On (1)	RW	Bit				US
02.003	Ramp Hold	Off (0)	or On (1)	Off (0	0)	RW	Bit				US
02.004	Ramp Mode Select	FASt (0), Std (1), St	d.bSt (2), FSt.bSt (3)	Std (1)	RW	Txt				US
02.005	Disable Ramp Output		Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
02.006	S Ramp Enable	Off (0)	or On (1)	Off (0))	RW	Bit				US
02.007	Max Rate Of Change Of Acceleration	0.0 to 300	0.0 s ² /100Hz	3.1 s²/10		RW	Num				US
02.008	Standard Ramp Voltage	0 to	1150 V	110 V drive 200 V drive 400 V drive 50 400 V drive 60 575 V drive 690 V drive	: 375 V Hz: 750 V Hz: 775 V : 895 V	RW	Num		RA		US
02.009	Deceleration Fail Detection Disable	Off (0)	or On (1)	Off (0))	RW	Bit				US
02.010	Acceleration Rate Selector	0	to 9	0		RW	Num				US
02.011	Acceleration Rate 1					RW	Num				US
02.012	Acceleration Rate 2					RW	Num				US
02.013	Acceleration Rate 3					RW	Num				US
02.014	Acceleration Rate 4	0.0 to 3200	00.0 s/100 Hz	5.0 s/10	0 Hz	RW	Num				US
02.015	Acceleration Rate 5	0.0 to 3200	0.0 3/100 112	3.0 3/10	0112	RW	Num				US
02.016	Acceleration Rate 6					RW	Num				US
02.017	Acceleration Rate 7					RW	Num				US
02.018	Acceleration Rate 8					RW	Num				US
02.019	Jog Acceleration Rate	0.0 to 3200	00.0 s/100 Hz	0.2 s/10	0 Hz	RW	Num				US
02.020	Deceleration Rate Selector	0	to 9	0		RW	Num				US
02.021	Deceleration Rate 1					RW	Num				US
02.022	Deceleration Rate 2					RW	Num				US
02.023	Deceleration Rate 3					RW	Num				US
02.024	Deceleration Rate 4	0.0 to 2200	00.0 0 0/400 LI=	10.0 =/10	00.11-	RW	Num				US
02.025	Deceleration Rate 5	0.0 to 3200	00.0 s/100 Hz	10.0 s/10	10 HZ	RW	Num				US
02.026	Deceleration Rate 6					RW	Num				US
02.027	Deceleration Rate 7					RW	Num				US
02.028	Deceleration Rate 8					RW	Num				US
02.029	Jog Deceleration Rate	0.0 to 3200	00.0 s/100 Hz	0.2 s/10	0 Hz	RW	Num				US
02.030	Acceleration Rate Selected	0	to 8			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
02.031	Deceleration Rate Selected	0	to 8			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
02.032	Acceleration Rate Select Bit 0	Off (0)	or On (1)	Off (0	0)	RW	Bit		NC		
02.033	Acceleration Rate Select Bit 1	Off (0)	or On (1)	Off (0))	RW	Bit		NC		
02.034	Acceleration Rate Select Bit 2	Off (0)	or On (1)	Off (0))	RW	Bit		NC		
02.035	Deceleration Rate Select Bit 0	Off (0)	or On (1)	Off (0))	RW	Bit		NC		\Box
02.036	Deceleration Rate Select Bit 1	Off (0)	or On (1)	Off (0))	RW	Bit		NC		
02.037	Deceleration Rate Select Bit 2	Off (0)	or On (1)	Off (0))	RW	Bit		NC		
02.038	Inertia Compensation Torque		±1000.0 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	\Box
02.039	Ramp Rate Units		Maximum Frequency), 000 Hz)	0 (s/100	Hz)	RW	Num				US
02.040	S Ramp Percentage	0.0 to	50.0 %	0.0 %	6	RW	Num				US
02.041	S Ramp Set-up Mode	0	to 2	0		RW	Num				US
02.042	Maximum Rate Of Change Of Acceleration 1	0.0 to 300	.0 s²/100 Hz	0.0 s²/10	0 Hz	RW	Num				US
02.043	Maximum Rate Of Change Of Acceleration 2	0.0 to 300	.0 s²/100 Hz	0.0 s²/10	0 Hz	RW	Num				US
02.044	Maximum Rate Of Change Of Acceleration 3	0.0 to 300	.0 s²/100 Hz	0.0 s²/10	0 Hz	RW	Num				US
02.045	Maximum Rate Of Change Of Acceleration 4	0.0 to 300	.0 s²/100 Hz	0.0 s²/10	0 Hz	RW	Num				US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	III Licting
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Oliboald FLC	parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing

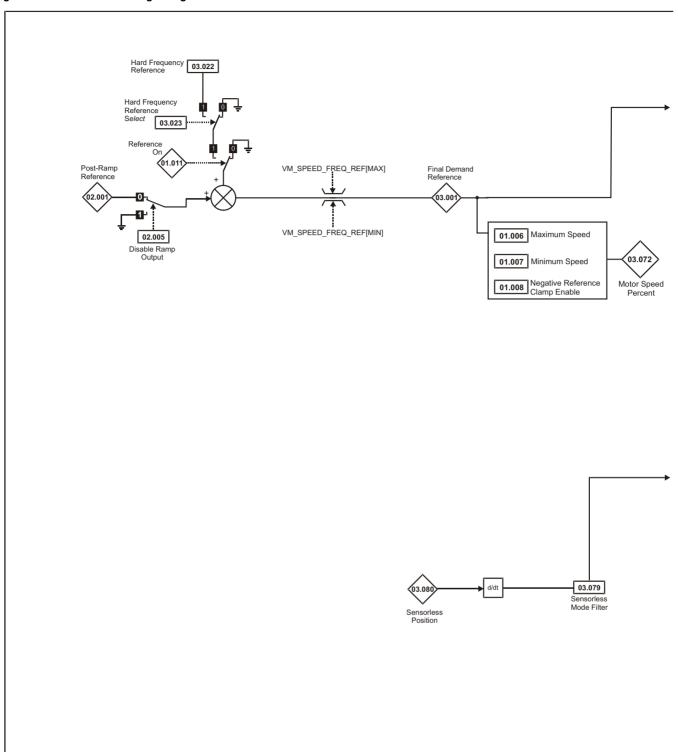
11.4 Menu 3: Frequency control

Figure 11-3 Menu 3 Open-loop logic diagram

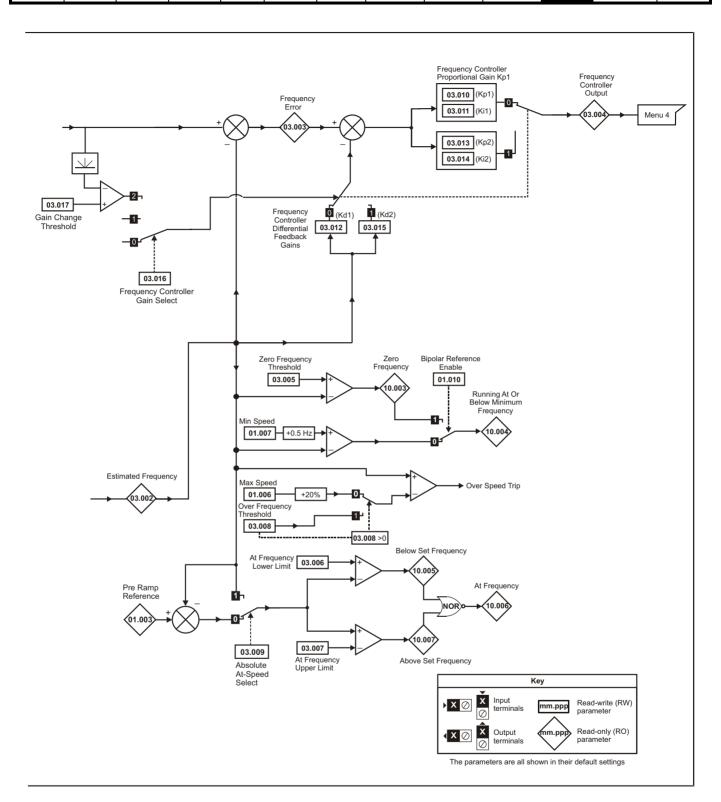


Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Outinoin ation	NV Media	Only and DLO	Advanced	Dia	III Linkin n
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing

Figure 11-4 Menu 3 RFC-A logic diagram

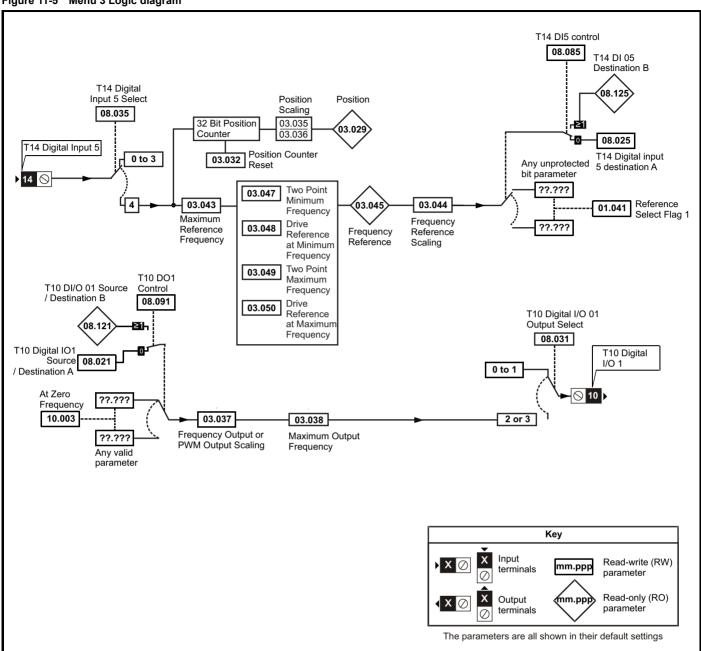


Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic NV Media Running Advanced Onboard PLC UL Listing Optimization Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameter the motor Card parameters



Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running NV Media Advanced UL Listing Optimization Onboard PLC Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameter the motor Card

Figure 11-5 Menu 3 Logic diagram



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard DLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing

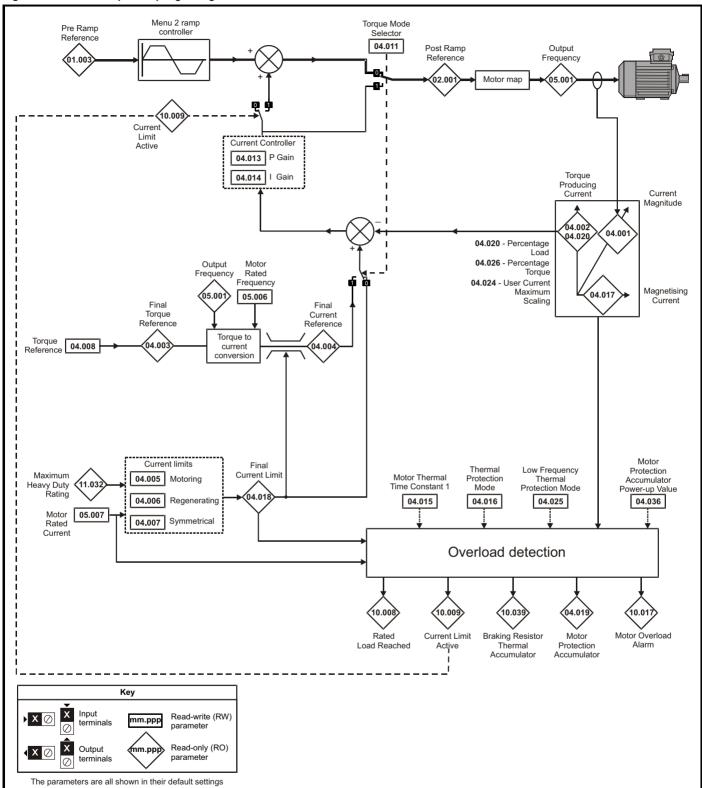
	Danamatan		Range (\$)	Defau	ılt (⇔)			_			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Typ	oe .		
03.001	Final Demand Reference	-Pr 01.006 to Pr 01 .	006 or Pr 01.007 to Pr 01.006 Hz			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.002	Estimated Frequency		-Pr 01.006 to Pr 01.006 or Pr 01.007 to Pr 01.006 Hz			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.003	Frequency Error		-Pr 01.006 to Pr 01.006 or Pr 01.007 to Pr 01.006 Hz			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.004	Frequency Controller Output		VM_TORQUE_CURRENT %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.005	Zero Frequency Threshold	0.	00 to 20.00 Hz	2.00) Hz	RW	Num				US
03.006	At Frequency Lower Limit	0.0	00 to 550.00 Hz	1.00) Hz	RW	Num				US
03.007	At Frequency Upper Limit	0.0	00 to 550.00 Hz	1.00) Hz	RW	Num				US
03.008	Over Frequency Threshold	0.0	00 to 550.00 Hz	0.00) Hz	RW	Num				US
03.009	Absolute At Frequency Select	C	Off (0) or On (1)	Off	(0)	RW	Bit				US
03.010	Frequency Controller Proportional Gain Kp1		0.000 to 200.000 s/rad		0.100 s/rad	RW	Num				US
03.011	Frequency Controller Integral Gain Ki1		0.00 to 655.35 s²/rad		0.10 s²/rad	RW	Num				US
03.012	Frequency Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd1		0.00000 to 0.65535 1/rad		0.00000 1/rad	RW	Num				US
03.013	Frequency Controller Proportional Gain Kp2		0.000 to 200.000 s/rad		0.100 s/rad	RW	Num				US
03.014	Frequency Controller Integral Gain Ki2		0.00 to 655.35 s²/rad		0.10 s²/rad	RW	Num				US
03.015	Frequency Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd2		0.00000 to 0.65535 1/rad		0.00000 1/rad	RW	Num				US
03.016	Frequency Controller Gain Select		0 to 2		0	RW	Num				US
03.017	Gain Change Threshold		0.00 to 550.00 Hz		0.00 Hz	RW	Num				FI
03.018	Motor and Load Inertia		0.00 to 1000.00 kgm²		0.00 kgm²	RW	Num				US
03.022	Hard Frequency Reference	0.00	to Pr 01.006 Hz	0.00	Hz	RW	Num				US
03.023	Hard Frequency Reference Select	C	Off (0) or On (1)	Off	(0)	RW	Bit				US
03.029	Position (T14)		0 to 65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.032	Position Counter Reset (T14)	C	Off (0) or On (1)	Off	(0)	RW	Bit		NC		
03.035	Position Scaling Numerator (T14)	(0.000 to 1.000	1.0	000	RW	Num				US
03.036	Position Scaling Denominator (T14)	0.	000 to 100.000	1.0	000	RW	Num				US
03.037	Frequency Output or PWM Output Scaling (T10)	(0.000 to 4.000	1.0	000	RW	Num				US
03.038	Maximum Output Frequency (T10)	1 (0), 2	(1), 5 (2), 10 (3) kHz	5 (2)) kHz	RW	Txt				US
03.042	Frequency Input High Precision	C	Off (0) or On (1)	Off	(0)	RW	Bit				US
03.043	Maximum Reference Frequency (T14)	0.0	00 to 100.00 kHz	10.00	0 kHz	RW	Num				US
03.044	Frequency Reference Scaling (T14)	(0.000 to 4.000	1.0	000	RW	Num				US
03.045	Frequency Reference (T14)	0.	00 to 100.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.047	Two Point Minimum Frequency (T14)	0.	00 to 100.00 %	0.0	0 %	RW	Num				US
03.048	Drive Reference at Minimum Frequency (T14)	0.	00 to 100.00 %	0.0	0 %	RW	Num				US
03.049	Two Point Maximum Frequency (T14)	0.00 to 100.00 %			00 %	RW	Num				US
03.050	Drive Reference at Maximum Frequency (T14)	5100 10 100100 70			00 %	RW	Num				US
03.072	Motor Speed Percent	± 150.0 %				RO		ND	NC	PT	FI
03.079	Sensorless Mode Filter	± 150.0 % 4 (0), 5 (1), 6 (2), 8 (3), 12 (4), 20 (5) ms			4 (0) ms	RW	Txt				US
03.080	Sensorless Position		0 to 65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Oliboald I LC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

11.5 Menu 4: Torque and current control

Figure 11-6 Menu 4 Open loop logic diagram



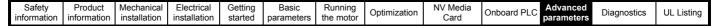
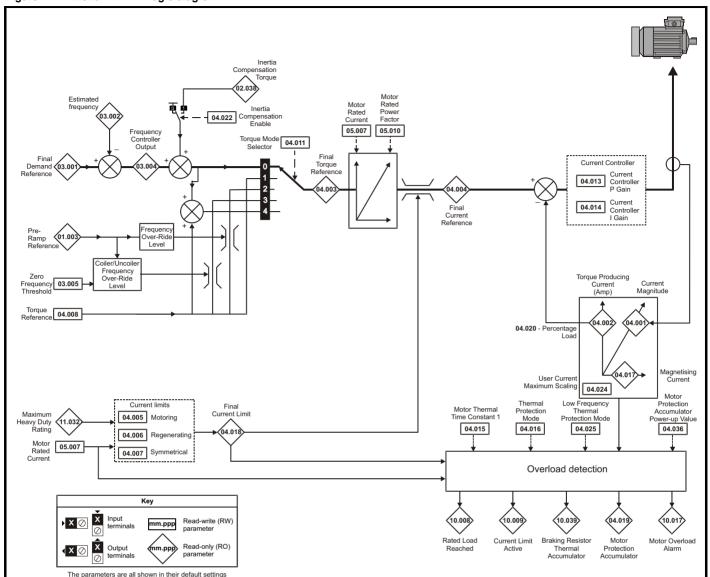


Figure 11-7 Menu 4 RFC-A logic diagram



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing
IIIIOIIIIalioii	IIIIOIIIIalioii	IIIStaliation	IIIStaliation	รเลาเอน	parameters	tile illotoi		Caru		parameters		

	Parameter	Range	· (\$)	Defau	lt (⇔)			Т	_		
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A	1		Тур	e		
04.001	Current Magnitude	0 to Drive Maxim	num Current A			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.002	Torque Producing Current	± Drive Maximu	ım Current A			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.003	Final Torque Reference	VM_TORQUE_0	CURRENT %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.004	Final Current Reference	VM_TORQUE_0	CURRENT %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.005	Motoring Current Limit	0.0 to VM_MOTOR1_0	CURRENT_LIMIT %	165.0 %*	175.0 %**	RW	Num		RA		US
04.006	Regenerating Current Limit	0.0 to VM_MOTOR1_0	CURRENT_LIMIT %	165.0 %*	175.0 %**	RW	Num		RA	US	
04.007	Symmetrical Current Limit	0.0 to VM_MOTOR1_0	CURRENT_LIMIT %	165.0 %*	175.0 %**	RW	Num		RA		US
04.008	Torque Reference	VM_USER_CI	JRRENT %	0.0	%	RW	Num				US
04.011	Torque Mode Selector	0 to 1	0 to 5	C	1	RW	Num				US
04.013	Current Controller Kp Gain	0.00 to 4	00.00	20.	00	RW	Num				US
04.014	Current Controller Ki Gain	0.000 to 6	40.0	000	RW	Num				US	
04.015	Motor Thermal Time Constant 1	1 to 30	1 to 3000 s 179 s				Num				US
04.016	Thermal Protection Mode	0 (0) to 3 (3) 0 (0)				RW	Bin				US
04.017	Magnetising Current	0 to Drive Maxim	num Current A			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.018	Final Current Limit	VM_TORQUE_0	CURRENT %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
04.019	Motor Protection Accumulator	0.0 to 10	0.0 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
04.020	Percentage Load	VM_USER_CI	JRRENT %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.022	Inertia Compensation Enable		Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
04.024	User Current Maximum Scaling	0.0 to VM_TORQUE_CUI	RRENT_UNIPOLAR %	165.0 %*	175.0 %**	RW	Num		RA		US
04.025	Low Frequency Thermal Protection Mode	0 to		C	<u>. </u>	RW	Num				US
04.026	Percentage Torque	VM_USER_CURRENT %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.036	Motor Protection Accumulator Power-up Value	lue Pr.dn (0), 0 (1), rEAL t (2)			n (0)	RW	Txt				US
04.041	User Over Current Trip Level	0 to 10	0 %	100	%	RW	Num		RA		US

 $^{^{\}star}$ For size 9 the default is 141.9 %

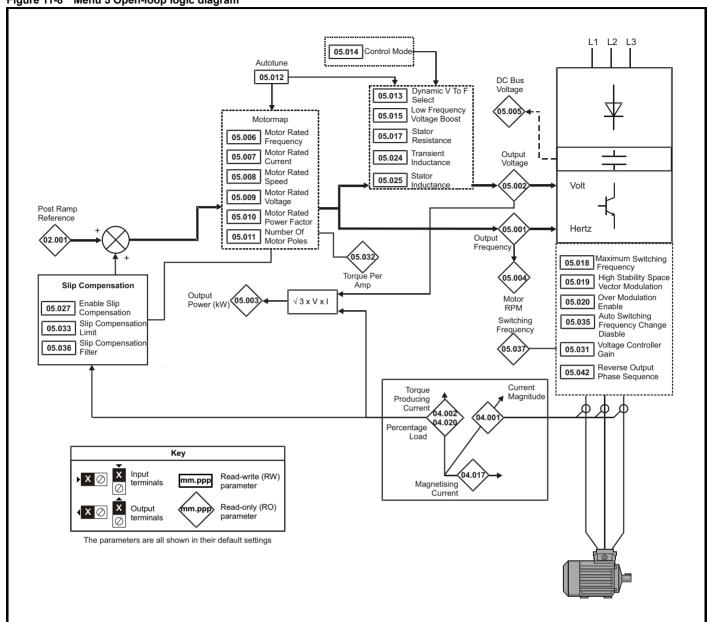
^{**} For size 9 the default is 150.0 %

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

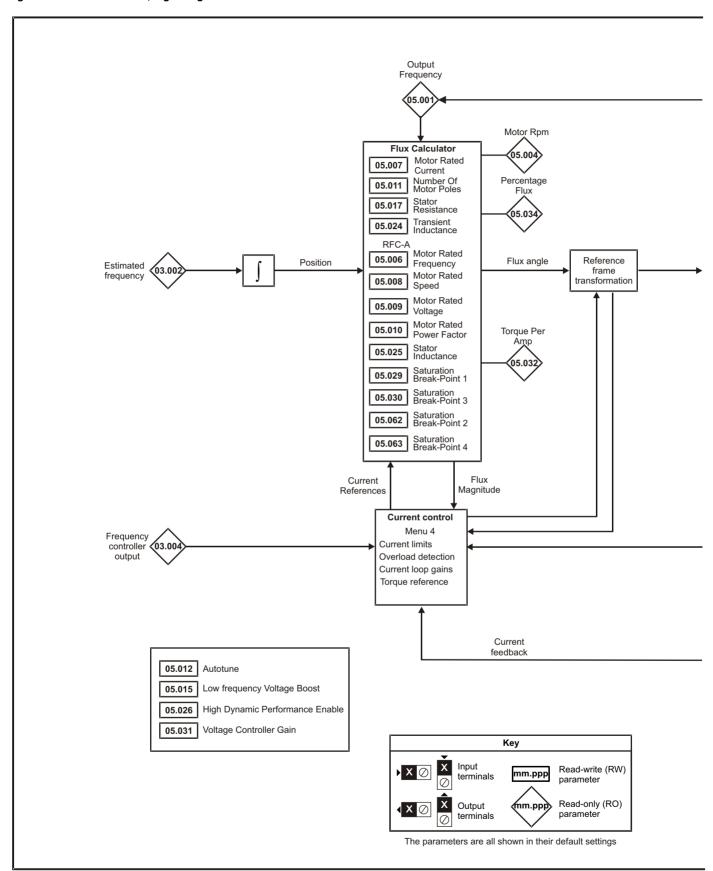
11.6 Menu 5: Motor control

Figure 11-8 Menu 5 Open-loop logic diagram

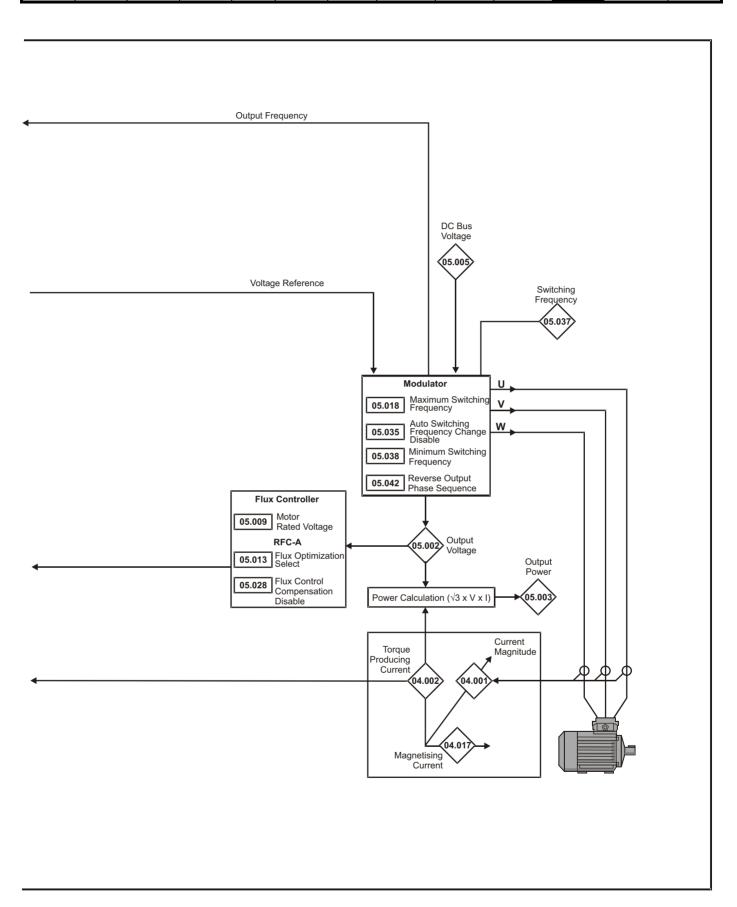


Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running NV Media Advanced Diagnostics Optimization Onboard PLC **UL** Listing information information installation installation started parameters the motor Card

Figure 11-9 Menu 5 RFC-A, logic diagram



Getting started Safety Advanced parameters Product Mechanical Electrical Basic Running NV Media Onboard PLC **UL** Listing Optimization Diagnostics information information installation installation parameters the motor Card



Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Information Information Installation I

		Rang	e (‡)	Defa	ılt (⇔)						\neg
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Тур	е		
05.001	Output Frequency	± 550.	00 Hz			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
05.002	Output Voltage	0 to 9				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
05.003	Output Power	VM_POV				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
05.004	Motor Rpm	± 33000	· ·			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
05.005	D.C. Bus Voltage	0 to 1				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
05.006	Motor Rated Frequency	0.00 to 55			, 60 Hz: 60.00 Hz	RW	Num		RA		US
05.007	Motor Rated Current	0.00 to Driv	e Rating A	,	Outy Rating (11.032)	RW	Num		RA		US
05.008	Motor Rated Speed	0.0 to 330	00.0 rpm		50 Hz: 1450.0 rpm 60 Hz: 1750.0 rpm	RW	Num				US
05.009	Motor Rated Voltage	0 to 7	65 V	110 V drive: 230 V 400 V drive 400 V drive	, 200 V drive: 230 V 50Hz: 400 V 60Hz: 460 V , 690 V drive: 690 V	RW	Num		RA		US
05.010	Motor Rated Power Factor	0.00 to	1.00	0	85	RW	Num		RA		US
05.011	Number Of Motor Poles*	Auto (0) to	0 32 (16)	Aut	o (0)	RW	Num				US
05.012	Autotune	0 to 2	0 to 3		0	RW	Num		NC		
05.013	Dynamic V To F Select / Flux Optimization Select	0 to	1		0	RW	Num				US
05.014	Control Mode	Ur.S (0), Ur (1), Fd (2), Ur.Auto (3), Ur.I (4), SrE (5), Fd.tAP (6)		Ur.l (4)		RW	Txt				US
05.015	Low Frequency Voltage Boost	0.0 to 2	25.0 %	3.	0 %	RW	Num				US
05.017	Stator Resistance	0.0000 to 9	99.9999 Ω	0.00	00 Ω	RW	Num		RA		US
05.018	Maximum Switching Frequency	0.667 (0), 1 (1), 2 (2), 3 (3), 4 (4), 6 (5), 8 (6), 12 (7), 16 (8) kHz	2 (2), 3 (3), 4 (4), 6 (5), 8 (6), 12 (7), 16 (8) kHz	3 (3) kHz	RW	Txt		RA		US
05.019	High Stability Space Vector Modulation	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
05.020	Over Modulation Enable	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
05.021	Mechanical Load Test Level		0 to 100 %		0 %	RW	Bit				US
05.024	Transient Inductance	0.000 to 50	00.000 mH	0.00	0 mH	RW	Num		RA		US
05.025	Stator Inductance	0.00 to 50	00.00 mH	0.0) mH	RW	Num		RA		US
05.026	High Dynamic Performance Enable		Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
05.027	Enable Slip Compensation	± 150.0 %	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	100.0 %	``	RW	Num				US
05.028	Flux Control Compensation Disable	Off (0) o	r On (1)	Of	f (0)	RW	Bit				US
05.029	Saturation Breakpoint 1	- (1) 1	0.0 to 100.0 %	-	50.0 %	RW	Num				US
05.030	Saturation Breakpoint 3		0.0 to 100.0 %		75.0 %	RW	Num				US
05.031	Voltage Controller Gain	1 to			1	RW	Num				US
05.032	Torque Per Amp	0.00 to 500				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
05.033	Slip Compensation Limit	0.00 to 10.00 Hz		10.00 Hz		RW	Num				US
05.034	Percentage Flux	0.00 to 10.00 112	0.0 to 150.0 %	10.00112		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	- 00
05.035	Auto-switching Frequency Change Disable	0 to			0	RW	Num			<u> </u>	US
	· , , , ,	64 (0), 128 (1), 256 (2),									
05.036	Slip Compensation Filter	512 (3) ms 0.667 (0), 1 (1), 2 (2),	2 (2), 3 (3), 4 (4), 6 (5),	128 (1) ms		RW	Txt				US
05.037 05.038	Switching Frequency Minimum Switching Frequency	3 (3), 4 (4), 6 (5), 8 (6), 12 (7), 16 (8) kHz 0 to VM_MAX_SWITCH	8 (6), 12 (7), 16 (8) kHz	0.667 (0) kHz	2 kHz (2)	RO	Txt	ND	NC RA	PT	
05.040	Spin Start Boost	0.0 to		, ,	.0	RW	Num	1	-	 	US
05.042	Reverse Output Phase Sequence	Off (0) o			f (0)	RW	Bit	1	 	 	US
05.059	Maximum Deadtime Compensation	0.000 to 1	, ,	-	(-)	RO	Num		NC	PT	US
05.060	Current At Maximum Deadtime Compensation	0.00 to 1				RO	Num	 	NC	PT	US
05.061	Disable Deadtime Compensation	Off (0) o		Of	f (0)	RW	Bit	 	Ť	Ė	US
05.062	Saturation Breakpoint 2	311 (3) 0	0.0 to 100.0 %		0.0 %	RW	Num				US
05.063	Saturation Breakpoint 4		0.0 to 100.0 %		0.0 %	RW	Num	1	-	-	US
05.074	Boost End Voltage	0.0 to 100.0 %	2.2 to 100.0 %	50.0 %	5.5 /5	RW	Num				US
	· ·							 			
05.075	Boost End Frequency	0.0 to 100.0 %		50.0 %		RW	Num	<u> </u>			US
05.076	Second Point Voltage	0.0 to 100.0 %		55.0 %		RW	Num				US
05.077	Second Point Frequency	0.0 to 100.0 %		55.0 %		RW	Num				US
05.078	Third point voltage	0.0 to 100.0 %		75.0 %		RW	Num				US
05.079	Third point frequency	0.0 to 100.0 %		75.0 %		RW	Num				US
05.080	Low acoustic noise enable	Off (0) or On (1)				RW	Bit				US
	Change to maximum drive switching frequency			Off (0)				 			1
05.081 05.083	at low output current Voltage Shelving Disable	Off (0) or On (1)	r On (1)	Off (0)		RW	Bit Bit				US
	Low Frequency Slip Boost	0.0 to 100.0 %		0.0 %		RW	Num	 	-	-	US
05.084		0.0 10 100.0 %	0.0 1- 400.0 0	0.0 %	0.00/			-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
05.000	Low Frequency Estimator Threshold	0.04-0.7	0.0 to 100.0 %	0.1	0.0 %	RW	Num	<u> </u>			US
05.088	Ur Mode Pre-Flux Delay	0.0 to 0.7 s		0.1 s		RW	Num	1	l		US

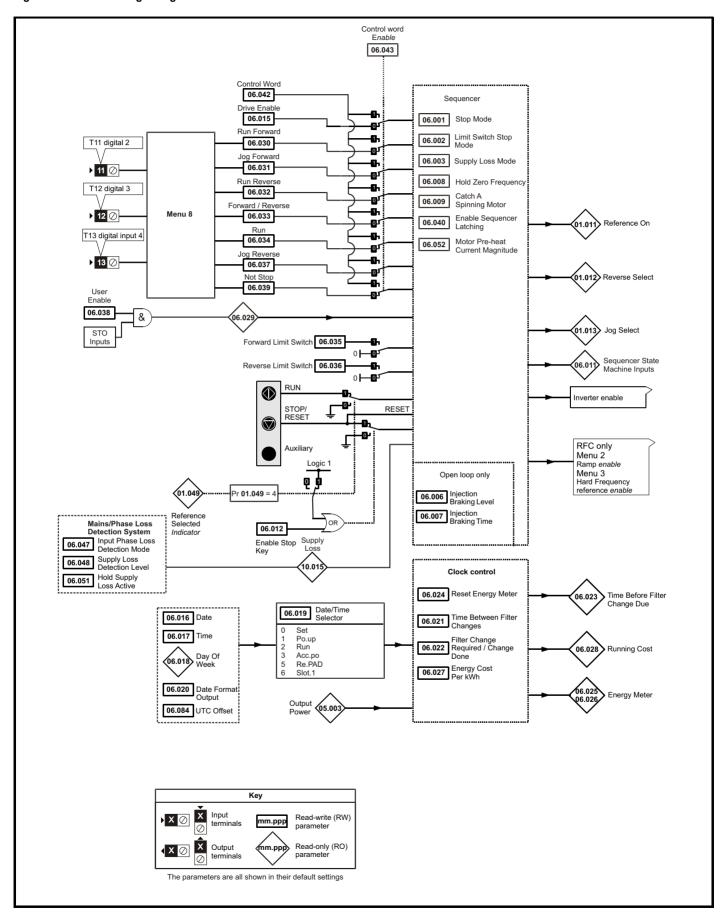
^{*} If this parameter is read via serial communications, it will show pole pairs.

ND No default value NC Not copied PT Protected parameter RA Rating dependent US User save PS Power-down save DE Destination	RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
	ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save		Power-down save		Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card		parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

11.7 Menu 6: Sequencer and clock

Figure 11-10 Menu 6 logic diagram



Safety Product information installation inst

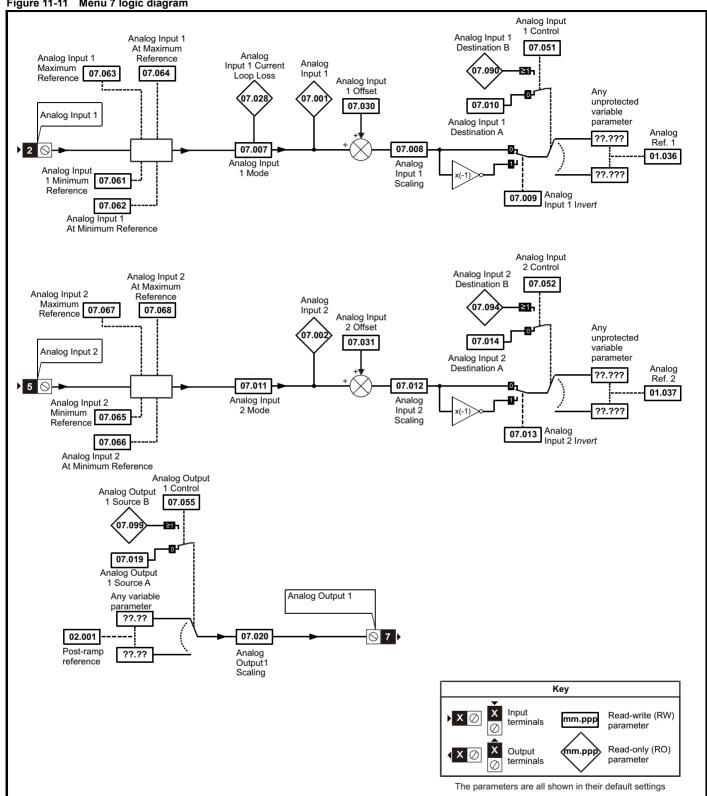
06.002	Parameter	OL								
06.002		OL .	RFC-A	OL RFC-A		-	Тур	е		
	Stop Mode	CoASt (0), rP (1), rP.dc I (2), dc I (3), td.dc I (4), diS (5)	CoASt (0), rP (1), rP.dc I (2), dc I (3), td.dc I (4), diS (5), No.rP (6)	rP (1)	RW	Txt				US
06.003	Limit Switch Stop Mode	· ·), rP (1)	rP (1)	RW	Txt				US
	Supply Loss Mode		idE.th (2), Lt.StoP (3)	diS (0)	RW	Txt				US
	Start/Stop Logic Select Injection Braking Level	0.0 to 1	0 6	5 100.0 %	RW	Num Num		RA		US
	Injection Braking Level	0.0 to		1.0 s	RW	Num		IVA		US
	Hold Zero Frequency		or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
06.009	Catch A Spinning Motor	. , ,	r.OnLy (2), rv.OnLy (3)	diS (0)	RW	Txt				US
06.010	Enable Conditions	0 to	4087		RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	
06.011	Sequencer State Machine Inputs	0 to	127		RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	
	Enable Stop Key	Off (0) o	, ,	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
	Enable Auxiliary Key	diS (0), Fd.r		diS (0)	RW	Txt			<u> </u>	US
	Disable Auto Reset On Enable	Off (0) o	, ,	Off (0)	RW	Bit			\vdash	US
	Drive Enable Date	Off (0) o	o 31-12-99	On (1)	RW	Bit Date	ND	NC	PT	03
	Time		o 23:59:59		RW	Time	ND	NC	PT	₩
	Day Of Week	Sun (0), Non (1), tuE			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
06.019	Date/Time Selector	SEt (0), Po.uP (1), run (2 SLot		Po.uP (1)	RW	Txt				US
	Date Format		US (1)	Std (0)	RW	Txt				US
	Time Between Filter Changes	0 to 300		0 Hours	RW	Num		L.,	Щ	US
	Filter Change Required /Change Done Time Before Filter Change Due	Off (0) o	, ,		RW RO	Bit	ND ND	NC NC	рт	PS
	Reset Energy Meter	Off (0) o		Off (0)	RW	Num Bit	ND	NC	PI	P5
	Energy Meter: MWh	±999.9	, ,	Oii (0)	RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
	Energy Meter: kWh		9 kWh		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
	Energy Cost Per kWh	0.0 to		0.0	RW	Num				US
06.028	Running Cost	±32	000		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
06.029	Hardware Enable	Off (0) o	or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
	Run Forward	Off (0) o	, ,	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
	Jog Forward	Off (0) o	, ,	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
	Run Reverse	Off (0)	, ,	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC	\vdash	
	Forward/Reverse Run	Off (0) o	, ,	Off (0)	RW	Bit Bit		NC NC	\vdash	
	Forward Limit Switch	Off (0) o	, ,	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC	\Box	-
	Reverse Limit Switch	Off (0) o	, ,	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
	Jog Reverse	Off (0) o	, ,	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
06.038	User Enable	Off (0) o	or On (1)	On (1)	RW	Bit		NC		
06.039	Not Stop	Off (0) o	or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
	Enable Sequencer Latching	Off (0) o	or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
	Drive Event Flags	0 t		0	RW	Bin		NC		
	Control Word	0 to 3		0	RW	Bin		NC	\vdash	110
	Cooling Fan control	0 t	0 1 0 5	2	RW	Num			\vdash	US
	Input Phase Loss Detection Mode		LE (1), diS (2)		RW	Txt			\dashv	US
	Supply Loss Detection Level	0 to VM_SUPPLY	, , , ,	110 V drive: 205 V, 200 V drive: 205 V 400 V drive: 410 V, 575 V drive: 540 V 690 V drive: 540 V	RW	Num		RA		US
06.051	Hold Supply Loss Active	Off (0) o	or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
06.052	Motor Pre-heat Current Magnitude	0 to 1	00 %	0 %	RW	Num			\Box	US
	Output Phase Loss Detection Time	0.5 (0) t	. ,	0.5 (0) s	RW	Txt				US
	Output Phase Loss Detection Enable		or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
	Standby Mode Enable		or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit			$oxed{igspace{igspace}{igspace}}$	US
	Standby Mode Mask Slow Rectifier Charge Rate Enable		or Op (1)	0 Off (0)	RW	Bin Bit			$\vdash\vdash$	US
	Braking IGBT Lower Threshold	Off (0) or On (1) 0 to VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET V		110 V drive: 390 V, 200 V drive: 390 V 400 V drive: 780 V, 575 V drive: 930 V	RW	Num		RA		US
06.074	Braking IGBT Upper Threshold	1		690 V drive: 1120 V 110 V drive: 390 V, 200 V drive: 390 V 400 V drive: 780 V, 575 V drive: 930 V	RW	Num		RA		US
06.075	Low Voltage Braking IGBT Threshold			690 V drive: 1120 V 0 V	RW	Num		RA	\dashv	US
	Low Voltage Braking IGBT Threshold Select			Off (0)	RW	Bit	-	RΑ		US
	Low DC Link Operation	Off (0) c	Off (0)	RW	Bit			\dashv	US	
	UTC Offset	± 24.00	0.00 Hours	RW	Num			\neg	US	
06.084	DC Injection Active	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	US

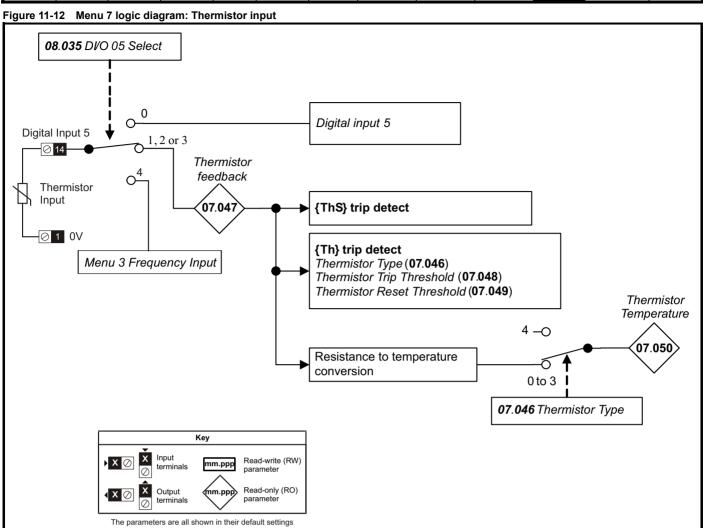
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running NV Media Advanced UL Listing Diagnostics Optimization Onboard PLC informatio information installation installation started paramete the motor Card parameters

11.8 Menu 7: Analog I/O

Figure 11-11 Menu 7 logic diagram





Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing

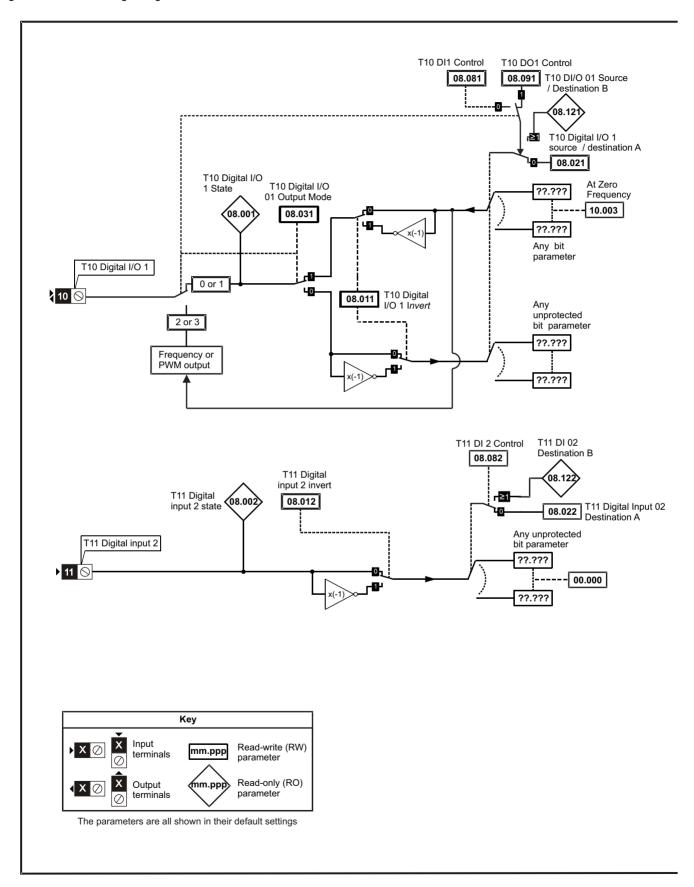
	Parameter	Rang	ge (‡)	Def	ault (⇔)			T			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A	1		Тур	ie.		
07.001	Analog Input 1 (T2)	0.00 to	100.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
07.002	Analog Input 2 (T5)	0.00 to	100.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
07.004	Stack Temperature	± 25	50 °C			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.005	Auxiliary Temperature	± 25	50 °C			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.007	Analog Input 1 Mode (T2)	20-4.L (-3), 4-20. 0-20 (0), 20-0 (1), 4-2	.S (-5), 4-20.L (-4), H (-2), 20-4.H (-1), 0.tr (2), 20-4.tr (3), 4-20 (5), VoLt (6)	V	pLt (6)	RW	Txt				US
07.008	Analog Input 1 Scaling (T2)	0.000 t	o 10.000		1.000	RW	Num				US
07.009	Analog Input 1 Invert (T2)	Off (0)	or On (1)	(Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
07.010	Analog Input 1 Destination A (T2)	0.000 t	o 30.999		1.036	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
07.011	Analog Input 2 Mode (T5)	VoLt (6	i), dlg (7)	V	oLt (6)	RW	Txt				US
07.012	Analog Input 2 Scaling (T5)	0.000 t	o 10.000		1.000	RW	Num				US
07.013	Analog Input 2 Invert (T5)	Off (0)	or On (1)	(Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
07.014	Analog Input 2 Destination A (T5)	0.000 t	o 30.999		1.037	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
07.019	Analog Output 1 Source A (T7)	0.000 t	o 30.999		2.001	RW	Num			PT	US
07.020	Analog Output 1 Scaling (T7)	0.000 t	o 40.000		1.000	RW	Num				US
07.026	Analog Input 1 Preset on Current Loss (T2)	4.00 t	o 20.00		4.00	RW	Num				US
07.028	Analog Input 1 Current Loop Loss (T2)	Off (0)	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
07.030	Analog Input 1 Offset (T2)	± 100	0.00 %	O	.00 %	RW	Num				US
07.031	Analog Input 2 Offset (T5)	± 100	0.00 %	0	.00 %	RW	Num				US
07.034	Inverter Temperature	± 25	50 °C			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.035	Percentage Of d.c. Link Thermal Trip Level	0 to	100 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.036	Percentage Of Drive Thermal Trip Level	0 to	100 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.037	Temperature Nearest To Trip Level	0 to	1999			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.046	Thermistor Type		(1), Pt1000 (2), 3),othEr (4)	d4-	1081 (0)	RW	Txt				US
07.047	Thermistor Feedback	0 to 4	4000 Ω			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
07.048	Thermistor Trip Threshold	0 to 4	4000 Ω	3	300 Ω	RW	Num				US
07.049	Thermistor Reset Threshold	0 to 4	1000 Ω	1	800 Ω	RW	Num				US
07.050	Thermistor Temperature	-50 to	300 °C			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
07.051	Analog Input 1 Control (T2)	0	to 5		0	RW	Num				US
07.052	Analog Input 2 Control (T5)	0	to 5		0	RW	Num				US
07.055	Analog Output 1 Control (T7)	0 t	o 15		0	RW	Num				US
07.061	Analog Input 1 Minimum Reference (T2)	0.00 to	100.00 %	0	.00 %	RW	Num				US
07.062	Analog Input 1 At Minimum Reference (T2)	± 100	0.00 %	0	.00 %	RW	Num				US
07.063	Analog Input 1 Maximum Reference (T2)	0.00 to	100.00 %	10	0.00 %	RW	Num				US
07.064	Analog Input 1 At Maximum Reference (T2)	± 100	0.00 %	10	0.00 %	RW	Num	1			US
07.065	Analog Input 2 Minimum Reference (T5)	0.00 to	100.00 %	0	.00 %	RW	Num				US
07.066	Analog Input 2 At Minimum Reference (T5)	± 100	0.00 %	0	.00 %	RW	Num				US
07.067	Analog Input 2 Maximum Reference (T5)	0.00 to	100.00 %	100.00 %			Num	1			US
07.068	Analog Input 2 At Maximum Reference (T5)	± 100	0.00 %	100.00 %			Num				US
07.090	Analog Input 1 Destination B (T2)	0.000 t	o 30.999	100.00 //			Num	DE	†	PT	US
07.094	Analog Input 2 Destination B (T5)	0.000 t	o 30.999				Num	DE		PT	US
07.099	Analog Output 1 Source B (T7)	0.000 t	o 30.999			RO	Num	1	†	PT	US

R۷	/ Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
N	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced		UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Oliboald I LC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

11.9 Menu 8: Digital I/O

Figure 11-13 Menu 8 logic diagram



Safety Getting NV Media Product Mechanical Electrical Basic Running Advanced **UL** Listing Optimization Onboard PLC Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameter the motor Card parameters

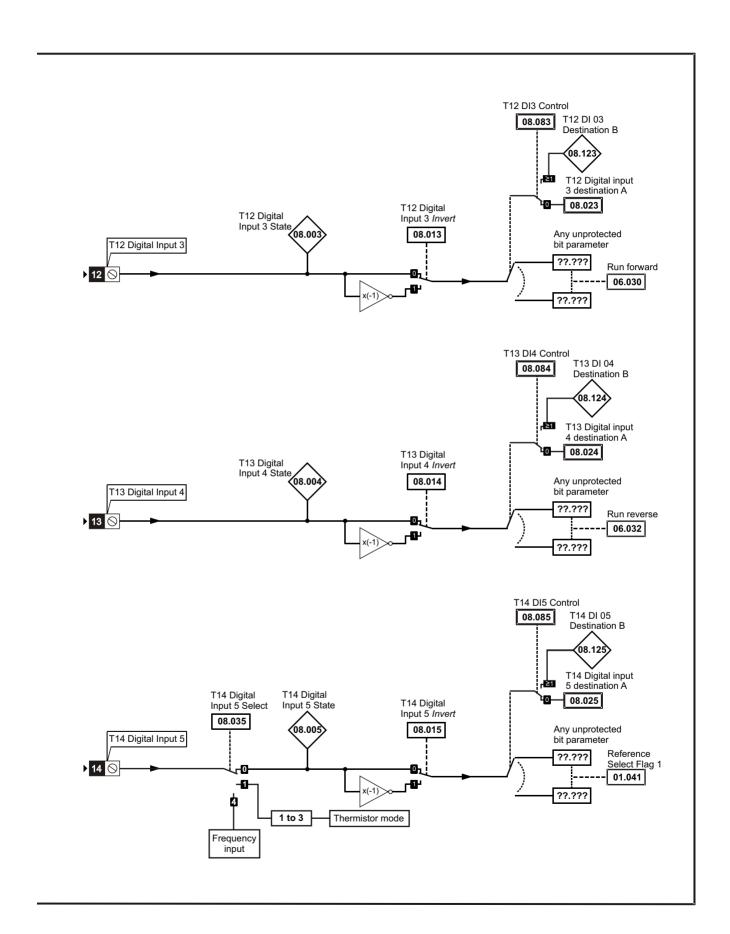




Figure 11-14 Menu 8 logic (relay)

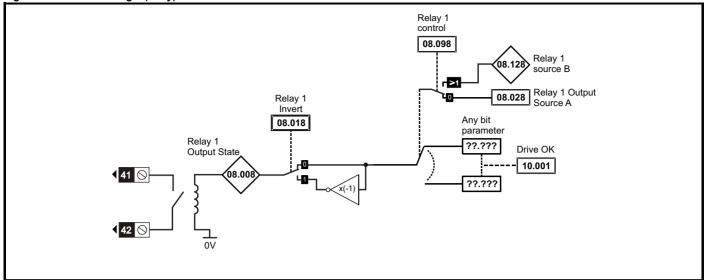


Figure 11-15 Safe Torque Off Logic diagram (frame 1 to 4)

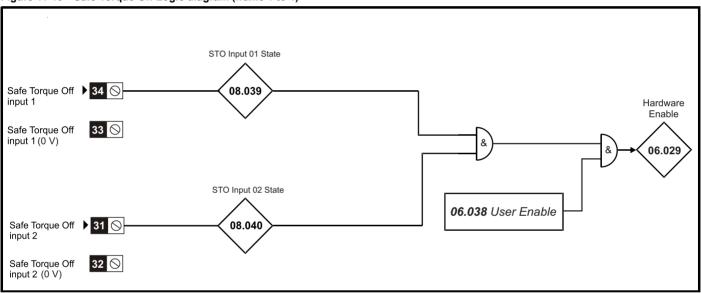


Figure 11-16 Safe Torque Off Logic diagram (frame 5 to 9)

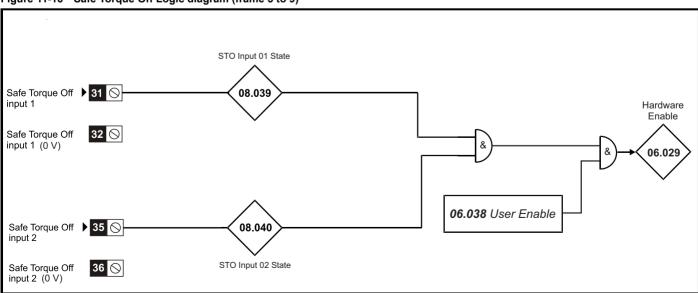
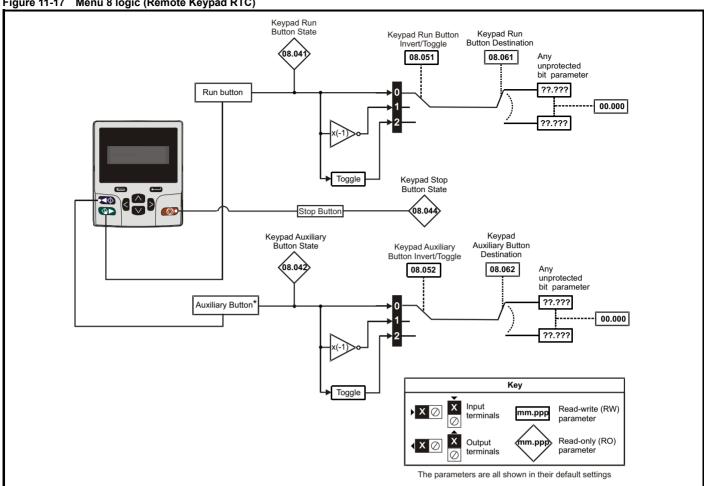




Figure 11-17 Menu 8 logic (Remote Keypad RTC)



^{*} The auxiliary button is available with Remote Keypad RTC.

Safety	Product	Mechanical installation	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Card		parameters	. 3	

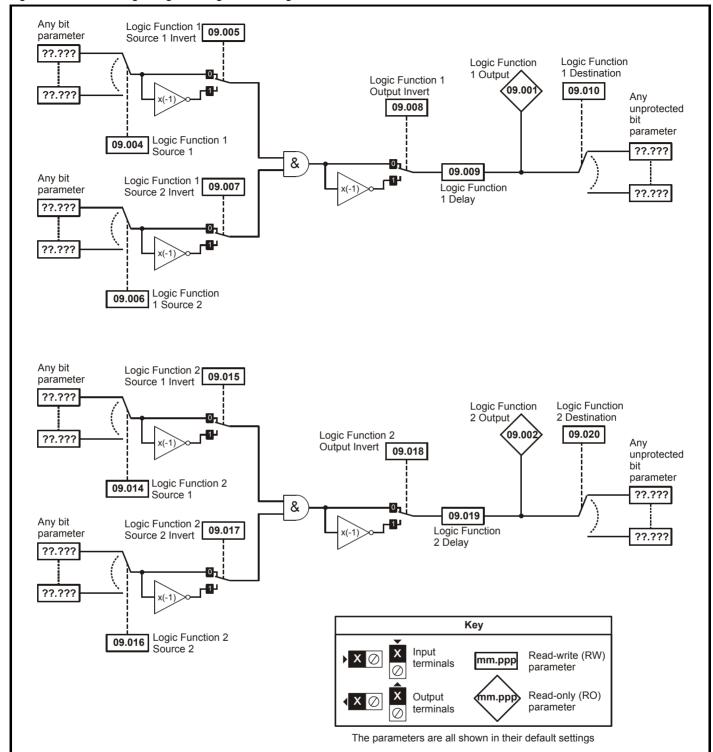
	Danier de la constante de la c	Ran	ge (\$)	Defa	ult (⇔)	T					
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A	Type					
08.001	Digital I/O 1 State (T10)	Off (0)	or On (1)		•	RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.002	Digital Input 2 State (T11)	Off (0)	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.003	Digital Input 3 State (T12)	Off (0)	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.004	Digital Input 4 State (T13)	Off (0)	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.005	Digital Input 5 State (T14)	Off (0)	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.008	Relay 1 Output State	Off (0)	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.011	Digital I/O 1 Invert (T10)	Not.Inv ()), InvErt (1)	Not	.Inv (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.012	Digital Input 2 Invert (T11)	Not.Inv ()), InvErt (1)	Not	.lnv (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.013	Digital Input 3 Invert (T12)	Not.Inv ()), InvErt (1)	Not	.Inv (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.014	Digital Input 4 Invert (T13)	Not.Inv ()), InvErt (1)	Not	.lnv (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.015	Digital Input 5 Invert (T14)	Not.Inv ()), InvErt (1)	Not	.lnv (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.018	Relay 1 Invert	Not.Inv ()), InvErt (1)	Not	.lnv (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.020	Digital I/O Read Word	0 to	2048			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
08.021	Digital IO1 Source / Destination A (T10)	0.000	to 30.999	10	0.003	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.022	Digital Input 02 Destination A (T11)	0.000	to 30.999	0	.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.023	Digital Input 03 Destination A (T12)	0.000	to 30.999	6	.030	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.024	Digital Input 04 Destination A (T13)	0.000	to 30.999	6	.032	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.025	Digital Input 05 Destination A (T14)	0.000	to 30.999	1	.041	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.028	Relay 1 Output Source A		to 30.999		0.001	RW	Num			PT	US
08.031	Digital I/O 01 Output Mode (T10)	, ,	(1), Fr (2), PuLSE (3)		Put (1)	RW	Txt				US
08.035	Digital Input 5 Select (T14)		th (2), th.Notr (3), Fr (4)	InF	Put (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.039	STO Input 01 State	, ,	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.040	STO Input 02 State	, ,	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.041	Keypad Run Button State	, ,	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.042	Keypad Auxiliary Button State	, ,	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.043	24 V Supply Input State	, ,	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.044	Keypad Stop Button State	, ,	or On (1)	•••		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.051	Keypad Run Button Invert / Toggle		Ert (1), toggLE (2)		Inv (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.052	Keypad Auxiliary Button Invert / Toggle		Ert (1), toggLE (2)		.Inv (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.053	24 V Supply Input Invert		1), InvErt (1),		.Inv (0)	RW	Txt	5-		Б.Т.	US
08.061 08.062	Keypad Run Button Destination Keypad Auxiliary Button Destination		to 30.999 to 30.999		.000	RW	Num	DE DE		PT PT	US
08.062	24 V Supply Input Destination		to 30.999		.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.081	DI1 Control (T10)		to 26		0	RW	Num	DE		FI	US
08.082	DI2 Control (T11)		to 26		0	RW	Num				US
08.083	DI3 Control (T12)		to 26		0	RW	Num				US
08.084	DI4 Control (T12)		to 26		0	RW	Num				US
08.085	DI5 Control (T14)		to 26		0	RW	Num				US
08.091	DO1 Control (T10)		to 21		0	RW	Num				US
08.098	Relay 1 Control		to 21		0	RW	Num				US
08.121	DI/O 01 Source / Destination B (T10)		to 30.999			RO	Num	DE	NC	PT	US
08.122	DI 02 Destination B (T11)		to 30.999			RO	Num	DE	NC	PT	US
08.123	DI 03 Destination B (T12)		to 30.999			RO	Num	DE	NC	PT	US
08.124	DI 04 Destination B (T13)	0.000	to 30.999			RO	Num	DE	NC	PT	US
08.125	DI 05 Destination B (T14)	0.000	to 30.999			RO	Num	DE	NC	PT	US
08.128	Relay 01 Source B	0.000	to 30.999	0	.000	RO	Num		NC	PT	US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running NV Media Advanced Optimization **UL** Listing Onboard PLC Diagnostics information information installation installation parameters the motor Card

11.10 Menu 9: Programmable logic, motorized pot, binary sum and timers

Figure 11-18 Menu 9 logic diagram: Programmable logic



Getting Running NV Media Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Basic Advanced Optimization Onboard PLC UL Listing Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameters the motor Card

Figure 11-19 Menu 9 logic diagram: Motorized pot and binary sum Motorized Pot. Bipolar Motorized Pot. Motorized Motorized Pot. Select Output Pot. Rate Destination 09.022 09.023 09.00 09.025 Motorized Pot. Any unprotected Up variable 09.026 parameter ??.??? 09.024 Motorized Pot. ??.??? Scaling 09.027 Function disabled if set to a non valid destination Motorized Pot Down Motorized Pot. 09.028 09.021 Mode Motorized Pot Reset Binary Sum Binary Sum Binary Sum Output Offset Destination 09.034 09.03 09.033 09.029 Any Binary Sum unprotected Ones bit parameter ??.??? 09.030 Binary Sum ??.??? Twos Function disabled if set to a non valid destination 09.031 Key Binary Sum Fours Input Read-write (RW) mm.ppp terminals parameter

mm.ppp

The parameters are all shown in their default settings

Output

terminals

Read-only (RO)

parameter

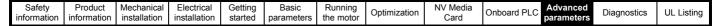
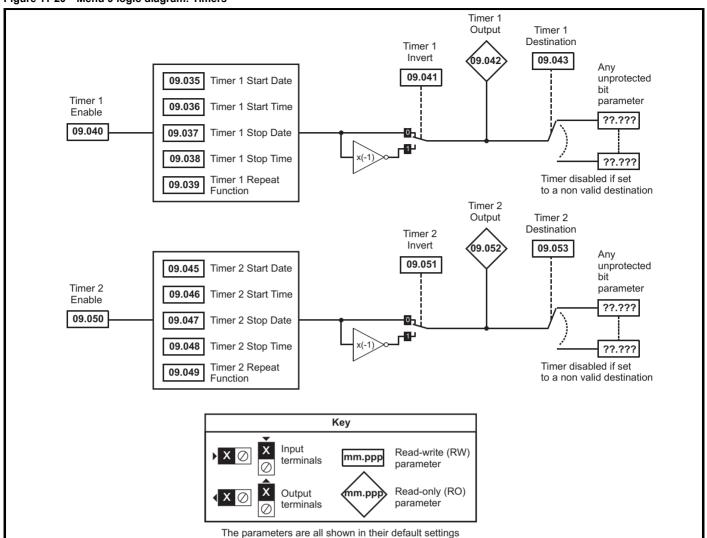


Figure 11-20 Menu 9 logic diagram: Timers



Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting information installation installation of installation installation installation of installation installation installation installation of installation installation of installation installation of installation

		Rang	je(\$)	Defa	ault(⇔)	T		_			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A	1		Ту	pe		
09.001	Logic Function 1 Output	Off (0) o	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
09.002	Logic Function 2 Output	Off (0) o	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
09.003	Motorized Pot Output	±100	.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
09.004	Logic Function 1 Source 1	0.000 to	30.999	0	.000	RW	Num			PT	US
09.005	Logic Function 1 Source 1 Invert	Off (0) o	or On (1)	C	off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.006	Logic Function 1 Source 2	0.000 to	30.999	0	.000	RW	Num			PT	US
09.007	Logic Function 1 Source 2 Invert	Off (0) o	or On (1)	C	off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.008	Logic Function 1 Output Invert	Off (0) o	or On (1)	0	off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.009	Logic Function 1 Delay	±25	i.0 s	(0.0 s	RW	Num				US
09.010	Logic Function 1 Destination	0.000 to	30.999	0	.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
09.014	Logic Function 2 Source 1	0.000 to	30.999	0	.000	RW	Num			PT	US
09.015	Logic Function 2 Source 1 Invert	Off (0) o	or On (1)	C	off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.016	Logic Function 2 Source 2	0.000 to	30.999	0	.000	RW	Num			PT	US
09.017	Logic Function 2 Source 2 Invert	Off (0) o	or On (1)	C	off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.018	Logic Function 2 Output Invert	Off (0) o	or On (1)	0	off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.019	Logic Function 2 Delay	±25	i.0 s	(0.0 s	RW	Num				US
09.020	Logic Function 2 Destination	0.000 to	30.999	0	.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
09.021	Motorized Pot Mode	0 t	o 4		0	RW	Num				US
09.022	Motorized Pot Bipolar Select	Off (0) o	or On (1)	C	off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.023	Motorized Pot Rate	0 to 2	250 s	:	20 s	RW	Num				US
09.024	Motorized Pot Scaling	0.000 t	o 4.000	1	.000	RW	Num				US
09.025	Motorized Pot Destination	0.000 to	30.999	0	.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
09.026	Motorized Pot Up	Off (0) o	or On (1)	C	off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
09.027	Motorized Pot Down	Off (0) o	or On (1)	C	off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
09.028	Motorized Pot Reset	Off (0) o	or On (1)	C	off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
09.029	Binary Sum Ones	Off (0) o	or On (1)	C	off (0)	RW	Bit				
09.030	Binary Sum Twos	Off (0) o	or On (1)	C	off (0)	RW	Bit			1	1
09.031	Binary Sum Fours	Off (0) o	or On (1)	C	off (0)	RW	Bit				
09.032	Binary Sum Output	0 to	255			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	1
09.033	Binary Sum Destination	0.000 to	30.999	0	.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
09.034	Binary Sum Offset	0 to	248		0	RW	Num				US
09.035	Timer 1 Start Date	00-00-00 t	o 31-12-99	00-	-00-00	RW	Date				US
09.036	Timer 1 Start Time	00:00:00 t	o 23:59:59	00	:00:00	RW	Time				US
09.037	Timer 1 Stop Date	00-00-00 t	o 31-12-99	00-	-00-00	RW	Date				US
09.038	Timer 1 Stop Time	00:00:00 t	o 23:59:59	00	:00:00	RW	Time				US
09.039	Timer 1 Repeat Function	NonE (0), 1 (1), 2 (2), 3 (3), 4 (4), 5 (5), 6 (6), 7 (7)	No	nE (0)	RW	Txt				US
09.040	Timer 1 Enable	Off (0) o	or On (1)	C	off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.041	Timer 1 Invert	Off (0) o	or On (1)	C	off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.042	Timer 1 Output	Off (0) o	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
09.043	Timer 1 Destination	0.000 to	30.999	0	.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
09.045	Timer 2 Start Date	00-00-00 t	00-	-00-00	RW	Date				US	
09.046	Timer 2 Start Time	00:00:00 t	00	:00:00	RW	Time				US	
09.047	Timer 2 Stop Date	00-00-00 t	00-	-00-00	RW	Date				US	
09.048	Timer 2 Stop Time	00:00:00 t	00	:00:00	RW	Time				US	
09.049	Timer 2 Repeat Function	NonE (0), 1 (1), 2 (2), 3 (No	nE (0)	RW	Txt			<u> </u>	US	
09.050	Timer 2 Enable	Off (0) or On (1)			off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.051	Timer 2 Invert	Off (0) o		off (0)	RW	Bit	t		+	US	
09.052	Timer 2 Output	Off (0) o			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	t	
09.053	Timer 2 Destination	, ,	30.999	0	.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
ΙP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card		parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

11.11 Menu 10: Status and trips

		Range (♠)	Default (s	⇒)						
	Parameter	OL RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Ту	pe		
10.001	Drive OK	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.002	Drive Active	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.003	Zero Frequency	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.004	Running At Or Below Minimum Frequency	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.005	Below Set Frequency	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.006	At Frequency Above Set Frequency	Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) or On (1)			RO RO	Bit Bit	ND ND	NC NC	PT PT	
10.007	Rated Load Reached	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.009	Current Limit Active	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.010	Regenerating	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.011	Braking IGBT Active	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.012	Braking Resistor Alarm	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.013	Reverse Direction Commanded	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.014	Reverse Direction Running	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.015	Supply Loss	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.016	Under Voltage Active	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.017	Motor Overload Alarm Drive Over-temperature Alarm	Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) or On (1)			RO RO	Bit Bit	ND ND	NC NC	PT PT	
10.018	Drive Over-temperature Alarm Drive Warning	Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.020	Trip 0	0 to 255			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.021	Trip 1	0 to 255			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.022	Trip 2	0 to 255			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.023	Trip 3	0 to 255			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.024	Trip 4	0 to 255			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.025	Trip 5	0 to 255			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.026	Trip 6	0 to 255			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.027	Trip 7	0 to 255 0 to 255			RO	Txt	ND ND	NC	PT PT	PS PS
10.028	Trip 8	0 to 255			RO RO	Txt Txt	ND	NC NC	PT	PS PS
10.029	Braking Resistor Rated Power	0.0 to 99999.9 kW	0.0 kW		RW	Num	ND	NC	г	US
10.031	Braking Resistor Thermal Time Constant	0.00 to 1500.00 s	0.00 s		RW	Num				US
10.032	External Trip	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
10.033	Drive Reset	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
10.034	Number Of Auto-reset Attempts	NonE (0), 1 (1), 2 (2), 3 (3), 4 (4), 5 (5),inF (6)	NonE (0)		RW	Txt				US
10.035	Auto-reset Delay	0.0 to 600.0 s	1.0 s		RW	Num				US
10.036	Auto-reset Hold Drive OK	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
10.037	Action On Trip Detection	0 to 31	0		RW	Num	ND	110		US
10.038	User Trip Braking Resistor Thermal Accumulator	0 to 255 0.0 to 100.0 %			RW RO	Num	ND ND	NC NC	PT	
10.039	Status Word	0 to 32767			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
10.041	Trip 0 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.042	Trip 0 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59			RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.043	Trip 1 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.044	Trip 1 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59			RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.045	Trip 2 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.046	Trip 2 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59			RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.047	Trip 3 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.048	Trip 4 Date	00:00:00 to 23:59:59			RO	Time	ND ND	NC NC	PT PT	PS PS
10.049	Trip 4 Date Trip 4 Time	00-00-00 to 31-12-99 00:00:00 to 23:59:59			RO RO	Date Time	ND	NC	PT	PS PS
10.050	Trip 5 Date	00-00-00 to 23.59.59 00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.052	Trip 5 Time	00:00:00 to 31-12-33			RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.053	Trip 6 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.054	Trip 6 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59			RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.055	Trip 7 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.056	Trip 7 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59			RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.057	Trip 8 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.058	Trip 8 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59			RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.059	Trip 9 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99			RO	Date	ND	NC	PT PT	PS
10.060	Trip 9 Time Braking Resistor Resistance	00:00:00 to 23:59:59 0.00 to 10000.00 Ω	0.00 Ω		RO RW	Time	ND	NC	۲I	PS US
10.064	Remote Keypad Battery Low	Off (0) or On (1)	0.00 17		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	- 55
10.065	Autotune Active	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.066	Limit Switch Active	Off (0) or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.068	Hold Drive Healthy On Under Voltage	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
	•									

Safety	Product	Mechanical		Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters		OL LISTING

	B	Rang	je (‡)	Defa	ıult (⇔)			_			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Ту	pe		
10.069	Additional Status Bits	0 to	2047		_	RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
10.070	Trip 0 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	65535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.071	Trip 1 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	55535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.072	Trip 2 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	55535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.073	Trip 3 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	55535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.074	Trip 4 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	55535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.075	Trip 5 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	55535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.076	Trip 6 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	55535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.077	Trip 7 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	55535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.078	Trip 8 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	55535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.079	Trip 9 Sub-trip Number	0 to 6	55535			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.080	Stop Motor	Off (0) o	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.081	Phase Loss	Off (0) o	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.090	Drive Ready	Off (0) o	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.101	Drive Status	S.LoSS (5), rES (6), dc.ii ActivE (10), rES				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
10.102	Trip Reset Source	0 to	1023			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.103	Trip Time Identifier	-2147483648 to	2147483647 ms			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
10.104	Active Alarm	NonE (0), br.rES (1) d.OV.Ld (4), tuning (5), OPt.AL (9), rES rES(12), Lo.AC (13), I./	LS (6), rES (7), rES (8),			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
10.106	Potential Drive Damage Conditions	0 t	o 3			RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.107	Low AC Alarm	Off (0) o	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.108	Reversed cooling fan detected	Off (0) o	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Oliboalu FLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

11.12 Menu 11: General drive set-up

	Parameter	Range (‡)	Default (⇒)	I		Тур	oe .		
		OL RFC-A	OL RFC-A			,,			
11.018	Status Mode Parameter 1	0.000 to 30.999	2.001	RW	Num			PT	U
11.019	Status Mode Parameter 2	0.000 to 30.999	4.020	RW	Num		L	PT	l
11.020	Reset Serial Communications	Off (0) or On (1)		RW	Bit	ND	NC		Ļ.
11.021	Customer Defined Scaling	0.000 to 10.000	1.000	RW	Num			D.T.	Ų
11.022	Parameter Displayed At Power-up	0.000 to 0.095 1 to 247	0.010	RW	Num			PT	
11.023	Serial Address Serial Mode	8.2NP (0), 8.1NP (1), 8.1EP (2), 8.1OP (3), 8.2NP E (4), 8.1NP E (5), 8.1EP E (6), 8.1OP E (7), 7.1EP (8), 7.1OP (9), 7.1EP E (10), 7.1OP E (11)	1 8.2NP (0)	RW	Num Txt				Į
11.025	Serial Baud Rate	600 (1), 1200 (2), 2400 (3), 4800 (4), 9600 (5), 19200 (6), 38400 (7), 57600 (8), 76800 (9), 115200 (10)	19200 (6)	RW	Txt				ı
11.026	Minimum Comms Transmit Delay	0 to 250 ms	2 ms	RW	Num				ι
11.027	Silent Period	0 to 250 ms	0 ms	RW	Num				
11.028	Drive Derivative	0 to 255		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.029	Software Version	00.00.00 to 99.99.99		RO	Ver	ND	NC	PT	
11.030	User Security Code	0 to 9999		RW	Num	ND		PT	
11.031	User Drive Mode	OPEn.LP (1), rFC-A (2)		RW	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
11.032	Maximum Heavy Duty Rating	0.00 to Drive HD Current Rating A		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.033	Drive Rated Voltage	110V (0), 200V (1), 400V (2), 575V (3), 690V (4) AV (0), AI (1), AV.Pr (2), AI.Pr (3),		RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
11.034	Drive Configuration	PrESEt (4), PAd (5), PAd.rEF (6), E.Pot (7), torquE (8), Pid (9)	AV (0)*	RW	Txt			PT	
11.035	Power Software Version	00.00.00 to 99.99.99		RO	Ver	ND	NC	PT	Ĺ
1.036	NV Media Card File Previously Loaded	0 to 999	0	RO	Num		NC	PT	ſ
1.037	NV Media Card File Number	0 to 999	0	RW	Num				
1.038	NV Media Card File Type	NonE (0), OPEn.LP (1), rFC-A (2)		RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
11.039	NV Media Card File Version	0 to 9999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
1.042	Parameter Cloning	NonE (0), rEAd (1), Prog (2), Auto (3), boot (4)	NonE (0)	RW	Txt		NC		
1.043	Load Defaults	NonE (0), Std (1), US (2)	NonE (0)	RW	Txt		NC		Ļ
1.044	User Security Status Select Motor 2 Parameters	LEVEL.1 (0), LEVEL.2 (1), ALL (2), StAtUS (3), no.Acc (4) 1 (0), 2 (1)	LEVEL.1 (0) 1 (0)	RW	Txt Txt	ND		PT	
11.045	Defaults Previously Loaded	0 to 2000	1 (0)	RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	ł
11.046	Onboard User Program: Enable	Stop (0), Run (1)	Pup (1)	RW	Txt	ND	NC	FI	+
11.047	Onboard User Program: Status	-2147483648 to 2147483647	Run (1)	RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	ł
11.046	Onboard User Program: Programming Events	0 to 65535		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	ł
1.050	Onboard User Program: Freewheeling Tasks Per Second	0 to 65535		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
1.051	Onboard User Program: Clock Task Time Used	0.0 to 100.0 %		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	t
11.052	Serial Number LS	0 to 999999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	t
1.053	Serial Number MS	0 to 999999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	t
1.054	Drive Date Code	0 to 9999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	t
1.055	Onboard User Program: Clock Task Schedule Rate	0 to 262128		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	Ì
1.060	Maximum Rated Current	0.0 to 266.0 A		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	Ī
1.061	Full Scale Current Kc	0.0 to 498.0 A		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	J
1.063	Product Type	0 to 255		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	T
1.064	Product Identifier Characters	300		RO	Chr	ND	NC	PT	J
1.065	Frame size and voltage code	0 to 999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	T
1.066	Power Stage Identifier	0 to 255		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	Ι
1.067	Control Board Identifier	0 to 255		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	Γ
1.068	Drive current rating	0 to 2240		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	I
1.070	Core Parameter Database Version	0.00 to 99.99		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	ſ
1.072	NV Media Card Create Special File	0 to 1	0	RW	Num		NC		Ţ
1.073	NV Media Card Type	NonE (0), rES (1), Sd.CArd (2)		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	Ţ
1.075	NV Media Card Read-only Flag	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	ſ
1.076	NV Media Card Warning Suppression Flag	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	Ţ
1.077	NV Media Card File Required Version	0 to 9999		RW	Num	ND	NC	PT	ſ
1.079	Drive Name Characters 1-4	(-2147483648) to (-2147483647)	(757935405)	RW	Chr			PT	-
1.080	Drive Name Characters 5-8	(-2147483648) to (-2147483647)	(757935405)	RW	Chr			PT	-
1.081	Drive Name Characters 9-12 Drive Name Characters 13-16	(-2147483647)	(757935405) (757935405)	RW	Chr			PT PT	+
		(-2147483647)	(101000400)						1
11.084	Drive Mode	OPEn.LP (1), rFC-A (2)		RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	Ĺ
11.085	Security Status	NonE (0), r.onLy.A (1), StAtUS (2),no.Acc (3)		RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	Ĺ
11.086	Menu Access Status	LEVEL.1 (0), LEVEL.2 (1), ALL (2)		RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	L
11.091	Additional Identifier Characters 1	(-2147483648) to (2147483647)		RO	Chr	ND	NC	PT	ļ
11.092	Additional Identifier Characters 2	(-2147483648) to (2147483647)		RO	Chr	ND	NC	PT	Ļ
11.093	Additional Identifier Characters 3	(-2147483648) to (2147483647)		RO	Chr	ND	NC	PT	ĺ

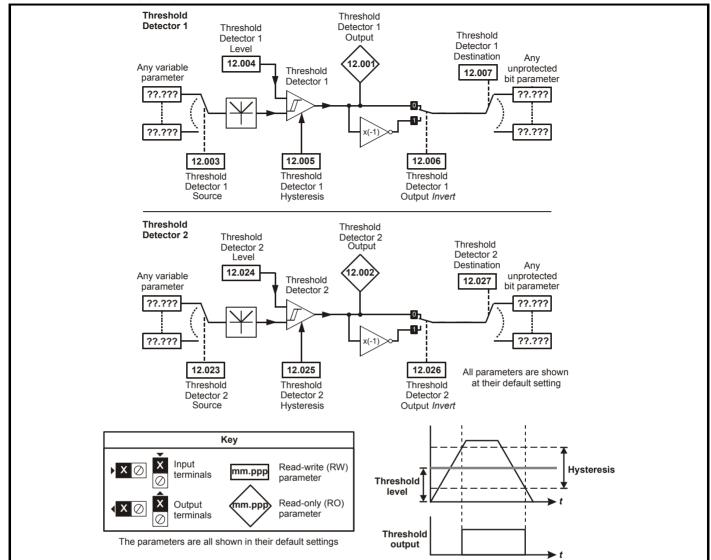
Safety informatio	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advane parame		Diagnos	stics	UL Li	isting
						Range (\$)		D	efault (⇔)			T			
	P	arameter			OL		RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Тур	е		
11.094	Disable String M	ode				Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit			PT	US
11.097	Al ID Code					, Sd.CArd (1), oot (3), rS-485				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
11.098	24V Alarm Loss	Enable			(Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
11.099	Modbus Parame				0000 to 1111			0000	RW	Bin				US	

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Olibbald FLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

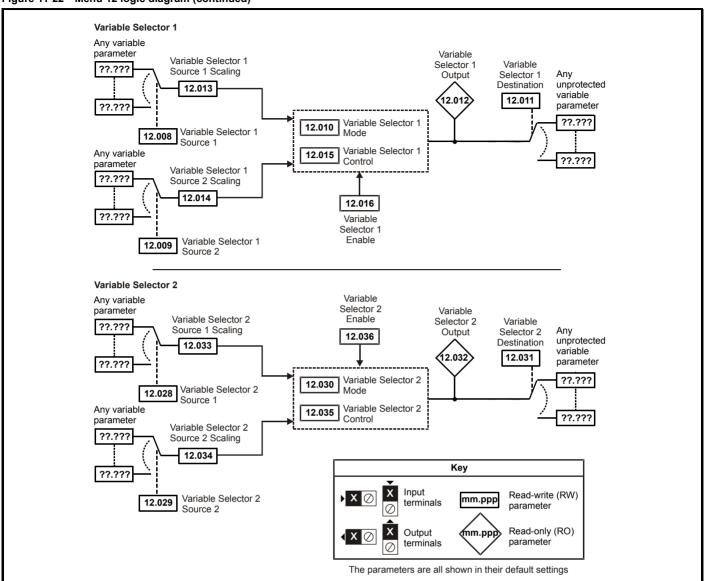
11.13 Menu 12: Threshold detectors, variable selectors and brake control function

Figure 11-21 Menu 12 logic diagram



Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running NV Media Advanced UL Listing Optimization Onboard PLC Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameter the motor Card

Figure 11-22 Menu 12 logic diagram (continued)



Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Runnina NV Media Advanced Onboard PLC **UL** Listing Optimization Diagnostics informatio information installation installation started paramete the motor Card parameters



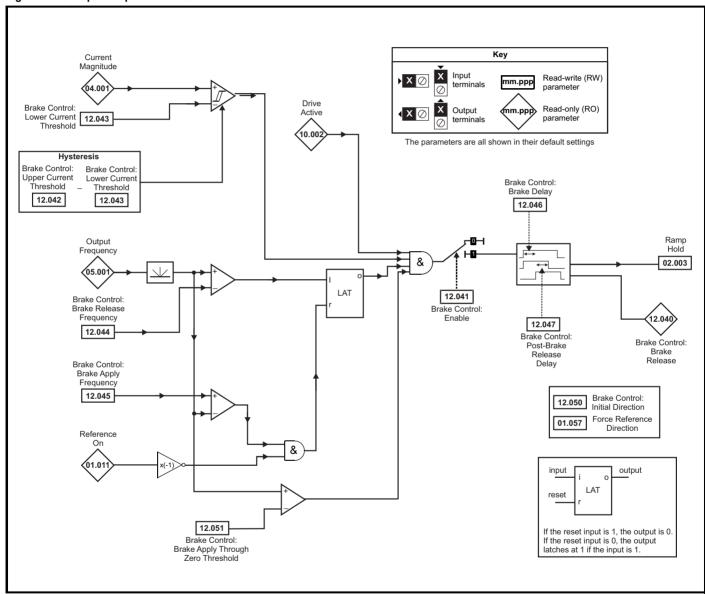
The brake control functions are provided to allow well co-ordinated operation of an external brake with the drive. While both hardware and software are designed to high standards of quality and robustness, they are not intended for use as safety functions, i.e. where a fault or failure would result in a risk of injury. In any application where the incorrect operation of the brake release mechanism could result in injury, independent protection devices of proven integrity must also be incorporated.



The control terminal relay can be selected as an output to release a brake. If a drive is set up in this manner and a drive replacement takes place, prior to programming the drive on initial power up, the brake may be released.

When drive terminals are programmed to non default settings the result of incorrect or delayed programming must be considered. The use of an NV media card in boot mode can ensure drive parameters are immediately programmed to avoid this situation.

Figure 11-23 Open loop brake function



Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running NV Media Advanced UL Listing Optimization Onboard PLC Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameter the motor Card

Figure 11-24 Brake sequence

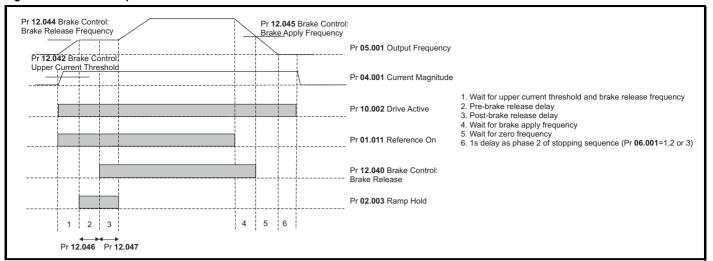
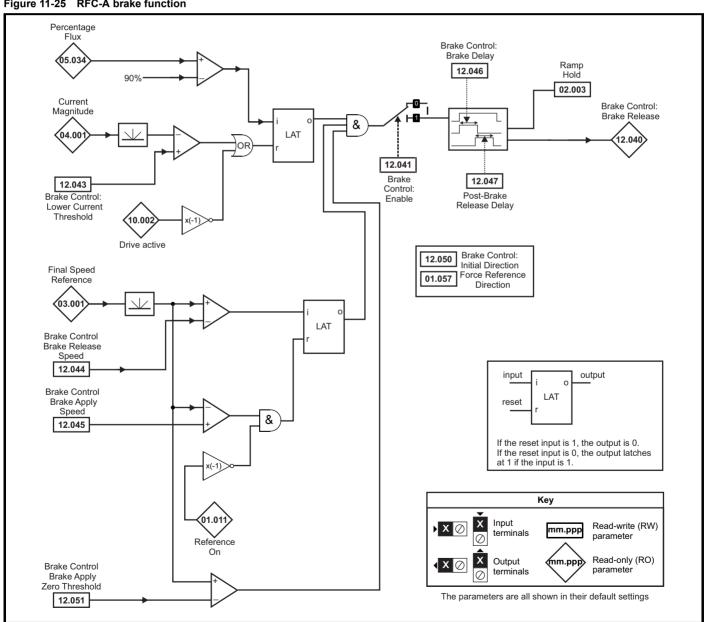


Figure 11-25 RFC-A brake function



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard DLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing

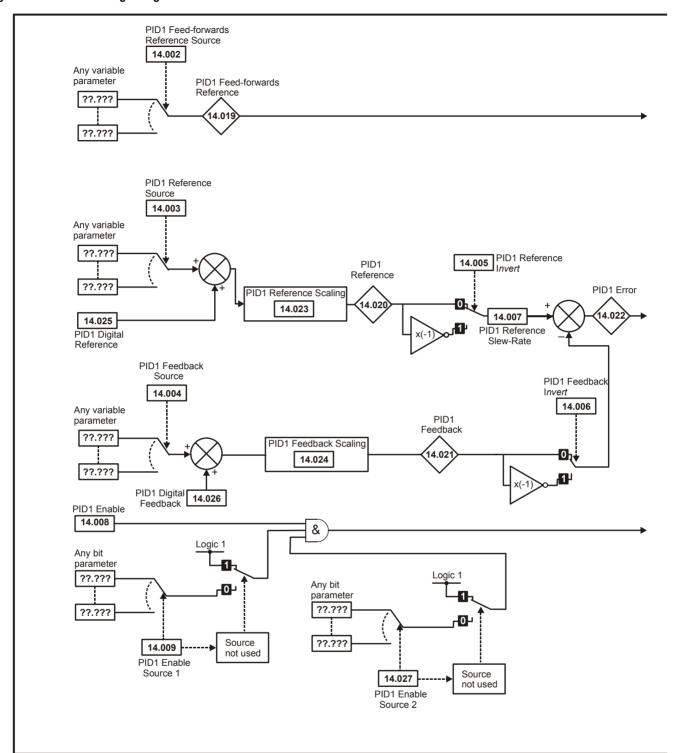
	Parameter	Ranç	je(�)	Defa	ult(⇔)			Ту			
	Faranietei	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			ıy	þe		
12.001	Threshold Detector 1 Output	Off (0) o	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
12.002	Threshold Detector 2 Output	Off (0) o	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
12.003	Threshold Detector 1 Source	0.000 to	30.999	0.0	000	RW	Num			PT	US
12.004	Threshold Detector 1 Level	0.00 to 1	00.00 %	0.0	0 %	RW	Num				US
12.005	Threshold Detector 1 Hysteresis	0.00 to	25.00 %	0.0	0 %	RW	Num				US
12.006	Threshold Detector 1 Output Invert	Off (0) o	or On (1)	Of	f (0)	RW	Bit				US
12.007	Threshold Detector 1 Destination	0.000 to	30.999	0.0	000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.008	Variable Selector 1 Source 1	0.000 to	30.999	0.0	000	RW	Num			PT	US
12.009	Variable Selector 1 Source 2	0.000 to	30.999	0.0	000	RW	Num			PT	US
12.010	Variable Selector 1 Mode	0 (0), 1 (1), 2 (2), 3 (7(7), 8 (3), 4 (4), 5 (5), 6 (6), 8), 9 (9)	0	(0)	RW	Txt				US
12.011	Variable Selector 1 Destination	0.000 to	30.999	0.0	000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.012	Variable Selector 1 Output	±100	.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
12.013	Variable Selector 1 Source 1 Scaling	±4.	000	1.0	000	RW	Num				US
12.014	Variable Selector 1 Source 2 Scaling	±4.	000	1.0	000	RW	Num				US
12.015	Variable Selector 1 Control	0.00 to	100.00	0.	00	RW	Num				US
12.016	Variable Selector 1 Enable	Off (0) o	or On (1)	Or	ı (1)	RW	Bit				US
12.023	Threshold Detector 2 Source	0.000 to	30.999	0.0	000	RW	Num			PT	US
12.024	Threshold Detector 2 Level	0.00 to 1	00.00 %	0.0	0 %	RW	Num				US
12.025	Threshold Detector 2 Hysteresis	0.00 to	25.00 %	0.0	0 %	RW	Num				US
12.026	Threshold Detector 2 Output Invert	Off (0) o	or On (1)	Of	f (0)	RW	Bit				US
12.027	Threshold Detector 2 Destination	0.000 to	30.999	0.0	000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.028	Variable Selector 2 Source 1	0.000 to	30.999	0.0	000	RW	Num			PT	US
12.029	Variable Selector 2 Source 2	0.000 to	30.999	0.0	000	RW	Num			PT	US
12.030	Variable Selector 2 Mode	0 (0), 1 (1), 2 (2), 3 (3), 8 (8),	4 (4), 5 (5), 6 (6), 7 (7), 9 (9)	0	(0)	RW	Txt				US
12.031	Variable Selector 2 Destination	0.000 to	30.999	0.0	000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.032	Variable Selector 2 Output	±100	.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
12.033	Variable Selector 2 Source 1 Scaling	±4.	000	1.0	000	RW	Num				US
12.034	Variable Selector 2 Source 2 Scaling	±4.	000	1.0	000	RW	Num				US
12.035	Variable Selector 2 Control	0.00 to	100.00	0.	00	RW	Num				US
12.036	Variable Selector 2 Enable	Off (0) o	or On (1)	Or	(1)	RW	Bit				US
12.040	BC Brake Release	Off (0) o	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
12.041	BC Enable	diS (0), rELAy (1),	dig IO (2), USEr (3)	diS	6 (0)	RW	Txt				US
12.042	BC Upper Current Threshold	0 to 2	200 %	50) %	RW	Num				US
12.043	BC Lower Current Threshold	0 to 2	200 %	10) %	RW	Num				US
12.044	BC Brake Release Frequency	0.00 to 2	20.00 Hz	1.0	0 Hz	RW	Num				US
12.045	BC Brake Apply Frequency	0.00 to 2	20.00 Hz	2.0	0 Hz	RW	Num				US
12.046	BC Brake Delay	0.0 to	25.0 s	1.	0 s	RW	Num				US
12.047	BC Post-brake Release Delay	0.0 to	25.0 s	1.	0 s	RW	Num				US
12.050	BC Initial Direction	rEf (0), For	(1), rEv (2)	rE	f(0)	RW	Txt				US
12.051	BC Brake Apply Through Zero Threshold	0.00 to 2	25.00 Hz	1.0	0 Hz	RW	Num				US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

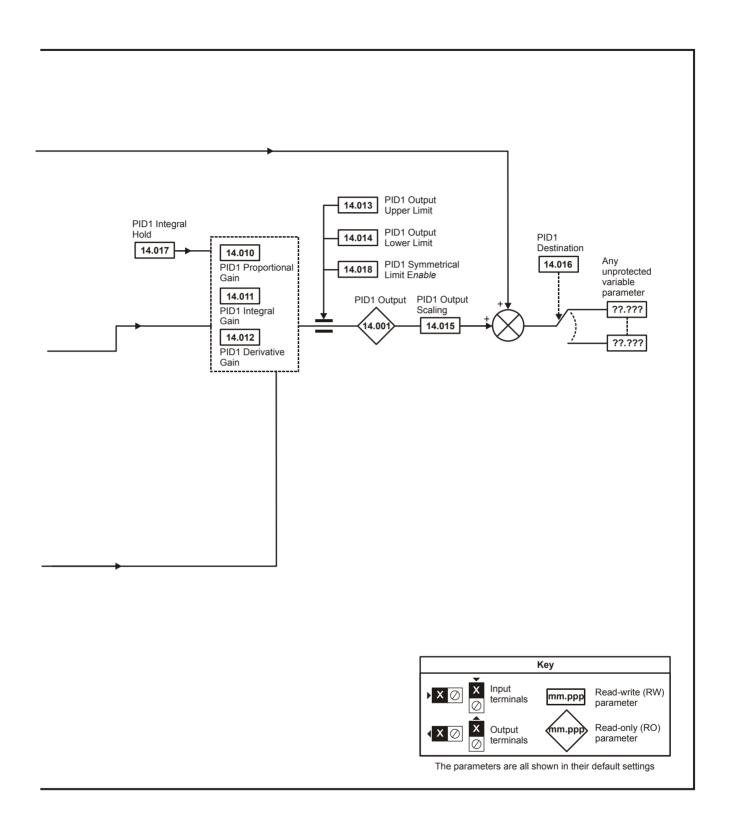
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Oliboard I LC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

11.14 Menu 14: User PID controller

Figure 11-26 Menu 14 Logic diagram



Getting started Advanced parameters Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Basic Running NV Media Onboard PLC Diagnostics **UL** Listing Optimization information information installation installation parameters the motor Card



Safety information i		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing
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		Ran	ıge (‡)	Defa	ult (⇔)						
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A	1		Ту	pe		
14.001	PID1 Output	±10	0.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.002	PID1 Feed-forwards Reference Source	0.000	to 30.999	0	.000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.003	PID1 Reference Source	0.000	to 30.999	0	.000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.004	PID1 Feedback Source	0.000	to 30.999	0	.000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.005	PID1 Reference Invert	Off (0)	or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit				US
14.006	PID1 Feedback Invert	Off (0)	or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit				US
14.007	PID1 Reference Slew Rate	0.0 to	3200.0 s	0	.0 s	RW	Num				US
14.008	PID1 Enable	Off (0)	or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit				US
14.009	PID1 Enable Source 1	0.000	to 30.999	0	.000	RW	Num			PT	US
14.010	PID1 Proportional Gain	0.000	to 4.000	1	.000	RW	Num				US
14.011	PID1 Integral Gain	0.000	to 4.000	0	.500	RW	Num				US
14.012	PID1 Differential Gain	0.000	to 4.000	0	.000	RW	Num				US
14.013	PID1 Output Upper Limit	0.00 to	100.00 %	100	0.00 %	RW	Num				US
14.014	PID1 Output Lower Limit	±10	0.00 %	-100	0.00 %	RW	Num				US
14.015	PID1 Output Scaling	0.000	to 4.000	1	.000	RW	Num				US
14.016	PID1 Destination	0.000	to 30.999	0	.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
14.017	PID1 Integral Hold	Off (0)	or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit				
14.018	PID1 Symmetrical Limit Enable	Off (0)	or On (1)	0	ff (0)	RW	Bit				US
14.019	PID1 Feed-forwards Reference	±10	0.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.020	PID1 Reference	±10	0.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.021	PID1 Feedback	±10	0.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.022	PID1 Error	±10	0.00 %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.023	PID1 Reference Scaling	0.000	to 4.000	1	.000	RW	Num				US
14.024	PID1 Feedback Scaling	0.000	to 4.000	1	.000	RW	Num				US
14.025	PID1 Digital Reference	±10	0.00 %	0.	00 %	RW	Num				US
14.026	PID1 Digital Feedback	±10	0.00 %	0.	00 %	RW	Num				US
14.027	PID1 Enable Source 2	0.000	to 30.999	0	.000	RW	Num			PT	US

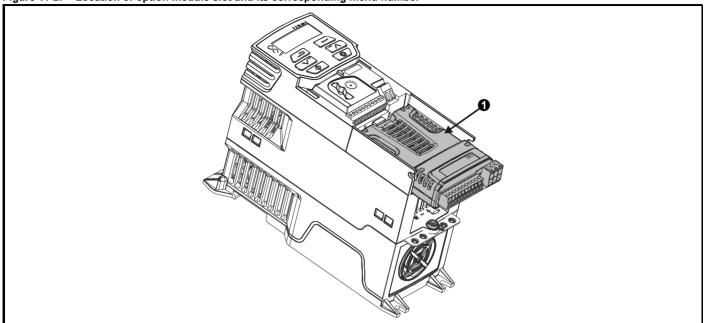
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety information Product information Electrical installation Running the motor NV Media Card Getting started Basic parameters Mechanical UL Listing Optimization Onboard PLC Diagnostics installation

11.15

Menu 15: Option module set-up

Location of option module slot and its corresponding menu number Figure 11-27



Option Module Slot 1 - Menu 15

11.15.1 Parameters common to all categories

Parameter	Range(ℚ)	Default(⇔)		Туј	эе	
15.001 Module ID	0 to 65535		RO Num	ND	NC	PT
15.002 Software Version	00.00.00 to 99.99.99		RO Ver	ND	NC	PT
15.003 Hardware Version	0.00 to 99.99		RO Num	ND	NC	PT
15.004 Serial Number LS	0 to 999999		RO Num	ND	NC	PT
15.005 Serial Number MS	0 10 999999		RO Num	ND	NC	PT
15.006 Module Status	-2 to 3		RO Txt	ND	NC	PT
15.007 Module Reset	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW Bit		NC	

The option module ID indicates the type of module that is installed in the corresponding slot. See the relevant option module user guide for more information regarding the module.

Option module ID	Module	Category
0	No module installed	
209	SI-I/O	Automation (I/O Expansion)
431	SI-EtherCAT	
433	SI-Ethernet	
434	SI-PROFINET V2	Fieldbus
443	SI-PROFIBUS	i leidbus
447	SI-DeviceNet	
448	SI-CANopen	

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Oliboald I LC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

11.16 Menu 18: Application menu 1

		Rang	ge (�)	Defa	ıult(⇔)			_		
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A	1		Тур	е	
18.001	Application Menu 1 Power-down Save Integer				0	RW	Num			PS
18.002	Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 2	1				RO	Num	ND	NC	
18.003	Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 3	1				RO	Num	ND	NC	
18.004	Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 4	1				RO	Num	ND	NC	
18.005	Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 5	1				RO	Num	ND	NC	
18.006	Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 6	1				RO	Num	ND	NC	
18.007	Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 7	1				RO	Num	ND	NC	
18.008	Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 8	1				RO	Num	ND	NC	
18.009	Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 9					RO	Num	ND	NC	
18.010	Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer 10					RO	Num	ND	NC	
18.011	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 11	1				RW	Num			US
18.012	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 12	1				RW	Num			US
18.013	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 13					RW	Num			US
18.014	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 14	1				RW	Num			US
18.015	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 15	22760	to 32767			RW	Num			US
18.016	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 16	-32/68	10 32/0/			RW	Num			US
18.017	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 17	1				RW	Num			US
18.018	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 18	1				RW	Num			US
18.019	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 19					RW	Num			US
18.020	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 20	1			0	RW	Num			US
18.021	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 21	1			U	RW	Num			US
18.022	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 22					RW	Num			US
18.023	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 23	1				RW	Num			US
18.024	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 24	1				RW	Num			US
18.025	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 25	1				RW	Num			US
18.026	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 26	1				RW	Num			US
18.027	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 27	1				RW	Num			US
18.028	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 28					RW	Num			US
18.029	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 29					RW	Num			US
18.030	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer 30					RW	Num			US
18.031	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 31					RW	Bit			US
18.032	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 32					RW	Bit			US
18.033	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 33	1				RW	Bit			US
18.034	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 34					RW	Bit			US
18.035	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 35					RW	Bit			US
18.036	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 36					RW	Bit			US
18.037	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 37					RW	Bit			US
18.038	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 38					RW	Bit			US
18.039	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 39					RW	Bit			US
18.040	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 40	Off (O)	or On (1)	_	ff (0)	RW	Bit			US
18.041	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 41	Oii (0)	G. OII (1)		(0)	RW	Bit			US
18.042	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 42					RW	Bit			US
18.043	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 43					RW	Bit			US
18.044	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 44					RW	Bit			US
18.045	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 45	1				RW	Bit			US
18.046	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 46					RW	Bit			US
18.047	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 47					RW	Bit			US
18.048	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 48					RW	Bit			US
18.049	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 49					RW	Bit			US
18.050	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit 50					RW	Bit			US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Olibbald FLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

11.17 Menu 20: Application menu 2

	Parameter	Rang	ge (�)	Defa	ult (⇔)			Туре	
	i didilietei	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			туре	
20.021	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 21					RW	Num		
20.022	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 22					RW	Num		
20.023	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 23					RW	Num		
20.024	Application Menu 2 Read write Long Integer 24					RW	Num		
20.025	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 25	2447482648	to 2147483647		0	RW	Num		
20.026	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 26	-2147403040	10 2147463647		U	RW	Num		
20.027	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 27					RW	Num		
20.028	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 28					RW	Num		
20.029	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 29					RW	Num		
20.030	Application Menu 2 Read-write Long Integer 30					RW	Num		

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Card		parameters	. 5	

11.18 Menu 21: Second motor parameters

	Downworks:	Ranç	ge (�)	Defau	lt (⇔)			-			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	OL	RFC-A	-		Тур	е		
21.001	M2 Maximum Speed	0.00 to 5	550.00 Hz	50Hz: 50.00 Hz,	60Hz: 60.00 Hz	RW	Num				US
21.002	M2 Minimum Speed	0.00 to Pr	21.001 Hz	0.00	Hz	RW	Num				US
21.003	M2 Reference Selector		A2.Pr (2), PrESEt (3), 5), PAd.rEF (6)	A1.A	2 (0)	RW	Txt				US
21.004	M2 Acceleration Rate 1	0.0 to 3200	0.0 s/100Hz	5.0 s/1	00Hz	RW	Num				US
21.005	M2 Deceleration Rate 1	0.0 to 3200	0.0 s/100Hz	10.0 s/	100Hz	RW	Num				US
21.006	M2 Motor Rated Frequency	0.00 to 5	550.00 Hz	50Hz: 5 60Hz: 6	0.00 Hz 0.00 Hz	RW	Num		RA		US
21.007	M2 Motor Rated Current	0.00 to Dri	ve Rating A	Maximum Heavy Di	uty Rating (11.032)	RW	Num		RA		US
21.008	M2 Motor Rated Speed	0.0 to 33	000.0 rpm	50 Hz: 1500.0 rpm 60 Hz: 1800.0 rpm	50 Hz: 1450.0rpm 60 Hz 1750.0 rpm	RW	Num				US
21.009	M2 Motor Rated Voltage	0 to	765 V	110 V driv 200 V driv 400 V drive 5 400 V drive 6 575 V driv 690 V driv	ve: 230 V 50Hz: 400 V 50Hz: 460 V ve: 575 V	RW	Num		RA		US
21.010	M2 Motor Rated Power Factor	0.001	to 1.00	0.0	35	RW	Num		RA		US
21.011	M2 Number of Motor Poles*	Auto (0)	to 32 (16)	Auto	(0)	RW	Num				US
21.012	M2 Stator Resistance	0.0000 to	99.9999 Ω	0.000	00 Ω	RW	Num		RA		US
21.014	M2 Transient Inductance	0.000 to 5	00.000 mH	0.000) mH	RW	Num		RA		US
21.015	Motor 2 Active	Off (0)	or On (1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
21.016	M2 Motor Thermal Time Constant 1	1 to 3	3000 s	179 s	179 s	RW	Num				US
21.017	M2 Frequency Controller Proportional Gain Kp1		0.000 to 200.000 s/rad		0.100 s/rad	RW	Num				US
21.018	M2 Frequency Controller Integral Gain Ki1		0.00 to 655.35 s²/rad		0.10 s²/rad	RW	Num				US
21.019	M2 Frequency Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd1		0.00000 to 0.65535 1/rad		0.00000 1/rad	RW	Num				US
21.022	M2 Current Controller Kp Gain	0.00 to	4000.00	20.	00	RW	Num				US
21.023	M2 Current Controller Ki Gain	0.000 to	600.000	40.0	000	RW	Num				US
21.024	M2 Stator Inductance	0.00 to 50	000.00 mH	0.00	mH	RW	Num		RA		US
21.025	M2 Saturation Breakpoint 1		0.0 to 100.0 %		50.0 %	RW	Num				US
21.026	M2 Saturation Breakpoint 3		0.0 to 100.0 %		75.0 %	RW	Num				US
21.027	M2 Motoring Current Limit	0.0 to VM_MOTOR2	_CURRENT_LIMIT %	165.0 %**	175.0 %***	RW	Num		RA		US
21.028	M2 Regenerating Current Limit	0.0 to VM_MOTOR2	_CURRENT_LIMIT %	165.0 %**	175.0 %***	RW	Num		RA		US
21.029	M2 Symmetrical Current Limit	0.0 to VM_MOTOR2	_CURRENT_LIMIT %	165.0 %**	175.0 %***	RW	Num		RA		US
21.033	M2 Low Frequency Thermal Protection Mode	0 1	0 to 1			RW	Num				US
21.041	M2 Saturation Breakpoint 2		0.0 to 100.0 %	0.0 %			Num				US
21.042	M2 Saturation Breakpoint 4		0.0 to 100.0 %		0.0 %	RW	Num				US

^{*} When read via serial communications, this parameter will show pole pairs.

^{***} For size 9, the default is 150.0 %

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

^{**} For size 9, the default is 141.9 %

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card		parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

11.19 Menu 22: Additional Menu 0 set-up

		Range(♠)	Defau	ılt(⇔)					
	Parameter	OL RFC-A	OL	RFC-A			Тур	е	
22.011	Parameter 00.011 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	6.0	04	RW	Num		PT	US
22.012	Parameter 00.012 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.0	00	RW	Num		PT	US
22.013	Parameter 00.013 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.0	00	RW	Num		PT	US
22.014	Parameter 00.014 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.0	00	RW	Num		PT	US
22.015	Parameter 00.015 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	1.0	05	RW	Num		PT	US
22.016	Parameter 00.016 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	7.0	07	RW	Num		PT	US
22.017	Parameter 00.017 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	1.0	10	RW	Num		PT	US
22.018	Parameter 00.018 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	1.0	21	RW	Num		PT	US
22.019	Parameter 00.019 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	1.0	22	RW	Num		PT	US
22.020	Parameter 00.020 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	1.0	23	RW	Num		PT	US
22.021	Parameter 00.021 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	1.0	24	RW	Num		PT	US
22.022	Parameter 00.022 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	11.0)19	RW	Num		PT	US
22.023	Parameter 00.023 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	11.0)18	RW	Num		PT	US
22.024	Parameter 00.024 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	11.0)21	RW	Num		PT	US
22.025	Parameter 00.025 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	11.0)30	RW	Num		PT	US
22.026	Parameter 00.026 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.0	00	RW	Num		PT	US
22.027	Parameter 00.027 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	1.0	51	RW	Num		PT	US
22.028	Parameter 00.028 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	2.0	04	RW	Num		PT	US
22.029	Parameter 00.029 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.000	2.002	RW	Num		PT	US
22.030	Parameter 00.030 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	11.0)42	RW	Num		PT	US
22.031	Parameter 00.031 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	6.0	01	RW	Num		PT	US
22.032	Parameter 00.032 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	5.0	13	RW	Num		PT	US
22.033	Parameter 00.033 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	6.0	09	RW	Num		PT	US
22.034	Parameter 00.034 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	8.0	35	RW	Num		PT	US
22.035	Parameter 00.035 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	8.0	91	RW	Num		PT	US
22.036	Parameter 00.036 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	7.0	55	RW	Num		PT	US
22.037	Parameter 00.037 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	5.0	18	RW	Num		PT	US
22.038	Parameter 00.038 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	5.0		RW	Num		PT	
22.039	Parameter 00.039 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	5.0	06	RW	Num		PT	US
22.040	Parameter 00.040 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	5.0		RW	Num		PT	US
22.041	Parameter 00.041 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	5.0		RW	Num		PT	_
22.042	Parameter 00.042 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	5.0	15	RW	Num		PT	US
22.043	Parameter 00.043 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	11.0)25	RW	Num		PT	US
22.044	Parameter 00.044 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	11.0)23	RW	Num		PT	US
22.045	Parameter 00.045 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	11.0)20	RW	Num		PT	US
22.046	Parameter 00.046 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	12.0		RW	Num		PT	US
22.047	Parameter 00.047 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	12.0		RW	Num		PT	US
22.048	Parameter 00.048 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	12.0)44	RW	Num		PT	US
22.049	Parameter 00.049 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	12.0)45	RW	Num		PT	US
22.050	Parameter 00.050 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	12.0)46	RW	Num		PT	US
22.051	Parameter 00.051 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	12.0		RW	Num		PT	
22.052	Parameter 00.052 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.0	00	RW	Num		PT	US
22.053	Parameter 00.053 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.0		RW	Num		PT	_
22.054	Parameter 00.054 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	12.0		RW	Num		PT	
22.055	Parameter 00.055 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	12.0		RW	Num		PT	US
22.056	Parameter 00.056 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	10.0		RW	Num		PT	_
22.057	Parameter 00.057 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	10.0		RW	Num		PT	_
22.058	Parameter 00.058 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	10.0		RW	Num		PT	
22.059	Parameter 00.059 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	11.0		RW	Num		PT	_
22.060	Parameter 00.060 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	11.0		RW	Num		PT	
22.061	Parameter 00.061 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.0		RW	Num		PT	_
22.062	Parameter 00.062 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.0		RW	Num		PT	
22.063	Parameter 00.063 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.0		RW	Num		PT	
22.064	Parameter 00.064 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.0		RW	Num		PT	_
22.065	Parameter 00.065 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.000	3.010	RW	Num		PT	
22.065	Parameter 00.066 Set-up	0.000 to 30.999	0.000	3.010	RW			PT	
44.U66	r arameter 00.000 Set-up	บ.บบบ เบ จบ.ฮฮฮ	0.000	3.017	KVV	Num		PI	US

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card		Advance paramete		iagnosti	cs U	L Lis	ting
	Dava	meter			Rang	je(�)	T	Defau	ılt(⇔)			Turn			
	Para	meter			DL	RFC	:-A	OL	RFC-A			Тур	;		
22.067	Parameter 00.0	67 Set-up			0.000 to	30.999		0.000	3.079	RW	Num			PT	US
22.068	Parameter 00.0	68 Set-up			0.000 to	30.999		0.000	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
22.069	Parameter 00.0	69 Set-up			0.000 to	30.999		5.0)40	RW	Num			PT	US
22.070	Parameter 00.0	70 Set-up			0.000 to	30.999		14.0	001	RW	Num			PT	US
22.071	Parameter 00.0	71 Set-up			0.000 to	30.999		14.0	010	RW	Num			PT	US
22.072	Parameter 00.0	72 Set-up			0.000 to	30.999		14.0	011	RW	Num			PT	US
22.073	Parameter 00.0	73 Set-up			0.000 to	30.999		14.0	006	RW	Num			PT	US
22.074	Parameter 00.0	74 Set-up			0.000 to	30.999		14.0	013	RW	Num			PT	US
22.075	Parameter 00.0	75 Set-up			0.000 to	30.999		14.0	014	RW	Num			PT	US
22.076	Parameter 00.0	76 Set-up			0.000 to	30.999		10.0	037	RW	Num			PT	US
22.077	Parameter 00.0	77 Set-up			0.000 to	30.999		11.0	032	RW	Num			PT	US
22.078	Parameter 00.0	78 Set-up			0.000 to	30.999		11.0	029	RW	Num			PT	US
22.079	Parameter 00.0	79 Set-up			0.000 to	30.999		11.0	031	RW	Num			PT	US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

0.000

RW

Num

0.000 to 30.999

11.20 Menu 24: Option Module Application

22.080

Parameter 00.080 Set-up

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running NV Media Advanced Optimization Onboard PLC Diagnostics **UL** Listina information started paramete the motor

12 Diagnostics

The keypad display on the drive gives various information about the status of the drive. The keypad display provides information on the following categories:

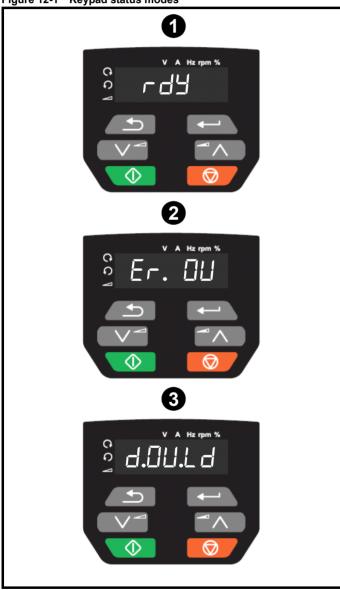
- Trip indications
- Alarm indications
- Status indications



Users must not attempt to repair a drive if it is faulty, nor carry out fault diagnosis other than through the use of the diagnostic features described in this chapter. If a drive is faulty, it must be returned to an authorized WARNING Control Techniques distributor for repair.

Status modes (Keypad and LED status) 12.1

Figure 12-1 Keypad status modes



- Drive OK status
- 2 Trip status
- Alarm status

12.2 Trip indications

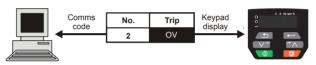
The output of the drive is disabled under any trip condition so that the drive stops controlling the motor. If the motor is running when the trip occurs it will coast to a stop.

During a trip condition, the display indicates that a trip has occurred and the keypad will display the trip string. Some trips have a sub-trip number to provide additional information about the trip. If a trip has a sub-trip number, the sub-trip number is flashed alternately with the trip string.

Trips are listed alphabetically in Table 12-2 based on the trip indication shown on the drive display. Alternatively, the drive status can be read in Pr 10.001 'Drive OK' using communication protocols. The most recent trip can be read in Pr 10.020 providing a trip number. It must be noted that the hardware trips (HF01 to HF23) do not have trip numbers (except HF08, HF11, HF12 & HF18 which have sub-trip number/s). The trip number must be checked in Table 12-2 to identify the specific trip.

Example

- 1. Trip code 2 is read from Pr 10.020 via serial communications.
- 2. Checking Table 12-3 shows Trip 2 is an OV trip.



- Look up OV in Table 12-2.
- Perform checks detailed under Diagnosis.

12.3 Identifying a trip / trip source

Some trips only contain a trip string whereas some other trips have a trip string along with a sub-trip number which provides the user with additional information about the trip.

A trip can be generated from a control system or from a power system. The sub-trip number associated with the trips listed in Table 12-1 is in the form xxyzz and used to identify the source of the trip.

Table 12-1 Trips associated with xxyzz sub-trip number

OV	PH.Lo
PSU	OI.Sn
Oht.I	tH.Fb
Oht.P	P.dAt
Oh.dc	

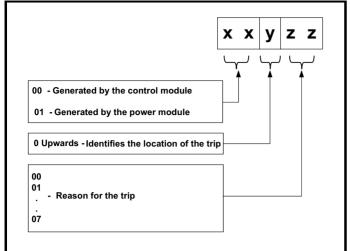
The digits xx are 00 for a trip generated by the control system. For a drive, if the trip is related to the power system then xx will have a value of 01, when displayed the leading zeros are suppressed.

For a control system trip (xx is zero), the y digit where relevant is defined for each trip. If not relevant, the y digit will have a value of zero.

The zz digits give the reason for the trip and are defined in each trip description.

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running Information Information Installation	ostics UL Listing
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Figure 12-2 Key to sub-trip number



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard DLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	III Liotina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing

12.4 Trips, Sub-trip numbers

Table 12-2 Trip indications

able 12-2 Trip in Trip	Diagnosis
C.Acc	NV Media Card Write fail
185	The <i>C.Acc</i> trip indicates that the drive was unable to access the NV Media Card. If the trip occurs during the data transfer to the card then the file being written may be corrupted. If the trip occurs when the data being transferred to the drive then the data transfer may be incomplete. If a parameter file is transferred to the drive and this trip occurs during the transfer, the parameters are not saved to non-volatile memory, and so the original parameters can be restored by powering the drive down and up again.
	Recommended actions: Check NV Media Card is installed / located correctly Replace the NV Media Card
C.by	NV Media Card cannot be accessed as it is being accessed by an option module
178	The <i>C.by</i> trip indicates that an attempt has been made to access a file on NV Media Card, but the NV Media Card is already being accessed by an Option Module. No data is transferred.
	Recommended actions:
	Wait for the option module to finish accessing the NV Media Card and re-attempt the required function
C.cPr	NV Media Card file/data is different to the one in the drive
	A compare has been carried out between a file on the NV Media Card and the drive, a <i>C.cPr</i> trip is initiated if the parameters on the NV Media Card are different to the drive.
188	Recommended actions:
	Set Pr 00 to 0 and reset the trip
	Check to ensure the correct data block on the NV Media Card has been used for the compare
C.d.E	NV Media Card data location already contains data
	The C.d.E trip indicates that an attempt has been made to store data on a NV Media Card in a data block which already contains data.
179	Recommended actions:
	Erase the data in data location
	Write data to an alternative data location
C.dAt	NV Media Card data not found
	The C.dAt trip indicates that an attempt has been made to access a non-existent file on the NV Media Card.
	No data is transferred.
183	Recommended actions:
	Ensure data file number is correct
C.Err	NV Media Card data structure error
	The C. Err trip indicates that an attempt has been made to access the NV Media Card but an error has been detected in the
	data structure on the card. Resetting the trip will cause the drive to erase and create the correct folder structure. On an SD
	card, whilst this trip is present, missing directories will be created and if the header file is missing it will be created. The
	cause of the trip can be identified by the sub-trip.
	Sub-trip Reason
400	1 The required folder and file structure is not present
182	2 The 000.DAT file is corrupted
	Two or more files in the <mcdf\> folder have the same file identification number</mcdf\>
	Recommended actions:
	Erase all the data block and re-attempt the process
	Ensure the card is located correctly
	Replace the NV Media Card
C.Ful	NV Media Card full
	The C.Ful trip indicates that an attempt has been made to create a data block on a NV Media Card, but there is not enough space left on the card. No data is transferred.
184	Recommended actions:
	Delete a data block or the entire NV Media Card to create space
	Use a different NV Media Card

Safety Product information	Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Basic parameters Running the motor Optimization Optimization NV Media Card Onboard PLC Advanced parameters Diagnostics UL Listing
Trip	Diagnosis
C.OPt	NV Media Card trip; option module installed is different between source drive and destination drive
180	The <i>C.OPt</i> trip indicates that parameter data is being transferred from the NV Media Card to the drive, but the option module category is different between the source and destination drives. This trip does not stop the data transfer, but is a warning that the data for the option module that is different will be set to the default values and not the values from the card. This trip also applies if a compare is performed between the data block on the card and the drive, and the option module fitted is different between the source and target. Recommended actions: Ensure the correct option module is installed. Press the red reset button to acknowledge that the parameters for the option module installed will be at their default values This trip can be suppressed by setting Pr 00 to 9666 and resetting the drive.
C.Pr	NV Media Card data blocks are not compatible with the drive derivative
	The <i>C.Pr</i> trip is initiated either at power-up or when the card is accessed, If <i>Drive Derivative</i> (11.028) or <i>Product Type</i> (11.063) are different between the source and target drives. This trip can be reset and data can be transferred in either direction between the drive and the card.
	Sub-trip Reason
175	If <i>Drive Derivative</i> (11.028) is different between the source and target drives. This trip is initiated either at power-up or when the SD card is accessed. This trip can be reset and data can be transferred in either direction between the drive and the card.
	If <i>Product Type</i> (11.063) is different between the source and target drives or the file is corrupted or incompatible. This trip is initiated either at power-up or when the SD card is accessed. This trip can be reset but no data are transferred in either direction between the drive and the card.
	Recommended actions:
	Use a different NV Media Card
	 This trip can be suppressed by setting Pr 00 to 9666 and resetting the drive Choose a file compatible between the source and target drives, if sub-trip 2.
C.rdo	NV Media Card has the Read Only bit set
181	The <i>C.rdo</i> trip indicates that an attempt has been made to modify data on a read-only NV Media Card or to modify a read-only data block. A NV Media Card is read-only if the read-only flag has been set. Recommended actions:
	Clear the read only flag by setting Pr 00 to 9777 and reset the drive. This will clear the read-only flag for all data blocks in the NV Media Card
C.rtg	NV Media Card Trip; The voltage and / or current rating of the source and destination drives are different
186	The <i>C.rtg</i> trip indicates that parameter data is being transferred from the NV Media Card to the drive, but the current and / or voltage ratings are different between source and destination drives. This trip also applies if a compare (using Pr mm.000 set to 8yyy) is performed between the data block on a NV Media Card and the drive. The <i>C.rtg</i> trip does not stop the data transfer but is a warning that rating specific parameters with the RA attribute may not be transferred to the destination drive.
	Recommended actions:
	 Reset the drive to clear the trip Ensure that the drive rating dependent parameters have transferred correctly This trip can be suppressed by setting Pr 00 to 9666 and resetting the drive.
C.SL	NV Media Card trip; Option module file transfer has failed
174	The <i>C.SL</i> trip is initiated, if the transfer of an option module file to or from a module failed because the option module does not respond correctly. If this happens this trip is produced with the sub-trip number indicating the option module slot number.
C.tyP	NV Media Card parameter set not compatible with current drive mode
	The <i>C.tyP</i> trip is produced during a compare if the drive mode in the data block on the NV Media Card is different from the current drive mode. This trip is also produced if an attempt is made to transfer parameters from a NV Media Card to the drive if the operating mode in the data block is outside the allowed range of operating modes, for the target drive.
187	Recommended actions:
	 Ensure the destination drive supports the drive operating mode in the parameter file. Clear the value in Pr 00 and reset the drive Ensure destination drive operating mode is the same as the source parameter file
•	

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing
Т	rip						Diagn	osis				
cl	A1	Analog	input 1 cu	rrent los	S							
:	28	20-4 mA Recomi Che Che		is of input tions: viring is overing is u log Input	t is detected orrect ndamaged 1 Mode (07	d if the cur	rent falls bel		n Analog inp	ut 1 (Termii	nal 2). In 4-20	mA and
С	L.bt		tiated from	-								
:	35	On). Recomi Che Disa	mended aceck the value able the con Bit 12 of the	tions: e of Pr 06 e control	5.042. in <i>Control</i> word set to	<i>Word Ena</i> a one cau	<i>ble</i> (Pr 06.04 ises the drive	I3) e to trip on C			s enabled (Pr	06.043 =
С	ur.c	Current	t calibratio	n range								
2	231	Recomi	calibration mended ac dware fault	tions:		er of the di	rive.					
C	ur.O		t feedback									
2	225	Recomi	mended ac	tions: re is no p	ossibility of	f current fl			es of the drive	e when the	drive is not e	nabled
d	.Ch	Drive pa	arameters	are being	changed							
	97	enable, The use memory transfer drive is Recomi	i.e. Drive A er actions the card to the is writing a active, and mended ac ure the driv Loading de Changing of	ctive (10. at change drive. The paramete so the tri tions: e is not e faults lrive mod	002) = 1. e drive para ne file syste er or macro o only occu nabled whe	ameters ar em actions file to the rs if the ac	e loading de that will cau drive. It sho ction is starte	faults, chang se this trip to uld be noted	ning drive mo be initiated that none of he drive is er	de, or trans if the drive these actio	s been comm ferring data fr is enabled du ns can be sta	rom an NV ring the
			Transferring									
d	cct		ference out					4mi.a				
1	110	Recomi	n-trip numbe mended ac dware fault	tions:			caused the	trip.				
dl	Er.E	Derivati	ive file erro	or								
		Derivativ	ve file error	with sub-	trips:							
		Sub	-trip		Reas	on			С	omments		
		1	1 The	e derivati	ve file is mi	ssing or is			the drive po		oad valid deriv	ative file
2	246	2	cor	ntrol boar	ve file does d hardware	•	1	matching the	control boar	d hardware		ative file
		3	1		ve file has I fferent deriv				the drive po . The file tas			

Recommended actions:

Contact the supplier of the drive

,		Unnoam PLC													
Trip						Diagno	osis								
dEr.l	The dEr.I identified I	trip indica	tes that a	an error has	s been det	ected in the d	lerivative p	roduct image.	The reasor	n for the trip ca	an be				
	Sub-trip			R	eason				Comme	ents					
	1	Divide by	y zero												
	2	Undefine	•												
	3	paramete	•	rameter acc	ess set-up	with non-exist	ent								
	4	Attempte	ed access	to non-exis	tent param	eter									
	5	Attempte	ed write to	read-only p	parameter										
	6	Attempte	ed an ove	r-range write	e 										
	7				•										
	30	Attempted read from write-only parameter The image has failed because either its CRC is incorrect, or there are less than 6 bytes in the image or the image header version is less than 5 The image requires more RAM for heap and stack than can be provided by the drive. The image requires an OS function call that is higher than the maximum allowed. The ID code within the image is not valid As 30 The derivative image has been changed for an image with a different derivative number Reduce code in timed task for power down reports.													
248	31														
	32														
	33							As 30							
	34			-	n changed	for an image v	with a	As 30							
	40			is not compl	eted in time	and has bee			n timed task	or power dowr	n repeat				
	41			n called, i.e. las not beer		in the host sys	stem	As 40							
	51	Core me	nu custoi	mization tab	le CRC che	ck failed		As 30							
	52	Customiz	zable me	nu table CR	C check fai	led		As 30							
	53	Customiz	zable me	nu table cha	nged			Occurs when the programmed a are loaded for the contraction of the co	nd the table the derivative	has changed. e menu and the	Defaults e trip will				
	61	The option		e installed ir	n slot 1 is n	ot allowed with	n the	As 30							
	80	Image is	not comp	oatible with	the control	board		Initiated from w	vithin the ima	age code					
	81	Image is	not comp	oatible with	the control	board serial n	umber	As 80							
	• Conta	ended ac		he drive											
dESt		•				ne destinatio									
199	writing to	the same	paramet		parameter	s of two or m	ore functio	ns (Menus 7,	8, 9, 12 or 1	(14) within the	drive are				
	• Set Pr			001 and ch	eck all visi	ole paramete	rs in all me	nus for param	eter write c	onflicts.					

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing		
1	Ггір						Diagno	osis						
d	r.CF	Drive co	onfiguratio	n										
		The hard	dware ID d	oes not m	natch the us	er softwar	e ID.							
		Sub-t	•					Reason						
		1				ot match th	e user softwa	are ID (size	5 upwards o	nly).				
2	232	2		id hardwa				15 (0)						
		3	The	hardware	e ID does no	ot match th	e user softwa	are ID (Size	1-4)					
		Recomm	nended ac	tions:										
		• Hard	dware fault	- Contac	t the supplie	er of the dr	rive							
E	EF	Default	parameter	s have b	een loaded	t								
			trip indica trip numbe		lefault parai	meters hav	e been loade	ed. The exac	ct cause/reas	son of the trip	can be ide	ntified from		
		Sub-t	rip					Reason						
		1	The	most sigr	nificant digit	of the inte	rnal paramet	er database	version nun	nber has cha	nged			
		2	of pa	rameters	cannot be	loaded	r data stored							
		3					nal non-volati ow the previo			allowed ran	ge for the p	roduct		
		4			ivative imag									
				•	age hardwa	re has cha	inged							
			The power stage hardware has changed Reserved Reserved The control board hardware has changed The checksum on the non-parameter area of the EEPROM has failed drive holds two banks of user save parameters and two banks of power down save parameters in non-volatile metalst bank of either set of parameters that was saved is corrupted a U.S or Pd.S trip is produced. If one of these rest the parameters values that were last saved successfully are used. It can take some time to save parameters or											
	31		8 The control board hardware has changed 9 The checksum on the non-parameter area of the EEPROM has failed drive holds two banks of user save parameters and two banks of power down save parameters in non-v											
		If the las occurs the requester	t bank of e he parame	ither set of ters value ser and if	of paramete s that were	ers that wa	s saved is co	orrupted a U. y are used. I	S or Pd.S tri	p is produce ome time to s	d. If one of t save parame	these trips eters when		
		condition has been	ns given in n saved pre	the table eviously,	above occu and so the	urs EEF.xx drive will b	nks of power of the control of the c	uced. If this to default para	trip occurs it ameters. The	is not possib trip can only	ole to use the	e data that		
		Recomn	nended ac	tions:										
		• Allov	w sufficient	time to p	rform a reso erform a sa n drive to so	ve before	the supply to	the drive is	removed					
	Et		rnal trip is			аррист								
		An <i>Et</i> tri	p has occu	rred. The	cause of th		be identified by writing a v			r displayed a	fter the trip	string. See		
		Sub-t	rip					Reason						
		3	Exte	rnal Trip	(10.032) = 1	1								
	6	Recomm	nended ac	tions:										
		• Che	ck the valu	e of Pr 1 0	0.032.									
							eck for a para			032.				
F/	An.F	Fan fail												
		-			il 10 s after	the trip wa	as initiated.							
1 .	173		nended ac											
	113				s installed a s not obstru		ted correctly.							
					of the drive		e the fan.							
F	i.Ch	File cha		• • •		•								
	247	Recomm	nended ad	tions:										
	- →1	• F	Power cycle	the drive	Э.									

Safety Product information		trical Getting Basic llation started parameters	Running the motor Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC Advanced parameter		UL Listing
Trip			Diagno	osis			
Fl.ln	Firmware inc	compatibility					
	The FI.In trip	indicates that the user firm	ware is incompatible w	ith the powe	er firmware.		
237	Recommend	ed actions:					
	Re-program to	he drive with the latest ver	sion of the drive firmwa	re for the U	nidrive M300, using Ui	nidrive M Conne	ect.
HF01	Data process	sing error: CPU hardware	e fault		<u> </u>		
		indicates that a CPU add		l. This trip in	dicates that the contro	I PCB on the d	rive has
		fault – Contact the suppli	er of the drive				
HF02	1	sing error: CPU memory					
111 02	•	indicates that a DMAC ac		ed This trip	indicates that the conf	rol PCB on the	drive has
	failed.	indicates that a bit to ac	aross sirei nas sesam	ou. Trilo trip		.0.1 02 01. 110	anvo nao
	Recommend	ed actions:					
		fault - Contact the suppli	er of the drive				
HF03		sing error: CPU has dete					
	•	indicates that a bus fault ha		cates that the	e control PCB on the dri	ve has failed.	
	Recommend						
	Hardware	fault - Contact the suppli	er of the drive				
HF04		sing error: CPU has dete					
		indicates that a usage fac		p indicates t	hat the control PCB or	the drive has	failed.
	Recommend	ed actions:					
	Hardware	e fault - Contact the suppli	er of the drive				
HF05	Reserved	Taut Contact the Suppli	er or the drive				
111 00	Reserved						-
HF06	Reserved						
HF07	Data process	sing error: Watchdog fail	ure				
	The HF07 trip	indicates that a watchdog	failure has occurred. T	his trip indic	ates that the control Pe	CB on the drive	has failed
	Recommend	ed actions:					
	Hardware	fault - Contact the suppli	er of the drive				
HF08		sing error: CPU Interrupt					
	-	indicates that a CPU inte		d. This trip i	ndicates that the contr	ol PCB on the	drive has
		ash level is indicated by th					
	Recommend	ed actions:					
	Hardware	fault - Contact the suppli	er of the drive				
HF09	1	sing error: Free store over					
	The <i>HF09</i> trip failed.	indicates that a free store		. This trip in	dicates that the contro	I PCB on the dr	ive has
	Recommend	ed actions:					
	 Hardware 	fault – Contact the suppli	er of the drive				
HF10	Reserved						
HF11	-	sing error: Non-volatile n	=				•
		indicates that a non-volat failed. The crash level is in			red. This trip indicates	that the contro	I PCB on
	Sub-trip	Rea	son		Recommended	action	
	1	Non-volatile memory con	nms error.	Hardwar	e fault – contact the su	pplier of the dr	ive.
	2	EEPROM size is incomp firmware.			am drive with compati		
		.1					

Safety information			Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing				
1	Ггір						Diagno	osis								
	F12	Data proc	cessing e	rror: Mai	n program	stack ov	_									
		The HF12	trip indica	ates that	the main p	rogram sta			d. The stack	can be ider	ntified by the s	sub-trip				
		Sub	-trip					Reason								
		1	1	Derivati	ve backgro	und stack	overflow									
		2	2	Derivati	ve timed st	ack overflo	DW .									
		3	3	Main sy	stem interr	upt stack o	overflow									
		4	4	Main sy	stem backo	ground sta	ck overflow									
		Recomme	ended act	tions:												
				 Contac 	t the suppli	er of the d	rive									
	F13	Reserved	ı													
Н	F14	Reserved	d													
	-4-															
H	F15	Reserved	1													
Ц	F16	Data proc	rossina o	rror: PT	ns arror											
	F 10	•				ror has oc	curred This t	rin indicates	that the con	trol PCB on	the drive has	failed				
					41110001	101 1100 00	ourrou. Triio t	iip iiidiodioo	that the con		i tilo dilvo ildo	ranoa.				
					t the sunnli	er of the d	rive									
Н	F17	Reserved		Oontac	т по заррп	ci oi tiic u	TIVC									
		110001100	a processing error: Internal flash memory has failed HF18 trip indicates that the internal flash memory has failed when writing option module parameter data. The reason													
Н	F18	Data proc	processing error: Internal flash memory has failed													
		Sub-trip	р				Reaso	n								
		1	_	_	error while v	-										
		2				-	nenus failed									
		3	Erase	flash blo	ck containi	ng applica	tion menus fa	ailed								
		Recomme														
	E40				supplier of		baa fail	- al								
Ī	F19	•					ware has fail		1 The drive is	e now in ite	bootloader mo	nde and is				
			•								paded, the driv					
		Recomme	ended act	ions:												
			-		th latest co	•	ower firmwar ive	e using Unio	drive M Conr	nect.						
Н	F23	Hardware														
		Recomme														
			•	-	t the suppli		rive.									
lt	.Ac	_			med out (l ²	-										
		Constant (on It.AC w	Pr 04.015 vhen Pr 04	5). Pr 04. I .019 get		s the moto			•	,	d <i>Motor Therr</i> value. The dri					
	20	Recomme														
		CheckTune t	k the load the motor	on the m	s not jammed / sticking n the motor has not changed ated speed parameter (Pr 05.008) (RFC-A mode only) rated current is not zero											
L																

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing				
1	Ггір						Diagn	osis								
li	t.br	Braking	resistor o	verload	timed out	(l ² t)										
	19	(10.039) Braking reaches Recomr • Ensi • Che • If an	is calculated in the calculate	ed using desistance ctions: ues enter value and	Braking Re e (10.061). ed in Pr 10 d power rat otection de	sistor Rate The It.br tri .030, Pr 10 ing. vice is beir	ed Power (10. ip is initiated	030), <i>Brakir</i> when the <i>Br</i> 10.061 are of the braking of the braking of the state of the state of the braking of the state of the state of the braking of the state of the s	ng Resistor Ti raking Resiste correct. resistor softw	nermal Tim or Thermal	Thermal Accur e Constant (10 Accumulator (0.031) and (10.039)				
L	F.Er	Commu	nication h	as been	lost / erroi	rs detecte	d between p	ower, contr	ol and rectif	ier module	s					
			nication err		been detec				or the rectifier identified by t							
		Control														
		system	00		0 01:	: No comm	unications be	etween the o	control syster	n and the p	ower system.					
	90	Control system	00 02: Excessive communication errors between the control system and power system. 01 1 00: Excessive communications errors detected by the rectifier module. mended actions: dware fault - contact the supplier of the drive.													
		Power system	m 00: Excessive communications errors detected by the rectifier module. mmended actions:													
			ommended actions: Hardware fault - contact the supplier of the drive.													
no	o.PS	No pow	Hardware fault - contact the supplier of the drive. power board													
		No com	o communication between the power and control boards.													
2	236		<mark>mended ac</mark> dware fault		the supplie	er of the dr	ive.									
0	.Ld1	Digital o	output ove	rload												
		This trip	indicates t	hat the to	tal current	drawn fron	n the Al Adap	otor 24 V or	from the digit	al output ha	as exceeded t	he limit.				
		Sub	-trip				R	eason								
		1	l Di	gital outp	ut or 24 V s	supply load	on control to	erminal is to	o high.							
	26	2	2 AI	Adaptor	24 V load is	s too high						_				
	20	Danama		4:												
			mended ac			10414										
			ck total loa	_	ital outputs	and 24 V										
				Ū	ndamaged											
0.	.SPd	Motor fr	requency l	nas exce	eded the o	ver freque	ency thresh	old								
	7	(03.008) Over Fre	in either dequency Th	irection, a	an O.SPd tı	rip is produ 3 in either o	iced. In RFC direction an 0	-A mode, if t	he <i>Estimated</i>	l Frequency	equency Thres (03.002) exc is set to 0.00 t	eeds the				
		RedCheRed	ck that a m uce <i>Currer</i>	equency (nechanica nt Control	al load is no ller Ki Gain	t driving m		0) to reduce	e the frequen	cy oversho	ot (RFC-A mo	de only)				
0	ht.C		Control stage over temperature This trip indicates that a control stage over-temperature has been detected if Cooling Fan control (06.045) = 0.													
2	219	This trip	causes the	e option n							06.045) = 0. 06) bit 1 to be	set.				
			mended ac													
		• Incre	ease ventil	ation by s	setting Cool	ing Fan co	ntrol (06.045	5) > 0.								

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started pa	Basic arameters	Running the motor	Optimiza	ition	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing
Т	rip						Di	agno	sis				
O	h.dc	DC bus	over temp	erature									
		thermal and DC reaches	protection s bus ripple.	ystem to pr The estima an <i>Oh.dc</i>	otect the ted tempo trip is init	DC bus c erature is iated. The	omponer displayed	nts wir d as a	thin the driv	ve. This inclu ge of the trip I	des the effe evel in Pr 0	el. The drive ects of the out 1 7.035 . If this ng. If the moto	tput current parameter
		S	Source	xx	,	1	ZZ			Des	cription		
		Cont	rol system	00	2	2	00	DC	bus therma	al model give	s trip with s	ub-trip 0	
	27	• Che • Che • Red • Red • Che	Pr 05.011) - Disable slip Disable dyn Select fixed Select high Disconnect Reduce free	upply volta ripple level cle cad ut current s notor map s - (All Mode compensa amic V to F boost (Pr t stability spathe load ar quency loop	tability. If settings vs) tion (Pr 0 operation of the control of t	unstable; vith motor vis.027 = 0 on (Pr 05.0 Fixed) – (or modulate ete a rotate Pr 03.010,	namepla) – (Oper)13 = 0) - Open loo ion (Pr 0 ing auto-i Pr 03.01	n loop - (Ope pp) 5.019 tune (o) en loop) 0 = 1) – (Op (Pr 05.012)	pen loop)	05.008 , Pr	05.009 , Pr 05	5.010,
0	ht.l		r over temp								6 1	la a sera al sera a d'a	1.Th - 0/-4.1
					•							hermal mode emperature is	
		S	Source	XX	У	2	ZZ			Desc	ription		
		Cont	rol system	00	1	(00	Inve	erter therma	al model give	s {Oht.I} trip	with sub-trip	າ 100
	Recommended actions: Reduce the selected drive switching frequency Ensure Auto-switching Frequency Change Disable (05.035) is set to Off Reduce duty cycle Increase acceleration / deceleration rates												

- Reduce motor load
 Check DC bus ripple
 Ensure all three input phases are present and balanced

, ,	Mechanical Electrical installation		Basic Runr ameters the m		tion NV Media Card		Advanced parameters Diagnostics	UL Listing
Trip				Di	agnosis			
Oht.P	Power stage over t	emperature						
	location is identified	by 'zz'.		- Г	s been detected		trip 'xxyzz', the Therm	nistor
	Source	XX	у	ZZ			ription	
	Power system	01	0	ZZ	Thermistor loca	ation in the driv	ve defined by zz	
		e size		Trip ter	nperature (°C)	Tr	rip reset temperature	(°C)
	1	to 4			95		90	
		5			115		110	
	062	00XXX			115		110	
	064	00XXX			125		120	
22	065	00XXX			120		115	
OI.A1 189 OI.AC	Recommended act Check enclosure Force the heatsi Check enclosure Check enclosure Increase ventilat Reduce the drive Reduce duty cyc Increase accelet Use S-ramp (Pr Reduce motor lo Check the derat Use a drive with Analog input 1 ove Current input on ana Instantaneous outp The instantaneous of Recommended act Increase accelet If seen during at Check for short Check integrity of Is the motor cab	e / drive fans nk fans to ru e ventilation e door filters tion e switching f cle ration / dece 02.006) and ing tables ar larger curre r-current alog input 1 e put over cur rive output cle sest until 10 ions/checks ration/decele uto-tune redu circuit on the of the motor	n at maximum paths requency leration rates ad confirm the ent / power rate exceeds 24 m rent detecte current has exist after the trice; eration rate use the voltage output cablininsulation usi	e drive is corring A. d cceeded VM_ p was initiate pe boost ng ng an insulat	ectly sized for the DRIVE_CURRED d.			
					•	, 03.011 , 03.01	12) or (Pr 03.013, 03.0	14, 03.015)
	Reduce the value			•				
Ol.br	Braking IGBT over			-		-		n activated
	This trip cannot be r					i oi biaking iG	BT protection has bee	n activated.
	Recommended act		Sailei liie lii	p was ii iiliale	u.			
4	Check brake res							
	 Check braking residence Check braking residence 	esistor value	-	an or equal to	the minimum r	esistance value	е	
OI.SC	Output phase shor							
	Over-current detected		utput when e	nabled. Poss	ible motor earth	fault.		
	Recommended act	ions:						
228	Check for shortCheck integrity ofIs the motor cab	of the motor	insulation usi	ng an insulat				

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostics	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	ориниданон	Card	01.000.01.20	parameters	g	or rioung

Snubber over-current detected This trip indicates that an over-current condition has been detected in the rectifier snubbing circuit, The exact cause of the trip can be identified by the sub-trip number. Source | xx | y | zz | Power system | 01 | 1 | 00: Rectifier snubber over-current trip detected

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Trip

Recommended actions:

- Ensure the internal EMC filter is installed.
- · Ensure the motor cable length does not exceed the maximum for selected switching frequency.
- Check for supply voltage imbalance.
- Check for supply disturbance such as notching from a DC drive.
- Check the motor and motor cable insulation with an insulation tester.
- · Fit an output line reactor or sinusoidal filter.

Out.P

Output phase loss detected

The *Out.P* trip indicates that phase loss has been detected at the drive output. A test can be made for output phase loss when the drive is enabled or the output phase loss condition can be detected while the drive is running as defined by *Output Phase Loss Detection Enable* (06.059).

Diagnosis

Sub-trip	Reason
1	U phase detected as disconnected when drive enabled to run.
2	V phase detected as disconnected when drive enabled to run.
3	W phase detected as disconnected when drive enabled to run.
4	The drive output frequency is above 4 Hz and a phase is disconnected for the time specified by <i>Output Phase Loss Detection Time</i> (06.058).

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NOTE

If Pr **05.042** = 1, the physical output phases are reversed, and so sub-trip 3 refers to physical output phase V and sub-trip 2 refers to physical output phase W.

Recommended actions:

- Check motor and drive connections
- To disable the trip set Output Phase Loss Detection Enable (06.059) = 0

ΟV

DC bus voltage has exceeded the peak level or maximum continuous level for 15 seconds

The OV trip indicates that the DC bus voltage has exceeded the VM_DC_VOLTAGE[MAX] or

VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX] for 15 s. The trip threshold varies depending on voltage rating of the drive as shown below.

Voltage rating	VM_DC_VOLTAGE[MAX] Frame 1 to 4	VM_DC_VOLTAGE[MAX] Frame 5 to 9	VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX]
100	510	415	400
200	510	415	400
400	870	830	800
575	N/A	990	955
690	N/A	1190	1150

Sub-trip Identification

2

Source	xx	У	ZZ
Control system	00	0	01: Instantaneous trip when the DC bus voltage exceeds VM_DC_VOLTAGE[MAX].
Control system	00	0	02: Time delayed trip indicating that the DC bus voltage is above VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX].
Power system	01	0	00: Instantaneous trip when the DC bus voltage exceeds VM_DC_VOLTAGE[MAX].

Recommended actions:

- Increase deceleration ramp (Pr 04)
- · Decrease the braking resistor value (staying above the minimum value)
- Check nominal AC supply level
- Check for supply disturbances which could cause the DC bus to rise
- Check motor insulation using an insulation tester

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Gettir starte		Basic arameters	Running the motor Optimization NV Media Card Onboard PLC Advanced parameters Diagnostics UL Listing						
Т	Ггір		Diagnosis										
	.dAt	Power s	system co	nfigura	ation	data err	or	9					
		The P.d. generate	At trip indic	cates the	at the	ere is an	error in the	configuratio from the pow					
		So	urce	хх	у	ZZ				Description			
			l system	00	0		No data was obtained from the power board.						
		Contro	l system	00	0		There is no data table. The power system data table is bigger than the space available in the cont						ntrol nod
			l system	00	0	03	to store it.					ole ili tile col	nti oi pou
,	220		l system	00	0			the table giv	en in the tab	ole is incorred	ct.		
	220		system	00	0		Table CRC		J		- t	46 - 4 - 61 - 3 - 3	41
			l system	00	0			number of t				the table is	too low.
			system system	0 01	0			data table fa data table us				e an error	
								data table th					has an
		Power	system	01	0	UI I	error.	data table til	at io apioaat	ca to the con	a or oyotom c	ni powei up	nas an
		Power system 01 0 02 The power data table used internally by the power module.						er module do	es not mato	h the			
			mended a										
							ier of the d						
P	PAd							eceiving the					
			d trip indica d or discon				• •	node [<i>Refere</i>	nce Selecto	r(01.014) = 4	4 or 6] and th	ne keypad h	as been
	34		mended a										
· ·	•		nstall keyp			t							
			, ,				4) to select	the reference	e from anotl	her source			
P	b.bt	Power b	ooard is ir	ı bootle	oade	r mode							
		Power b	oard is in	bootloa	der n	node							
2	245		mended a										
			-					the power bo				wer cycle d	rive.
Pl	b.Er							between co					
								tions betwee d by the sub-		i board proce	essor and the	e power boa	ra
		Sub-	trip	rip Reason									
		1	PL	L oper	ating	region o	ut of lock						
	93	2	Po	ower bo	ard lo	ost comr	nunication	with user boa	ard				
		3						ith power boa	ard				
		4	Co	ommun	icatio	n CRC e	error						
		Recomi	mended a	ctions:									
						he sunnl	ier of the d	rive					
Pk	o.HF		oard HF	. 5011		. С Саррі	. 5. 51 till U						
				nardwai	re fau	It. The s	ub-trip num	ber is the HF	code.				
,	235	Recomi	mended a	ctions:									
	233	• Hard	Hardware fault - Contact the supplier of the drive										
Р	d.S	Power	down save	error									
		The Pd.	S trip indic	ates th	at an	error ha	s been det	ected in the p	ower down	save parame	eters saved in	n non-volatil	e memory.
;	37	Recom	mended a	ections	:								
		• Perf	Perform a 1001 save in Pr 00 to ensure that the trip doesn't occur the next time the drive is powered up.										

Safe inform		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing
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The PH.Lo trip indicates that the drive has detected an input phase loss or large supply imbalance. The drive will attempt to stop the motor before this trip is initiated. If the motor cannot be stopped in 10 seconds the trip occurs immediately. The PH.Lo trip works by monitoring the ripple voltage on the DC bus of the drive, if the DC bus ripple exceeds the threshold, the drive will trip on PH.Lo. Potential causes of the DC bus ripple are input phase loss, Large supply impedance and severe output current instability.

 Source
 xx
 y
 zz

 Control system
 00
 0 : Phase loss detected based on control system feedback. The drive attempts to stop the drive before tripping unless bit 2 of Action On Trip Detection (10.037) is set to one.

 Power system
 01
 0
 00: Phase loss has been detected by the rectifier module.

Diagnosis

Input phase loss detection can be disabled when the drive is required to operate from the DC supply or from a single phase supply in *Input Phase Loss Detection Mode* (06.047).

Recommended actions:

- · Check the AC supply voltage balance and level at full load
- Check the DC bus ripple level with an isolated oscilloscope
- Check the output current stability
- · Check for mechanical resonance with the load
- Reduce the duty cycle
- Reduce the motor load
- Disable the phase loss detection, set Pr 06.047 to 2.

PSU

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Trip

Internal power supply fault

The PSU trip indicates that one or more internal power supply rails are outside limits or overloaded.

 Source
 xx
 y
 zz
 Description

 Control system
 00
 0

 Power system
 01
 1

Internal power supply overload.

Recommended actions:

- Remove the option module and perform a reset
- There is a hardware fault within the drive return the drive to the supplier

r.All

5

AM allocation error

The *r.All* trip indicates that an option module derivative image has requested more parameter RAM than is allowed. The RAM allocation is checked in order of resulting sub-trip numbers, and so the failure with the highest sub-trip number is given. The sub-trip is calculated as (parameter size) + (parameter type) + sub-array number.

Parameter size	Value
1 bit	1
8 bit	2
16 bit	3
32 bit	4
64 bit	5

Parameter type	Value
Volatile	0
User save	1
Power-down save	2

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Derivatives can customize menus 18 and 20.

Sub-array	Menus	Value
Applications menus	18-20	1
Derivative image	29	2
Option slot 1 set-up	15	4
Option slot 1 applications	25	5

0.64	5		- · · ·	0 "			1		1			
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing
_		1							•			
Tr	•		Diagnosis									
r.b	.ht		tifier/brake									
		Over-ter	mperature o	detected of	on input red	tifier or bra	aking IGBT.					
25	50	Recomi	mended ac	tion:								
		• Incr	ease ventila	ation by s	etting Cool	ing Fan Co	ontrol (06.045	5) > 0.				
Rese	erved	Reserve	ed trips									
0	1	These to	ip numbers	are rese	rved trip nu	ımbers for	future use.					
0			Trip Nun	nber			Descript	tion				
1 14 -	2	01, 09,	12, 14-17,	23, 29, 3	8, 39 Res	erved rese	ttable trip					
23.			91. 94 -9	6. 99	Res	erved rese	ttable trip					
38 -			101 - 109	-,		Reserved resettable trip						
	4 - 96	1	168 - 172, 1	,		Reserved resettable trip						
9 101 -	9 - 109		190 – 1	98	Res	erved rese	ttable trip					
11	11		205 - 2	17	Res	erved rese	ttable trip					
	- 172		222 - 2	24	Res	erved non-	resettable tri	р				
_	- 177 - 198		229 - 230, 233 Reserved non-resettable trip									
205 -	- 217		238 - 244, 249 Reserved non-resettable trip									
	- 224		251 - 254 Reserved non-resettable trip									
	30, 233 - 244											
	- 2 49											
251 -	- 254											

Measured resistance has exceeded the parameter range

The rS trip indicates that the measured stator resistance of the motor during an auto-tune test has exceeded the maximum possible value of Stator Resistance (05.017).

If the measured value or a value written to this parameter by the user exceeds ($V_{FS}/\sqrt{2}$) / Full Scale Current Kc (11.061), where V_{FS} is the full scale DC bus voltage then this trip is initiated.

The stationary auto-tune is initiated using the auto-tune function (Pr **05.012**) or in open loop vector mode (Pr **05.014**) on the first run command after power up in mode 4 (Ur_l) or on every run command in modes 0 (Ur_S) or 3 (Ur_Auto). This trip can occur if the motor is very small in comparison to the rating of the drive.

If the value is the result of a measurement made by the drive then sub-trip 0 is applied, or if it is because the parameter has been changed by the user then sub-trip 3 is applied. During the stator resistance section of auto-tuning an additional test is performed to measure the drive inverter characteristics to provide the compensation necessary for dead-times. If the inverter characteristic measurement fails then sub-trip 2 is applied.

The reason for the trip can be identified by the sub-trip number.

Sub-trip	Reason
0	Stator resistance (5.017/21.012) is greater than (V_{FS} / $\sqrt{2}$) / Full Scale Current Kc (11.061), where V_{FS} is the full scale d.c. bus voltage; or the result is = 100 ohms.
2	The measured Transient Inductance (5.024/21.014) is greater than 500 mH or the measured Stator Inductance (05.025/21.024) is greater than 5000 mH.
3	A resistance value entered by the user is greater than $(V_{FS} / \sqrt{2}) / Full Scale Current Kc (11.061)$, where V_{FS} is the full scale d.c. bus voltage. Clear this trip by setting Stator Resistance (05.017) to a value that is in range and resetting the drive.
4	The measured stator resistance is not greater than the sub-trip 0 check but is outside the firmware usable range for this drive size.

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rS

Recommended actions:

- Ensure the stator resistance of the motor falls within the range of the drive model. The most likely cause of this trip is trying to measure a motor much smaller than the drive rating. Ratio's of drive size to motor size of greater than 15:1 are likely to lead to a problem.
- Check that a value has not been entered in the stator resistance for the presently selected motor map that exceeds the allowed range.
- · Check the motor cable / connections
- Check the integrity of the motor stator winding using an insulation tester
- Check the motor phase to phase resistance at the drive terminals
- Check the motor phase to phase resistance at the motor terminals
- Ensure the stator resistance of the motor falls within the range of the drive model
- Select fixed boost mode (Pr 05.014 = Fd) and verify the output current waveforms with an oscilloscope
- Replace the motor

Trip		Diagnosis										
SCL	Control wor	rd watchdog has timed out										
	The SCL trip	o indicates that the control word has been enabled and has timed out.										
	Recommen	ded actions:										
30		06.042 bit 14 has been changed from 0 to 1 to enable the watchdog, this must be repeated every 1s or a										
	trip will be in reset.	nitiated. The watchdog is disabled when the trip occurs and must be re-enabled if required when the trip is										
SL.dF		dule in option slot 1 has changed										
		rip indicates that the option module in option slot 1 on the drive is a different type to that installed when										
		were last saved on the drive. The reason for the trip can be identified by the sub-trip number.										
	Sub-trip	Reason										
	1	No module was installed previously										
	2	A module with the same identifier is installed, but the set-up menu for this option slot has been										
		changed, and so default parameters have been loaded for this menu. A module with the same identifier is installed, but the applications menu for this option slot has been										
204	3	changed, and so default parameters have been loaded for this menu.										
	4	A module with the same identifier is installed, but the set-up and applications menu for this option slot have been changed, and so default parameters have been loaded for these menus.										
	>99	Shows the identifier of the module previously installed.										
	Recommended actions:											
		the power, ensure the correct option module is installed in the option slot and re-apply the power.										
		that the currently installed option module is correct, ensure option module parameters are set correctly are										
		perform a user save in Pr mm.000.										
SL.Er	•	Option module in option slot 1 has detected a fault										
		ip indicates that the option module in option slot 1 on the drive has detected an error. The reason for the ϵ										
	is possible for the option module to supply sub-trip number strings which will be displayed instead of the number it available.											
202												
		ded actions:										
SI HE	See rele	evant option module User Guide for details of the trip										
SL.HF	See rele Option mod											
SL.HF	See rele Option mod	evant option module User Guide for details of the trip										
SL.HF	• See rele Option mod The SL.HF t Sub-trip	evant option module User Guide for details of the trip dule 1 hardware fault trip is generated by the drive. The possible causes of the trip can be identified by the sub-trip number. Reason										
SL.HF	• See rele Option mod The SL.HF t Sub-trip 1	evant option module User Guide for details of the trip dule 1 hardware fault trip is generated by the drive. The possible causes of the trip can be identified by the sub-trip number. Reason The module category cannot be identified										
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SL.HF	• See rele Option moo The SL.HF t Sub-trip 1 2 3 4 5 6	evant option module User Guide for details of the trip Gule 1 hardware fault trip is generated by the drive. The possible causes of the trip can be identified by the sub-trip number. Reason The module category cannot be identified All the required customized menu table information has not been supplied or the tables supplied are corruptere is insufficient memory available to allocate the comms buffers for this module The module has not indicated that it is running correctly during drive power-up Module has been removed after power-up or it has stopped working The module has not indicated that it has stopped accessing drive parameters during a drive mode change										
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200 SL.nF	• See rele Option mod The SL.HF to Sub-trip 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Recommen • Ensure to • Replace • Replace • Replace The SL.nF to The sub-trip	evant option module User Guide for details of the trip dule 1 hardware fault trip is generated by the drive. The possible causes of the trip can be identified by the sub-trip number. Reason The module category cannot be identified All the required customized menu table information has not been supplied or the tables supplied are corrunters is insufficient memory available to allocate the comms buffers for this module The module has not indicated that it is running correctly during drive power-up Module has been removed after power-up or it has stopped working The module has not indicated that it has stopped accessing drive parameters during a drive mode change The module has failed to acknowledge that a request has been made to reset the drive processor The drive failed to read correctly the menu table from the module during drive power-up. The drive failed to upload menu tables from the module and timed-out (5s). Menu table CRC invalid. Idea actions: the option module is installed correctly the option module the drive										
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Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters Diagnostic	cs UL Listing		
Т	Ггір						Diagno	osis					
	L.tO	Option	module wa	tchdog f	unction se	rvice erro	_						
						nodule ins	talled in Slot	1 has started	the option v	vatchdog function and	then failed to		
2	201		the watchdo	-	tly.								
_	-0.		mended ac										
			lace the op										
5	o.St		rt relay fai		-			d to alage a	r the coft sta	rt monitoring circuit ha	an failed		
			•			•	trip number.	u to close o	i the soit sta	it monitoring circuit na	is falled.		
			Sub-trip			F	Reason						
2	226		1		t-start failur								
			2 DC bus capacitor failure on 110 V drive (size 2 only)										
		Recomi	mended ac	tions:									
		• Har	Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive										
St	t.HF		re trip has										
		The St.F	HF trip indic	ates that	a hardware	trip (HF01	-HF18) has	occurred an	d the drive h	as been power cycled	. The sub-trip		
١,	204	number	umber identifies the HF trip.										
	221	Recomi	Recommended actions:										
		• Ente	Enter 1299 in Pr 00 and press reset to clear the trip Safe Torque Off board fitted										
5	Sto	No Safe	e Torque O	ff board	fitted								
		STO box	ard not fitte	d correctl	y.								
2	234	Recomi	Recommended actions:										
			Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive										
	th	Motor t	Motor thermistor over-temperature										
		The <i>th</i> trip indicates that the motor thermistor connected to terminal 14 (digital input 5) on the control connections											
indicated a motor over temperature. If digital input 5 mode (higher than <i>Thermistor Trip Threshold</i> (07.048).								035) IS 2 the	en a <i>tn</i> trip is	initiated if the feedba	ck value is		
	24	_	mended ac	•	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	07.010).							
			Check motor temperature										
			ck threshol										
			ck thermist										
ti	n.br		esistor ove						.,				
							-		-	nnected and the resist			
			If the braking resistor is not used, then this trip must be disabled with bit 3 of Action <i>On Trip Detection</i> (10.037) to prevent this trip.										
	10	Recomi	Recommended actions:										
		• Che	Check brake resistor wiring										
						iter than o	r equal to the	minimum re	esistance val	ue			
f)-	l.Fb		ck braking thermisto										
						thermistor	has failed in	the drive (i.e	e. open circu	it or short circuit). The	e thermistor		
			can be ide							,.			
		Sou	urce		xx		у			zz			
2	218	Power	system		01		0	Thermisto	r location de	fined by zz			
		Power	system		01		1	Thermisto	r location de	fined by zz in the rect	ifier.		
		Pacami	mended ac	tions:				1					
			dware fault		t the cuppli	er of the d	rivo						
f	:hS		hermistor :			er or the u	IIVC						
						rmistor cor	nected to ter	minal 14 (di	gital input 5)	on the control connec	tions, is short		
			r low imped					. (5 [, : :		
	25	Recomi	mended ac	tions:									
			ck thermist		•								
		• Rep	lace motor	/ motor th	nermistor								

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing	
1	Ггір						Diagn	osis					
tı	un.S	Autotur	ne test sto _l	ped bef	ore compl	etion							
		The driv	e was prev	ented fro	m completi	ng an auto	tune test, be	cause either	the drive en	able or the	drive run were	e removed.	
		Recomi	Recommended actions:										
	18	• Che	Check the drive enable signal (Terminal 31 & 34 on size 1 to 4 or terminals 31 & 35 on size 5 to 9) were active during										
			autotune.										
							input 3 or 4 s	tate (Pr 08.0	003 or Pr 08.	004) during	the autotune	-	
tı	un.1	•	ed speed c										
	The drive has tripped during an autotune. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub-trip number.												
		Sub	-trip					Reason					
	11	2	2 Th	e motor o	lid not reac	h the requ	ired speed d	uring rotating	g autotune or	mechanica	al load measu	rement	
	**	Recommended actions:											
		Ensure the motor is free to turn i.e. mechanical brake is released											
		_	Ensure Mechanical Load Test Level (05.021) is set correctly										
tı	un.3	Measur	Measured inertia has exceeded the parameter range (RFC-A mode only)										
		The driv	e has trippe	ed during	a rotating a	autotune o	r mechanical	load measu	rement test.	The cause	of the trip car	n be	
		identified from the associated sub-trip number.											
		Sub	ub-trip Reason										
	13		1 Me	Measured inertia has exceeded the parameter range during a mechanical load measurement									
		3	The mechanical load test has been unable to identify the motor inertia										
		Recomi	Recommended actions:										
		Check motor cable wiring is correct											
Į	J.OI	User Ol											
	8	A U.OI t	rip is initiate	ed if the o	utput curre	nt of the d	rive exceeds	the trip leve	el set by User	Over Curr	ent Trip Level	(04.041).	
Į	U.S	User Sa	ve error /	not com	oleted								
		The U.S	trip indicat	es that a	n error has	been dete	cted in the us	ser save par	ameters save	ed in non-v	olatile memor	y. For	
			e, following	a user sa	ive comma	nd, If the p	ower to the o	Irive was rer	moved when	the user pa	rameters wer	e being	
	36	saved.											
			mended ac										
							•		ext time the		•		
	DC						piete the sav	e before ren	noving the po	ower to the	arive.		
U	P.uS		nerated by				nron	ina a francti-	- عادناداد المواص	lafinas Har	unda designa accessorie e	<u> </u>	
		i nis trip	can be initia	ated from	within an o	ndoard use	er program us	ing a functio	n call which c	ieimes the s	sub-trip numbe	Ħ.	

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Recommended actions:Check the user program

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Gettina Basic Running **NV** Media Advanced **UL** Listing Optimization Onboard PLC Diagnostics nformation information installation installation started parameters the motor Card parameters Trip Diagnosis **UPrG** Onboard user program error An error has been detected in the onboard user program image. The sub-trip indicated the reason for the trip. Comments trip Divide by zero. Undefined trip 3 Attempted fast parameter access set-up with non-existent parameter 4 Attempted access to non-existent parameter. 5 Attempted write to read-only parameter. 6 Attempted an over-range write Attempted read from write-only parameter The image has failed because either its CRC is incorrect, or there are less than 6 bytes in the image Occurs when the drive powers-up or the 30 or the image header version is less than 5. is programmed. The image tasks will not run. As 30 31 The image requires more RAM for heap and stack than can be provided by the drive. The image requires an OS function call that is higher than the maximum allowed. As 30 32 33 The ID code within the image is not valid As 30 34 The user program image has been changed for an image with a different user program number. As 30 Onboard User Program: Enable (11.047) is reset to zero when the trip is initiated. The timed task has not completed in time and has been suspended Undefined function called, i.e. a function in the host system vector table that has not been assigned. Customizable menu table CRC check failed. Occurs when the drive powers-up or the image is programmed and the table has changed. 53 Customizable menu table changed. Defaults are loaded for the user program menu and the trip will keep occurring until drive parameters are saved *Image is not compatible with the control board Initiated from within the image code. 81 *Image is not compatible with the control board serial number 100 Image has detected and prevented attempted pointer access outside of the IEC task's heap area. Image has detected and prevented misaligned pointer usage 101 102 Image has detected an array bounds violation and prevented its access. 249 Image has attempted to convert a data type to or from an unknown data type, has failed and has shut 103 itself down 104 Image has attempted to use an unknown user service function. User program has invoked a "divide" service with a denominator of zero. (Note that this is raised by 200 the downloaded image and has therefore been given a distinct error code despite being the same fundamental problem as sub-trip 1.) 201 Parameter access is not supported. An attempt to read database other than the host drive 202 Parameter does not exist. Database was host drive but the specified parameter does not exist. 203 Parameter is read-only 204 Parameter is write-only 205 Unknown parameter error 206 Invalid bit present in parameter. The parameter does not contain the specified bit. Parameter format lookup failed. Failed to get parameter information data

The following table shows the differences when compared to the derivative product image.

An over-range write has been attempted

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Sub-trip	Difference
40,41	Onboard User Program: Enable (11.047) is reset to zero when the trip is initiated.
51	Not applicable as core menu Customization not allowed.
6x	Not applicable as option module restrictions not allowed.
7x	Not applicable as option module restrictions not allowed.
100	Image has detected and prevented attempted pointer access outside of the IEC task's heap area.
101	Image has detected and prevented misaligned pointer usage.
102	Image has detected an array bounds violation and prevented its access.
103	Image has attempted to convert a data type to or from an unknown data type, has failed and has shut itself down.
104	Image has attempted to use an unknown user service function.
200	User program has invoked a "divide" service with a denominator of zero. (Note that this is raised by the downloaded image and has therefore been given a distinct error code despite being the same fundamental problem as sub-trip 1)

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostica	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

Table 12-3 Serial communications look up table

No	Trip	No	Trip	No	Trip
1	rES	90	LF.Er	199	dESt
2	OV	91	rES	200	SL.HF
3	OI.AC	92	Ol.Sn	201	SL.tO
4	Ol.br	93	Pb.Er	202	SL.Er
5	PSU	94 - 95	rES	203	SL.nF
6	Et	96	UP.uS	204	SL.dF
7	O.SPd	97	d.Ch	205 - 214	rES
8	U.OI	98	Out.P	215	rES
9	rES	99	rES	216 - 217	rES
10	th.br	100	rESEt	218	tH.Fb
11	tun.1	101	rES	219	Oht.C
12	rES	102	rES	220	P.dAt
13	tun.3	103 - 108	rES	221	St.HF
14 - 17	rES	109	rES	222	rES
18	tun.S	110	dcct	223 - 224	rES
19	lt.br	111	rES	225	Cur.O
20	lt.Ac	112 - 167	t112 - t167	226	So.St
21	Oht.I	168 - 172	rES	227	r.All
22	Oht.P	173	FAn.F	228	OI.SC
23	rES	174	C.SL	229	rES
24	th	175	C.Pr	230	rES
25	thS	176	rES	231	Cur.c
26	O.Ld1	177	rES	232	dr.CF
27	Oh.dc	178	C.by	233	rES
28	cL.A1	179	C.d.E	234	Sto
29	rES	180	C.OPt	235	Pb.HF
30	SCL	181	C.rdo	236	no.PS
31	EEF	182	C.Err	237	Fl.ln
32	PH.Lo	183	C.dAt	238 - 244	rES
33	rS	184	C.Ful	245	Pb.bt
34	PAd	185	C.Acc	246	dEr.E
35	CL.bt	186	C.rtg	247	Fi.Ch
36	U.S	187	C.tyP	248	dEr.l
37	Pd.S	188	C.cPr	249	UPrG
38	rES	189	Ol.A1	250	r.b.ht
39	rES	190	rES	251 - 254	rES
40 - 89	t040 - t089	191 - 198	rES	255	rSt.L

information information installation started parameters the motor Card parameters	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing
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The trips can be grouped into the following categories. It should be noted that a trip can only occur when the drive is not tripped or is already tripped but with a trip with a lower priority number.

Table 12-4 Trip categories

Priority	Category	Trips	Comments
1	Internal faults	HFxx	These indicate internal problems and cannot be reset. All drive features are inactive after any of these trips occur.
1	Stored HF trip	{St.HF}	This trip cannot be cleared unless 1299 is entered into <i>Parameter</i> 00 and a reset is initiated.
2	Non-resettable trips	Trip numbers 218 to 247, {SL.HF}	These trips cannot be reset.
3	Volatile memory failure	{EEF}	This can only be reset if Parameter 00 is set to 1233 or 1244, or if <i>Load Defaults</i> (11.043) is set to a non-zero value.
4	NV Media Card trips	Trip numbers 174, 175 and 177 to 188	These trips are priority 5 during power-up.
4	Internal 24V	{PSU}	Rectifier 24V
5	Trips with extended reset times	{OI.AC}, {OI.br} and {FAn.F}	These trips cannot be reset until 10 s after the trip was initiated.
5	Phase loss and d.c. link power circuit protection	{PH.Lo} and {Oh.dc}	The drive will attempt to stop the motor before tripping if a {PH.Lo} trip occurs unless this feature has been disabled (see <i>Action On Trip Detection</i> (10.037). The drive will always attempt to stop the motor before tripping if an {Oh.dc} occurs.
5	Standard trips	All other trips	

12.5 Internal / Hardware trips

Trips {HF01} to {HF23} are internal faults that do not have trip numbers except HF08, HF11, HF12 & HF18. If one of these trips occurs, the main drive processor has detected an irrecoverable error. All drive functions are stopped and the trip message will be displayed on the drive keypad. If a non permanent trip occurs this may be reset by power cycling the drive. On power up after it has been power cycled the drive will trip on St.HF (the subtrip number indicates the HF fault code). Enter 1299 in Pr 00 to clear the Stored HF trip.

12.6 Alarm indications

In any mode, an alarm is an indication given on the display by alternating the alarm string with the drive status string display. If an action is not taken to eliminate any alarm except "tuning", "LS" and "24.LoSt" the drive may eventually trip. Alarms are not displayed when a parameter is being edited.

Table 12-5 Alarm indications

Alarm string	Description
br.res	Brake resistor overload. <i>Braking Resistor Thermal Accumulator</i> (10.039) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip.
OV.Ld	Motor Protection Accumulator (04.019) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip and the load on the drive is >100 %.
d.OV.Ld	Drive over temperature. Percentage Of Drive Thermal Trip Level (07.036) in the drive is greater than 90 %.
tuning	The autotune procedure has been initialized and an autotune in progress.
LS	Limit switch active. Indicates that a limit switch is active and that is causing the motor to be stopped.
Opt.Al	Option slot alarm.
Lo.AC	Low voltage mode. See Low AC Alarm (10.107).
I.AC.Lt	Current limit active. See Current Limit Active (10.009).
24.LoSt	24V Backup not present. See 24V Alarm Loss Enable (11.098).

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Diagnostica	UL Listina
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Card	Onboard PLC	parameters	Diagnostics	OL LISTING

12.7 Status indications

Table 12-6 Status indications

String	Description	Drive output stage
inh	The drive is inhibited and cannot be run. The Safe Torque Off signal is not applied to Safe Torque Off terminals or Pr 06.015 is set to 0.	Disabled
rdy	The drive is ready to run. The drive enable is active, but the drive inverter is not active because the final drive run is not active.	Disabled
Stop	The drive is stopped / holding zero speed.	Enabled
S.Loss	Supply loss condition has been detected.	Enabled
dc.inj	The drive is applying dc injection braking.	Enabled
Er	The drive has tripped and no longer controlling the motor. The trip code appears in the display.	Disabled
UV	The drive is in the under voltage state either in low voltage or high voltage mode.	Disabled
HEAt	The motor pre-heat function is active	Enabled

Table 12-7 Option module and other status indications at power-up

String	Status						
PS.LOAD	Waiting for power stage.						
The drive is waiting for the processor in the power stage to respond after power-up.							
LOAD OPtion Waiting for an option module							
The drive is waiting for the option module to respond after power-up.							
UPLOAD	Loading parameter database						
At power-up it may be necessary to update the parameter database held in the drive because an Option module has changed. This may involve of transfer between the drive and option module. During this period 'UPLOAD' is displayed.							
LOAD.I	Bootloading drive firmware						
The drive is waiting for the	ne bootloader file to be transferred to the processor.						

12.8 Displaying the trip history

The drive retains a log of the last ten trips that have occurred. *Trip 0* (10.020) to *Trip 9* (10.029) store the most recent 10 trips that have occurred where *Trip 0* (10.020) is the most recent and *Trip 9* (10.029) is the oldest. When a new trip occurs it is written to *Trip 0* (10.020) and all the other trips move down the log, with oldest being lost. The date and time when each trip occurs are also stored in the date and time log, i.e. *Trip 0 Date* (10.041) to *Trip 9 Time* (10.060). The date and time are taken from *Date* (06.016) and *Time* (06.017). Some trips have sub-trip numbers which give more detail about the reason for the trip. If a trip has a sub-trip number its value is stored in the sub-trip log, i.e. *Trip 0 Sub-trip Number* (10.070) to *Trip 9 Sub-trip Number* (10.079). If the trip does not have a sub-trip number then zero is stored in the sub-trip log.

If any parameter between Pr 10.020 and Pr 10.029 inclusive is read by serial communication, then the trip number in Table 12-2 is the value transmitted.

NOTE

The trip logs can be reset by writing a value of 255 in Pr 10.038 (via serial communications only).

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Diagnostics	UL Listing
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12.9 Behaviour of the drive when tripped

If the drive trips, the output of the drive is disabled so the load coasts to a stop. If any trip occurs, the following read only parameters are frozen until the trip is cleared. This is to help diagnose the cause of the trip.

Parameter	Description
01.001	Frequency reference
01.002	Pre-skip filter reference
01.003	Pre-ramp reference
01.069	Reference in rpm
01.070	Clamped reference
02.001	Post-ramp reference
03.001	Final demand ref
03.002	Estimated frequency
03.003	Frequency error
03.004	Frequency controller output
03.045	Frequency reference
04.001	Current magnitude
04.002	Active current
04.017	Reactive current
05.001	Output frequency
05.002	Output voltage
05.003	Power
05.005	DC bus voltage
07.001	Analog input 1
07.002	Analog input 2

If the parameters are not required to be frozen then this can be disabled by setting bit 4 of Pr 10.037.

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Runnina NV Media Advanced **UL Listing** Onboard PLC Ontimization Diagnostics information installation installation started paramete the motor Card

13 UL Listing

13.1 UL file reference

All models are UL Listed to both Canadian and US requirements. The UL file reference is: NMMS/7.E171230.

Products that incorporate the Safe Torque Off function have been investigated by UL. The UL file reference is: FSPC.E171230.

13.2 Option modules, kits and accessories

Option Modules, Control Pods, Installation Kits and other accessories for use with these drives are UL Listed.

13.3 Enclosure ratings

All models are Open Type as supplied.

The drive enclosure is not classified as a fire enclosure. A separate fire enclosure must be provided. A UL/ NEMA Type 12 enclosure is suitable.

When fitted with a conduit box the drives meet the requirements for UL Type 1. Type 1 enclosures are intended for indoor use, primarily to provide a degree of protection against limited amounts of falling dirt.

The drives meet the requirements for UL Type 12 when installed inside a Type 12 enclosure and through-hole mounted using the sealing kit and the high-IP insert (where provided).

When through-hole mounted, the drives have been evaluated as suitable for use in surrounding air temperatures up to 40 °C.

Remote Keypads are UL Type 12 when installed with the sealing washer and fixing kit provided.

When installed in a Type 1 or Type 12 enclosure, the drives may be operated in a compartment handling conditioned air.

13.4 Mounting

Drives may be surface, through-panel or tile mounted using the appropriate brackets. Drives may be mounted singly or side by side with suitable space between them (bookcase mounting).

13.5 Environment

Drives must be installed in a Pollution Degree 2 environment or better (dry, non-conductive pollution only).

The drives have been evaluated for use at ambient temperatures up to 40 $^{\circ}$ C. The drives have additionally been evaluated for 50 $^{\circ}$ C ambient air temperatures with a derated output.

13.6 Electrical Installation

OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY

OVC III

SUPPLY

The drives are suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 100,000 RMS symmetrical amperes, 600 Volts AC Maximum.

TERMINAL TORQUE

Terminals must be tightened to the rated torque as specified in the Installation Instructions.

WIRING TERMINALS

Drives must be installed using cables rated for 75 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ operation, copper wire only.

Where possible, UL Listed closed-loop connectors sized according to the field wiring shall be used for all field power wiring connections.

GROUND CONNECTION INSTRUCTIONS

UL Listed closed-loop connectors sized according to the field wiring shall be used for grounding connections.

BRANCH CIRCUIT PROTECTION

The fuses and circuit breakers required for branch circuit protection are specified in the Installation Instructions.

OPENING OF BRANCH CIRCUIT

Opening of the branch-circuit protective device may be an indication that a fault has been interrupted. To reduce the risk of fire or electric shock, the equipment should be examined and replaced if damaged. If burnout of the current element of an overload relay occurs, the complete overload relay must be replaced.

Integral solid state short circuit protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the National Electrical Code (NEC), The Canadian Electrical Code, and any additional local codes.

DYNAMIC BRAKING

M100, M101, M200, M201, M300 or M400, frame sizes 1 to 4 have been evaluated for dynamic braking applications. Other drive models have not been evaluated for dynamic braking.

13.7 Motor overload protection and thermal memory retention

All drives incorporate internal overload protection for the motor load that does not require the use of an external or remote overload protection device.

The protection level is adjustable and the method of adjustment is provided in section 8.4 *Motor thermal protection* on page 55. Maximum current overload is dependent on the values entered into the current limit parameters (motoring current limit, regenerative current limit and symmetrical current limit entered as percentage) and the motor rated current parameter (entered in amperes).

The duration of the overload is dependent on motor thermal time constant. The maximum programmable time constant depends on the drive model. The method of adjustment of the overload protection is provided.

The drives are provided with user terminals that can be connected to a motor thermistor to protect the motor from high temperature, in the event of a motor cooling fan failure.

13.8 External Class 2 supply

The external power supply used to power the 24 V control circuit shall be marked: "UL Class 2". The power supply voltage shall not exceed 24 Vdc.

13.9 Modular Drive Systems

Drives with DC+ and DC- supply connections, rated 230 V or 480 V have been investigated for use in Modular Drive Systems as inverters when supplied by the converter sections from the Unidrive-M range. In these applications the inverters are required to be additionally protected by supplemental fuses.

Alternatively, the inverters may be supplied by converter models: Mentor MP25A, 45A, 75A, 105A, 155A or 210A.

Contact the supplier of the drive for more information.

13.10 Requirement for Transient Surge Suppression

This requirement only applies to Frame Size 7 drives with rated input voltage = 575 V.

TRANSIENT SURGE SUPPRESSION SHALL BE INSTALLED ON THE LINE SIDE OF THIS EQUIPMENT AND SHALL BE RATED 575 Vac (PHASE TO GROUND), 575 Vac (PHASE TO PHASE), SUITABLE FOR OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY III, AND SHALL PROVIDE PROTECTION FOR A RATED IMPULSE VOLTAGE TO WITHSTAND VOLTAGE PEAK OF 6 kV AND A CLAMPING VOLTAGE OF MAXIMUM 2400 V.

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